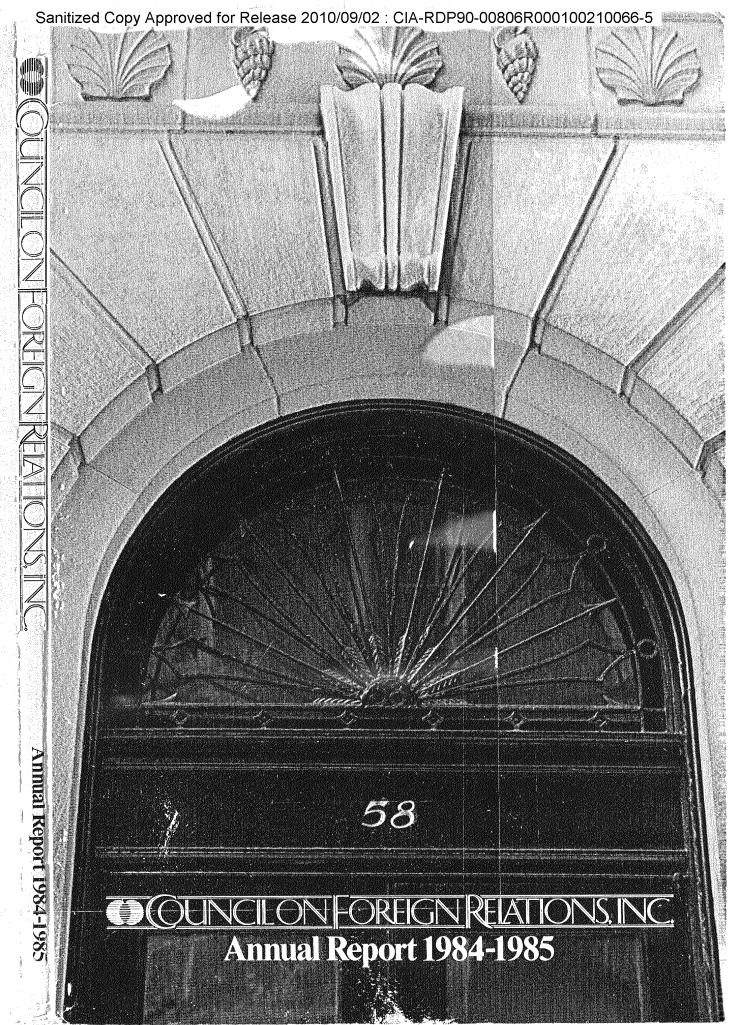
	STAT
Compliments of John Temple Swing Acting President	STAT





Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/09/02 : CIA-RDP90-00806R000100210066-5



Annual Report

July 1, 1984—June 30, 1985

The Harold Pratt House | 58 East 68 Street | New York, New York 10021

Council on Foreign Relations, Inc.

Officers

Peter G. Peterson Vice Chairman of the Board

and Treasurer

John Temple Swing Acting President

Vice President and Secretary

Directors

Term expiring 1986

Harold Brown
Stanley Hoffmann
Nicholas deB. Katzenbach
Lane Kirkland
Juanita Kreps
Robert A. Scalapino
Brent Scowcroft

Brent Scowcroft Stephen Stamas Term expiring 1987

Philip L. Geyelin C. Peter McColough Donald F. McHenry Peter G. Peterson William D. Rogers Cyrus R. Vance Marina v.N. Whitman Walter B. Wriston Term expiring 1988

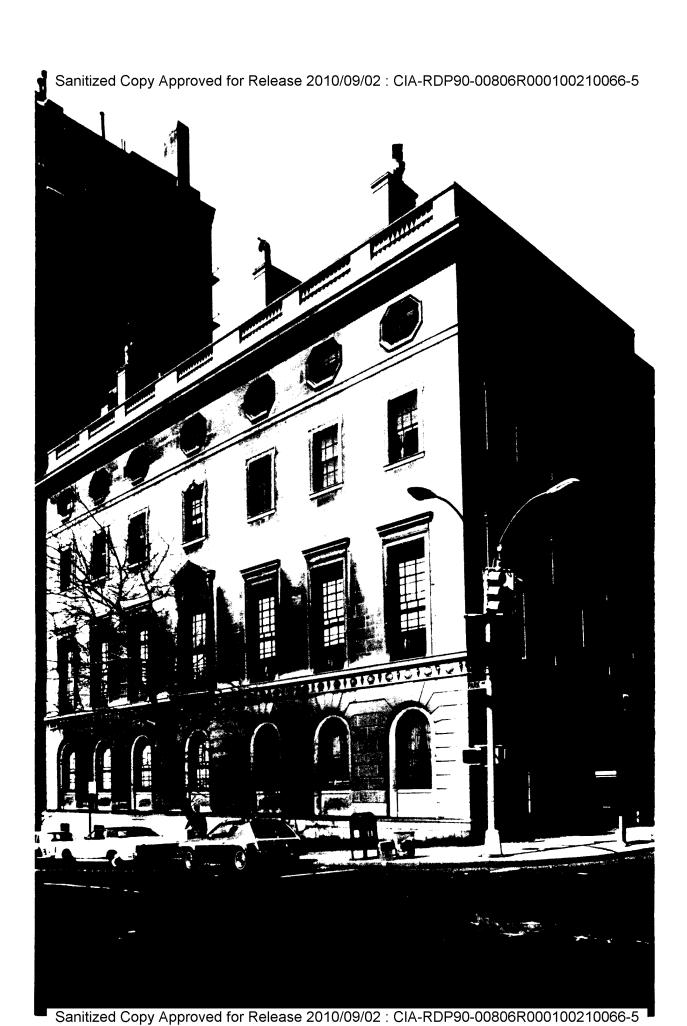
Graham T. Allison, Jr. Warren Christopher Richard L. Gelb Alan Greenspan B. R. Inman Jeane J. Kirkpatrick Lewis T. Preston Clifton R. Wharton, Jr.

Honorary Officers and Directors Emeriti

Arthur H. Dean Douglas Dillon George S. Franklin Caryl P. Haskins Joseph E. Johnson Grayson Kirk Henry R. Labouisse John J. McCloy Honorary Chairman James A. Perkins Philip D. Reed Charles M. Spofford

Contents

Officers and Directors	2
Summary Description	5
Staff	7
The President's Report, 1984–85	13
Foreign Affairs	18
The Thomas J. Watson Meetings Program	25
The Studies Program	57
The Washington Program	85
Membership	94
1985 Board Election	98
International Affairs Fellowships Program	100
The Committees on Foreign Relations	106
The Corporate Program	111
The Library	116
Development Activities	117
Administration	130
Finances—An Overview	132
Comptroller's Report	136
Appendices:	
By-Laws of the Council	142
Rules, Guidelines, and Practices	146
Officers and Directors, 1984–85	148
Committees, 1984–85	149
Historical Roster of Directors and Officers	150
Council Publications	152
Membership Roster	154



Council on Foreign Relations, Inc.—Summary Description

he purposes of the Council on Foreign Relations are several and overlapping: to break new ground in the consideration of international issues; to help shape American foreign policy in a constructive, nonpartisan manner; to provide continuing leadership for the conduct of our foreign relations; and to inform and stimulate the Council's membership, as well as to reach a wider audience, through publications and other means.

Its origins go back to the end of World War I. Some of the American participants in the Peace Conference were disappointed with the atmosphere of traditional power politics pervading the negotiation of the Versailles Treaty and recognized that the United States had not been well enough prepared to deal with the issues that came up. As the United States would be called to play a greater part in world affairs in the future, they saw the need for an organization that would provide for the continuous study of the international problems facing the United States, make more people acquainted with the issues that would arise, and work for a better understanding among Americans about their interests in these matters. The twenty-one Americans, who, together with British counterparts, founded in Paris in 1919 The Institute of International Affairs, were a diverse group that included Col. Edward M. House, Herbert Hoover, Gen. Tasker Bliss, Christian Herter, and such scholars as Charles Seymour, later president of Yale, Professors Archibald Cary Coolidge of Harvard and James T. Shotwell of Columbia. In 1921 their American branch of The Institute merged with a larger, existing group of New York City business and professional men to form the Council on Foreign Relations, Inc., under the honorary presidency of Elihu Root, as a privately funded, non-profit and nonpartisan organization.

In pursuit of its general purposes, the Council conducts meetings that give its members an opportunity to talk with invited guests from the United States or abroad who have special experience and expertise in international affairs. The Council also helps to arrange similar meetings for thirty-eight Committees on Foreign Relations located throughout the country; each selects its own membership and is autonomous from the Council in matters of governance, finances and program selection.

The Studies Program of the Council explores questions of foreign policy through individual research by the Council's professional staff, visiting Fellows and others, and through study groups and conferences involving Council members and outside experts from the United States and abroad.

Since 1922 the Council has published the journal Foreign Affairs, now appearing five times annually. In addition, from time to time, books and monographs are published with the designation "A Council on Foreign Relations Book" or "A Council Paper on International Affairs." These are written by members of the research staff, visiting Fellows, or persons commissioned from outside, or by such authors with the aid of a critical review contributed by a Council study group. Any book bearing the Council's designation is, in the judgment of the Committee on Studies of the Board of Directors, a responsible and worthy treatment of a significant international topic. All statements of fact and expressions of opinion in Council publications are, however, the sole responsibility of their authors.

The Council is an educational institution, a research institute and a unique forum bringing together leaders from the academic, public, and private worlds. Here they can learn from each other, expand their perspectives, and develop their ideas about the shifting, complex fields of foreign relations. The Council selects topics to consider solely on the basis of their significance, notwithstanding (or even because of) their controversial character. To encourage a forthright exchange of ideas and full freedom of expression in Council meetings, it is the Council's tradition that participants will not later attribute the statements of speakers and other participants to them in public media or forums or knowingly transmit them to persons who will. Some meetings are open to selected guests or are announced as on-the-record.

Men and women are elected to membership in the Council by the Board of Directors upon nomination of the Membership Committee; they are elected without term, except that in each year up to fifty persons under the age of 35 may be elected to five-year term membership. Election to membership is based on an estimate of the candidates' special intellectual interest, experience, expertise, and involvement in international affairs, their active interest in the Council and how much they can contribute to its work, and their standing in their own professional communities; the By-Laws of the organization have confined membership to United States citizens or permanent residents who have made application to become citizens. As of June 1985, the Council has 2,376 members, of whom 38% live in the New York City area, 6% in the Boston and 24% in the Washington areas, and 32% in other parts of the United States and overseas. The professional distribution of the Council's present membership is: scholars or academic administrators, 21%; business executives, 27%; government officials, 11%; lawyers, 10%; journalists, correspondents and communication executives, 11%; administrators of non-profit institutions, 15%; others, 5%. Following the opening of membership to women in 1970, 250 have been elected to membership.

The Council's guest speakers and au-

thors of its publications represent many different viewpoints. The members, too, hold widely divergent opinions. It is thus impossible for the Council or its Board of Directors to take any position on questions of foreign policy, and neither the Board nor anybody else is authorized to speak for the Council on such matters.

The Council has no affiliation with the United States government. The Council's budget is funded through members' dues, voluntary gifts, income from publications, endowment income, foundation grants, and subscriptions by corporate subscribers to the Corporate Program. The Council does no contract research, and receives no core budgetary support, from the U.S. or any other government.

The Council's Board of Directors is composed of its President, ex officio, and twenty-four directors who are elected by the Council's membership from a larger slate and who may serve for not more than three consecutive three-year terms.

The Council's staff, library and administrative offices are located at its headquarters, the Harold Pratt House, 58 East 68th Street, New York City, N. Y., 10021, where most meetings are held. Some meetings are held in Washington and occasionally in other cities. The Council's basic constituency is its members; but it also reaches out to a wider audience through its publications, Committees on Foreign Relations, Corporate Program, and media efforts so as to contribute to the national dialogue on foreign policy. Each year's Annual Report of the Council sets forth in full its activities and roster of members. Copies are available on request.

Staff*

President's Office

Winston Lord, President, 1977–1985 John Temple Swing, Acting President, 1985–

Judith Gustafson, Assistant to the President Lili Thomas

Vice President's Office

John Temple Swing, Vice President and Secretary

Kempton Dunn, Director of Special Projects

Alice Meyers, Assistant to the Vice President

Judith Steinsapir

"Foreign Affairs"

William Hyland, Editor
Peter Grose, Managing Editor
Lucy Edwards Despard, Book Review
Editor

Elise O'Shaughnessy, Assistant Editor Linda Robinson, Assistant Editor Sheila Brill, Assistant to the Editor Mae Benett, Assistant to the Managing Editor

Doris Elizabeth Forest, *Publisher* Eldridge A. Greening, *Advertising Director*

Margaret Kable, Circulation Manager George A. Fisher, Manager, Book Advertising/Promotion Assistant

Susannah L. Smith, Assistant to the Publisher

Abbie Littlejohn, Subscriptions/Reprints
Assistant

Kathleen T. Calway, Advertising Assistant

Studies Program

Paul H. Kreisberg, Director of Studies Janice Murray, Assistant Director of Studies Abbe Lubell

Senior Fellows

Michael Aho Alton Frye Paul Jabber, 1985– Andrew J. Pierre Susan Kaufman Purcell Alan D. Romberg Dorothy Sobol, 1985– Helena Stalson Jennifer Seymour Whitaker

Kay King, Assistant Director, European-American Project

Anne Mai Bertelsen Suzanne Hooper Lisa Molho Patricia Ravalgi

Visiting Fellows

The Honorable John J. McCloy Andrea Giles, Assistant to Mr. McCloy

Benjamin J. Cohen, Whitney H. Shepardson Fellow, 1984-85 Robert Immerman, 1984-85

Warren Zimmermann, Council-Carnegie Endowment Fellow, 1984-85

William B. Blakemore, Edward R. Murrow Press Fellow, 1984–85

Dennis Mullin, Edward R. Murrow Press Fellow, 1985-86

Colonel David Cooper, USA Military Fellow, 1984–85

Captain Barry M. Plott, USN Military Fellow, 1985-86

Colonel K. Scott Fisher, USAF Military Fellow, 1984-85

Colonel Bruce M. Freeman, USAF Military Fellow, 1985-86 Merle Dalziel, Staff Assistant

Publications

David Kellogg, Publications Director Robert W. Valkenier, Editor Margaret E. Hardon, Publications Assistant Karen Coe

^{*} Staff shown as of June 30, 1985, unless otherwise specified.

Staff*

Thomas J. Watson Meetings Program

Margaret Osmer-McQuade, Director of Programs

Frances P. Himelfarb, Associate Director of Meetings

Kari Kindem, *Program Assistant* Constance Taube, *Administrative Assistant*

Peggy Papadakis, Assistant for Program Services

Emilio Mesa, Steward, 1961–1985 Otoniel Suarez, Jr., Steward, 1985–

Washington Program

Alton Frye, Washington Director Linda Harsh, Assistant Director

Membership Affairs

John Temple Swing, Director of Membership Affairs Lorna Brennan, Associate Director of Membership Affairs

Staff: Elizabeth Haugen LaVerne Owens

Administration

Doris Elizabeth Forest, *Director of Administration*Debbie Loeb Jacobs, *Personnel Manager*

Susannah Smith, Assistant to the Director of Administration
John R. Steward, Computer Projects
Manager

Word Processing Center: Susanne Roach, Supervisor Merle Dalziel Joyce Donahue Alice McLoughlin

Committees on Foreign Relations Program Rolland Bushner, *Director, Committees*

con Foreign Relations

Staff: Susu Erca Alice McLoughlin

International Affairs Fellowship Program

Alton Frye, *Director* Kempton Dunn, *Associate Director* Judith Tulin

International Affairs Fellows in Residence

Andrew J. Bacevich, 1984–85 Karen L. Dawisha, 1984–85 Barbara Insel, 1984–85 James Piscatori, 1984–85 Michael E. Ranneberger, 1985–86 Scott D. Sagan, 1984–85



Winston Lord and staff at box lunch

Staff*

Corporate Program

John A. Millington, Director of Corporate Program Jackie Jackson, Corporate Program Administrator Lilla Smerkanich

Development

Fred Tamalonis, Director of Development John Healey, Capital Campaign Director Betty Lustig, Assistant to the Director of Development Lynda Frost Michelle Jannetti

Public Affairs

Margaret Osmer-McQuade, *Director of Programs*Kempton Dunn
Frances P. Himelfarb

Library

Janet Rigney, Librarian

Librarians:
Virginia Etheridge
Janis Kreslins
Barbara Miller, Assistant Archivist

Archivist: Janice Murray

Staff: Peggy Bowen Janet McCollough Matthew Westphal

Comptroller's Office

R. Carolyn Witherspoon, Assistant Treasurer and Comptroller Ana Figueras, Assistant to the Comptroller Rhoda Hanig, Payroll Bookkeeper Linda Copeland

Reception: Solveig Gallaudet Claudette Smith

House:

Vivian Kardaras, Supervisor Arnaldo Gallardo, Building Superintendent Frank Cid Mario Pedrza

Mailroom and Reproduction Services: Vivian Kardaras, Supervisor Joe Acevedo Shelby Conway Colman Elliott Phil B. Falcon Ernestina Gallardo





Official recognition of Winston Lord's faithful and fruitless participation in the annual football pool



David Rockefeller

hroughout his 44 years of close and active association with the Council, David Rockefeller has come to be widely recognized for his participation as both a member and leader of the Council's activities. This exemplifies the raison d'être of the Council itself. The improvement of our interest in and knowledge of our country's foreign affairs is a time-measure of the Council's continuing merit.

David Rockefeller's relinquishment of his leader-ship on the Board makes this an appropriate time for the Council to make full recognition and identification of the part David has played in the Council's achievement of its main objectives, which the size, strength and influence of the nation in the world impel. His unfailing breadth of view, as well as the extent and quality of his contacts, will make it difficult for the Council to select a leader of comparable distinction. High among his contributions to the progress of the Council have been these human qualities, as well as his unfailing courtesy and sensitivity to the welfare of those associated with the work of the Council both at home and abroad.

An expressive portrait of David Rockefeller should certainly adorn the mantle above the fireplace of its central hall, the home site of the Council.

John J. McCloy June 27, 1985 his year's Annual Report is the eighth and last which will have been prepared under the direction of Winston Lord as President of the Council on Foreign Relations. During his tenure, Win has strengthened the Council in a variety of ways, which are too numerous to list here, but which have become evident to all of us who have come in contact with him.

For me personally, knowing and working with Win and his wonderful wife, Bette, have been a joy and inspiration. In addition to being a highly professional foreign service officer and student of politics and history, he is an excellent manager. With all of this, he has a warmth of personality and sensitivity to people which is rare and which has contributed to his ability to achieve what he has for the Council.

The membership and staff of the Council will certainly miss Win very much, and it will be difficult for anyone to fill his shoes. On the other hand, one of the roles the Council has traditionally filled is to nurture and build men and women with exceptional qualifications and dedication for public service. Win's experience at the Council on Foreign Relations will undoubtedly contribute to his success as the President's emissary to the People's Republic of China. At this moment in time, there are few diplomatic posts which offer a greater opportunity to serve the cause of world peace and understanding. I am sure that I speak for everyone connected with the Council in wishing Winston and Bette well as they embark on their challenging new career.



Winston Lord

David Rockefeller August 19, 1985

The President's Report, 1984–85

n June 30, 1985, I left the Presidency of the Council to take on new responsibilities. A dedicated staff and Board of Directors have given indispensable assistance during these past eight years. And I take this final opportunity to thank the countless members and friends of the Council who have provided substantive, financial, and moral support.

At a special Board dinner in June I offered some personal reflections on the Council and its challenges. Following is a text of my remarks.

These past few weeks I have naturally been musing with particular intensity on the purpose of the Council and the place of America. On a somewhat less cosmic scale I have looked inward as well. Permit me to make some connections.

This organization is in its seventh decade. It has both molded and mirrored the national mood. Sometimes—however modestly and messily—it has carved out new paths. Sometimes it has reflected the current scene. Always it has served as a sounding board—without, I hope, sounding bored.

To capture the context for each of the Council's seven decades, I offer a single word:

The 1920s—isolation.

30s—depression.

40s—victory.

50s—predominance.

60s—anguish.

70s—ambivalence.

The 1980s—renewal.

In looking back on these states of the nation I also surveyed my own upon leaving. How does my mood tonight match up with the national moods of the Council's history?

The answer is: almost not at all.

Isolation?

Isolation? Impossible. How can I feel alone when I have been surrounded and supported by legions? The task of

thanking everyone is hopeless. Like the Academy Awards, I am grateful for the indispensable contributions of the producers and directors; the starring and supporting cast; the screenwriters and editors; music and makeup; costumes and casting; props and prompters—even the audience and the critics.

Many of the most deserving are here in this very room, on the wall and off the wall.

Jack McCloy was one of my heroes long before I joined the Council. His service to the country and this body has been a steady inspiration.

Whenever I consider what has been right, and what will be right, for the Council, I think of George Franklin.

As for those with whom I have worked most closely, I trust all will understand my singling out but three. I slight not at all what the rest have meant to me.

David Rockefeller, and Peggy, welcomed Bette and me on a quiet summer weekend at Pocantico. For the next eight years they have made us feel at home with the rarest of combinations—splendor and simplicity. David presides with amazing grace. I have never met a person who accomplished so much, for so long, in so many arenas by not only being good at what he did but also in being good.

It is fruitless to look for someone more tenacious for the welfare of the Council than John Swing. He has indicated his friendship and loyalty by telling me when I'm right—which is consoling. He has proved them by telling me when I'm wrong—which is critical.

As for Judith Gustafson, she above all has kept me alert, aligned, and afloat. I will miss her myriad skills. I will miss her

For all others, present and absent, to whom I am deeply grateful: time alone compels me to invoke the non-attribution rule.

Depression?

Depression? Hardly. How can I feel

The President's Report, 1984–85

glum when much has been accomplished? The following is not at all self-serving, for its authorship is truly collective:

- —A membership which reflects the changing profile of American leadership.
- —The crush of outstanding candidates, especially the young.
- Members' participation which has more than doubled.
- Fresh formats, audiences, and settings for a Meetings Program unrivalled in scope.
- —The launching and lifting of a Washington satellite.
- —A Studies Program now accelerating in staff, content, and diversity.
- Greater integration of Visiting and International Affairs Fellows in the life of the Council.
- —The trend toward more speed and less cost, thinner bulk and wider spread in our publications.
- —Going from strength to strength in Foreign Affairs, plus a new year-end review.
- —The net of Committees on Foreign Relations now cast to Hawaii, with growing numbers, meetings, and outreach.
- —A Corporate Program whose enhanced agenda has almost doubled its annual income to over \$1 million from 200 companies.
- —The new efforts to span the nation, with growing clusters of members, more than fifty regional events, and increased communications.
- A comprehensive blueprint, and a full time Director of Development, for fund raising.
- —A systematic annual giving drive which has more than tripled revenue and now enlists half the members.
- —The Campaign for the Council which has already raised \$12.5 million.*
- —An endowment which has tripled from \$10 million to more than \$31 million, including pledges—and will rise another \$4 million if the Campaign fully succeeds.*

- —The gaining and garnishing of two brownstones next door, providing new space; rental income; and room for future growth.
- —A full-fledged computer network to manage all this.
- —Perhaps some intangibles the computer cannot digest.

Victory?

Victory? Not at all. How can I feel smug when there is so much left undone? There have been disappointments and modest starts; trials and errors; unfinished business and untapped potential. Some of this is due to insufficient funding, some to insufficient attention. Let me cite a few examples:

- —Certain categories of membership remain spare.
- —Too many members still participate infrequently, or not at all.
- —We face a never-ending challenge to stamp out blandness in all of our programs.
- —There is a need for more bite and debate in many of our meetings, as well as greater coverage of secondary areas.
- —A long search for a Director of Studies and tight budgets delayed the recharging of the Studies Program.
- —Much work, therefore, remains to expand its staff, sharpen its deliberations, and spread its works.
- —The time is ripe to take stock of the content and financing of *Foreign Affairs*.
- —Our splendid library is under-utilized.
- —Our national reach, in both membership and programs, is still skeletal.
- —Pilot efforts to launch Council television were temporarily shelved because of funding priorities.
- —We may be pressing the general limits of annual and corporate giving.
- —We must raise almost \$4 million to complete our Campaign for the Council.
- —We have a new telephone system that hovers between disquiet and disaster.

^{*} As of June 30, 1985, the total was almost \$13.6 million; the value of the endowment, including pledges, was \$33 million.

.5

Predominance?

Predominance? No. How can I feel superior about the Council when there are now so many worthy competitors?

The days are long gone when this institution clearly dominated the field. While this may induce nostalgia, it is both inevitable and healthy. No longer can one convene the nation's power structure by gathering a few score white, black-tie, Ivy League males in New York City.

Thus, we must refine our comparative advantages even as we adjust to the contemporary scene. Indeed we face one of the most complex challenges of definition in the history of the Council. But do not be discouraged. Our task is akin to what one observer said about the music of Richard Wagner: "It is not as bad as it sounds."

Our mission, as always, is to blend the traditional and the new. As we chart our course we must honor the Old Testament:

"Remove not the ancient landmark, which the fathers have set."

And we must also heed Tennyson:

"... Forward, forward let us range, Let the great world spin for ever down the ringing grooves of change."

This was our dual credo seven years ago when many here tonight explored all dimensions of the Council throughout a snowy Saturday. It guided us three years ago when we projected future priorities and financial needs. This review led to the current Campaign for the Council.

And this spirit infuses the comprehensive study of the Council's national role now led by David Rockefeller and Pete Peterson. The Committee will draw on all directors, the staff, and a broad sampling of diverse members. It will not lose sight of ancient strengths, such as quality and intimacy. It will not blur the Council's mandate or fall between the stools of private expertise and public education. But the Committee will consider changes that could improve our programs even as they broaden their impact. And it will weigh new departures.



Winston Lord, David Rockefeller, Theodore M. Hesburgh

The President's Report, 1984–85



John J. McCloy and David Rockefeller on the occasion of Mr. McCloy's 90th birthday

How, in short, can we extend the Council's reach without greatly expanding its size? How can we nurture the first tier of excellence centered on the members while bolstering the second tier which informs the national debate?

Anguish?

Anguish? Scarcely. How can I feel distressed when I contemplate the Council's strengths?

Certainly the competition is stronger than ever, our predominance will never be regained, we must review our place and purpose. We salute the role of others in a democracy. But while many have some, and some have many, none have all of the following: Strictly non-partisan. Wholly independent. Emphatically non-profit. A national membership of leaders in all major fields. Extended regional and corporate networks. Singular convening power. A vigorous study and publications program. The premier foreign policy journal. A large, specialized library. A national fellowship program for future

leaders. A broad base of financial support.

Above all, the Council is host to many views, advocate of none. It is a university whose members are at once faculty and students. It joins the worlds of action, reflection, and policy for debate marked by reason rather than rancor.

Ambivalence?

Ambivalence? Not at all. How can I feel tentative about the Council when its unique contribution is as crucial as ever?

It would be presumptuous to claim that our present work is more urgent than when Americans debated whether to enter a war, or how to end it, or what to do in its wake.

But our assets can serve a nation which still gropes to define its role in the world. America, like the Council, must marry the traditional with the new, reflecting both experience and a transformed landscape.

Gone is our historical isolationism

17

when two oceans, the British Navy, and benign neighbors shielded us from a turbulent world. This impulse persisted during the first two decades of the Council.

Gone are the unambiguous crusades of victory in the '40s, whose anniversaries we celebrate this spring.

Gone, too, is the fleeting predominance of the '50s.

Still with us, though now more scars than wounds, is the anguish from the '60s. We lost one President through murder, another through Vietnam, and another through crisis. We agonized through our longest war, whose anniversaries we mark this spring. We endured shouting and shooting, conflict between races and ages, a cultural revolution.

And in the process we saw the collapse of the postwar consensus on international affairs. We thus entered the decade of ambivalence. Since then, to be sure, there have been major milestones in our foreign policy. Some in this room helped to fashion them. But I believe an overall design has eluded us. We are still sorting out our Munich and our Vietnam syndromes. We have passed through phases of masochism, malaise, and machoism. We have yet to strike a steady balance between principle and power, firmness and negotiation, limits and horizons, the maintenance of stability and the pursuit of justice.

Above all, we have yet to regain the sense that all Americans, regardless of party or persuasion, are engaged in a common enterprise. We need the perspective, missing from recent Administrations, that our interests are permanent, that each team must pass the baton in a marathon relay race.

In this context the Council has a special role. As I said in one of my annual reports—which I quote with trepidation because I know you have committed them to memory:

"... we provide a non-partisan arena at a time when partisanship is rife. We invite rational debate when passions run freely. We take stock when others are taking aim. We address trend lines as well as headlines and deadlines. And in our multicolored discourse we purposefully implant the notion that not all the forces of truth and virtue are gathered under one banner."

Renewal

Renewal? At last, therefore, I have found a word to match my mood. It is a mood stirring in the nation as well.

Bette and I—rewarded and refreshed—set off on a long march to scale great walls. Many valued colleagues on the staff have recently left, or will do so soon, after years of devoted service. The Board will shortly lose the extraordinary Father Ted and of course, David, whose central legacy will be duly honored this fall.

But, as always, the Council will find renewal in those who follow. This institution will be enriched as I have been by it—and with you. It will serve America as both strive to honor ancient landmarks and range forward down the ringing grooves of change.

The Council and the nation will pay tribute to both history and hope.

Thank you.

Winston Lord

Foreign Affairs

n this, my first, report I will not begin by listing all of the changes in Foreign Affairs simply because none were needed and none adopted. As William Bundy concluded in his final report last year, the magazine is in a healthy condition. Indeed, as the year progressed, the new editorial team came to appreciate their predecessors more and more.

Volume 63 continued the tradition of Foreign Affairs. First, and most important, we continued to cover the central strategic and national security issues: those related to the Soviet Union, nuclear arms and arms control. We also continued the tradition of publishing occasional articles by the world's leading statesmen. For the first time since 1957, we published an article by the U.S. Secretary of State. And we covered those regions of critical concern to American policy, especially in the troubled Middle East. Finally, we took advantage of 1984 and the re-election of the President to offer our readers a survey of the Reagan foreign policy during the President's first term.

Highlights

The Fall 1984 issue set the tone for much that followed. Robert W. Tucker, who has written often for us in the past, returned with a brilliant analytical survey of the nuclear debate. The essence of the debate—over strategy, weapons and arms control—was the growing concern that pure deterrence was no longer a credible doctrine. This growing concern led to quite diverse reactions, ranging from proposals for a nuclear freeze to President Reagan's Strategic Defense Initiative. In his survey Professor Tucker took what he called the "lapsed faith" in deterrence as his organizing theme. He noted that the new doubts over the effectiveness of the nuclear deterrent coexisted with new public concerns over the likelihood of a nuclear war—a concern sharpened by the Soviet walkout from the Geneva arms control negotiations. An interesting, and somewhat provocative, conclusion

emerged from the Tucker essay: that to restore deterrence—the central task for American policy—the most effective course might well be a return to a form of détente: "It may take surprisingly little in the way of an improved Soviet-American relationship in order to still present anxiety and unrest and to restore a lapsed faith in deterrence."

The Tucker essay set the stage, in effect, for the 1984–85 series on this crucial issue, with articles that concentrated on arms control (by Kenneth Adelman and by John Steinbruner), others that discussed nuclear strategy (by Fred Iklé and by Leon Wieseltier) and, of course, our blockbuster essay on Star Wars. This last item marked the return of the "Gang of Four" (an affectionate appellation that, it must be noted, first appeared upon publication of their 1982 article on the no-first-use of nuclear weapons): Mc-George Bundy, George F. Kennan, Robert S. McNamara and Gerard Smith joined to write an article entitled "The President's Choice: Star Wars or Arms Control" (Winter 1984/85). They vigorously advocated that the President choose arms control, centering their arguments on the implausibility of the President's goal of making nuclear weapons truly obsolete. In the same issue, a different dimension of the debate was ably presented by another author who has previously graced our pages, Kenneth L. Adelman, this time appearing in his capacity as Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. Adelman argued that arms control need not be a question of formal negotiations and agreements, but could conceivably be worked out as a series of informal agreements, perhaps even reciprocal actions, which taken together would constitute a more genuine and durable arms control regime.

Another review of strategy was by the Under Secretary of Defense, Fred C. Iklé, also well known to our readers. He made the case against continuing to rely on the doctrine of mutual assured destruction, and for adopting more realistic principles that would allow for some buildup of strategic defense. In a less conventional approach, Leon Wieseltier argued that the critical question was what to do, should the fateful day arise, when nuclear weapons were used: he offered some guidelines to policy analysts for terminating the impending catastrophe.

The climax of the series was an article by still another old friend of the journal, reappearing after a lengthy absence: Albert Wohlstetter, who undertook the difficult job of surveying the nuclear era (Summer 1985). He addressed two issues: how to assess the threat of nuclear catastrophe, and how to deal with the threat by developing a more credible strategy in order to avoid the dreaded dilemma of being either red or dead. The author advocated developing an option for discriminating counterforce targeting. In addition, Professor Wohlstetter presented his critique of the strategic assumption underlying the calculations of the consequences of nuclear winter, which had been dramatically outlined in the magazine last year by Dr. Carl Sagan. Our faithful readers will remember that Professor Wohlstetter was the author of one of our seminal reviews, "The Delicate Balance of Terror," in the January 1959 issue. We felt that his current article would occupy a similar niche in our hierarchy of significant (and provocative) contributions to American national security policy.

A spin-off and a mark of the attention we have paid over the years to the nuclear issue was the publication in April by the New American Library/Meridian of the paperback *The Nuclear Controversy: A* Foreign Affairs *Reader*, edited and with an introduction by William P. Bundy. The book brings together the most notable and widely discussed articles about nuclear weapons and the arms race that have appeared in *Foreign Affairs* in the 1980s.

Parallel to this unfolding of the nuclear issue, we tried to track Soviet politics and prospects in light of the unprecedented changes in the top leadership.

Richard Pipes led off with a sharp challenge to much of the traditional thinking in his essay on the prospects for reform in the Soviet Union. He argued that in the face of consistent external pressures the regime would turn inward, rather than reverting to Stalinism or resorting to war. In the Soviet category we also featured the new arms control "Tsar," Paul Nitze, who elaborated on his view of the difficulties of negotiating with the Soviets in light of the dual meaning of the Russian word "mir," which can mean either peace or the world. It was the ambiguity of the "struggle for mir" that concerned the erstwhile American negotiator. His essay preceded the last change in the Soviet leadership, the accession of Mikhail Gorbachev, an event covered in a short essay by this Editor.

At this point it is appropriate to turn to the annual review of American policy in 1984. This special issue, the seventh since the series was inaugurated, offered two essays of unusual scope and interest. In his lead article, "The Reagan Road to Détente," Norman Podhoretz, the editor of Commentary, orchestrated the arguments against a return to détente which he perceived during the first term. Arnold Horelick, now at the Rand Corporation, presented his usual top-notch treatment of Soviet policy. As the two superpowers resumed arms control negotiations in Geneva—contrary to some of the more doleful predictions in 1983, when the Soviets walked out of the talks—Horelick presented the outlines of what might conceivably become the bargain to break the stalemate, a stalemate which John Steinbruner, in a different article, feared would continue.

In short, in Volume 63 we had reason to be proud that the tradition established by our first editor of paying particular attention to Russia and the Soviet Union was continued and, in our view, upheld with considerable distinction by our authors, both old and new.

The year 1984 was of course a watershed of sorts. For the first time since Eisenhower, a President seemed likely to

Foreign Affairs

serve two full terms. This prompted the Editor of Time-Life, Inc., Henry Grunwald, to survey the President's foreign policy and to peer into the second term in "Foreign Policy Under Reagan II" (Winter 1984/85). The author called for a strong element of pragmatism, but one grounded in principles combined with a recognition that there are different ways of attaining American goals and a clear realization that, "especially in foreign affairs, passion without skill can be worse than skill without passion." Two of our other authors were somewhat more critical. Leslie Gelb, of The New York Times, and Anthony Lake, formerly chief of policy planning at the State Department, found that the President's political strength and international credibility placed him in a unique position to achieve diplomatic successes, but they questioned whether the Administration could overcome its internal divisions when confronted by the stubborn reality of world affairs. Coral Bell, writing from Australia, found similarities between the Carter and Reagan Administrations, noting that the differences were in many instances differences between declaratory and operational policy.

The Reagan Administration's first term was also evaluated by Jeffrey Garten in his year-end review, provocatively entitled "Gunboat Economics." Garten found that the policies emanating from Washington were not up to the massive international challenges of an overvalued dollar, high American interest rates, and a very adverse balance of trade. A somewhat more favorable outlook was set forth by the President's former chief economic adviser, Martin Feldstein (Summer 1985), who saw many of the problems flowing from the huge budget deficits which, if attacked successfully, would redound favorably on a range of international trade and monetary problems.

We turn now to regional issues. Our record could have been improved, at least as far as our coverage of Latin and Central America. We did, however, have a thoughtful essay by William D. Rogers

in the year-end review. He took the reader through the intricacies of the situation in both Nicaragua and El Salvador, and concluded that in El Salvador Washington's policy had begun to pay off in 1984. Efforts to dislodge the regime in Nicaragua, however, ranged from "ineffective through unfortunate to counterproductive."

Other areas fared well in our coverage: Paul Kreisberg, the Council's Director of Studies, wrote a very timely and insightful essay on India after Indira; our year-end review covered Asia (Takashi Oka), Africa (David Martin and Phyllis Johnson), realignments in the Middle East by Dankwart Rustow, and Western Europe by the inestimable Stanley Hoffmann. As far as the Middle East is concerned, special mention should be made of a pair of articles appearing in the Spring 1985 issue: a brilliant essay about the Shiites by Fouad Ajami, and a companion piece by the President of Lebanon, Amine Gemayel. The Iran-Iraq war was analyzed by Michael Sterner, who saw no early end to the conflict. Islamic fundamentalism was the subject of James A. Bill's prophetic essay.

The article by President Gemayel was one of several by statesmen of the world. Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Secretary, surveyed the NATO alliance and Europe, concluding that the alliance remained basically healthy. The President of Mexico presented his country's outlook in an unprecedented essay.

And the new Prime Mininster of New Zealand, David Lange, explained his decision to exclude port visits by U.S. warships carrying nuclear weapons. As already noted, the American Secretary of State appeared in the magazine for the first time since John Foster Dulles wrote for us. In "Shaping American Foreign Policy," for the Spring 1985 issue, George Shultz noted the new self-confidence of the United States (also outlined in another, earlier, article by Daniel Yankelovich) and called for new ways of thinking about the traditional issues.

Finally, of course, the mid-1980s

were years of notable anniversaries, such as the 40th anniversary of World War II and the tenth anniversary of the fall of Saigon. The Vietnam issue was treated at length by our former managing editor James Chace and his co-author David Fromkin in "What Are the Lessons of Vietnam?" in Spring 1985. Their somewhat surprising insight was that drawing hard and fast lessons is not possible, and indeed would be misleading. John Wheeler presented the Vietnam veterans' view in a remarkable essay of personal impressions.

The anniversary of the end of World War II was the occasion for a particularly satisfying essay by James Schlesinger, his first appearance in our pages. He examined the "Eagle and the Bear" in "ruminations" on 40 years of superpower relations. He provoked the reader to question whether these two behemoths could ever be in a position to find a durable accommodation, and also wondered whether the United States would be able to carry out its unique responsibilities during the decades ahead. He found the

portents "somewhat worrisome." Of special interest was the provocative essay by Zbigniew Brzezinski on the occassion of the anniversary of the Yalta Conference. Dr. Brzezinski raised the possbility of repudiating Yalta as a step toward a new East-West policy in Europe.

Unfortunately there were changes in editorial personnel. Mark Uhlig left to join the *New York Times Magazine*. He started at *Foreign Affairs* as an intern and was associate editor when he left in May. We continue to miss him.

Linda Robinson, our editorial assistant, became an assistant editor, in which capacity she continues to display her many skills. Fortunately for the new editors, our publisher Doris Forest continues in her command post. Our subscriptions and sales, helped by a small price increase, allowed us once again to operate without a deficit. Indeed, our total circulation now hovers in the range of 90,000.

William G. Hyland *Editor*

Foreign Affairs

Foreign Affairs	Volume 6	
No. 1—Fall 1984		
NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND THE U.S.S.R.		
The Nuclear Debate	Robert W. Tucker	1
The Public Mood	Daniel Yankelovich and John Doble	33
Can the Soviet Union Reform?	Richard Pipes	47
Mexico: The New Challenges	Miguel de la Madrid H.	62
Israel in Election Year 1984	Gershom Schocken	77
The United Nations: The Tarnished Imag THE PERSIAN GULF	e Kurt Waldheim	93
Resurgent Islam	James A. Bill	108
The Iran-Iraq War	Michael Sterner	128
France's New Realism	A.W. DePorte	144
A Monetary System for the Future	Richard N. Cooper	166
Recent Books on International Relations		185
Source Material	Janet Rigney	210
No. 2—Winter 1984/85		
No. 2—Willer 1904/03		
AFTER THE ELECTION		240
Foreign Policy Under Reagan II	Henry Grunwald	219
Arms Control		240
Arms Control With and Without Agree The President's Choice: Star Wars	ements Kenneth L. Adelman	240
or Arms Control	McGeorge Bundy, George F. Kennan Robert S. McNamara and Gerard Smith	264
A Divided Europe	Those in the twint and octor a symmetry	2
The Future of Yalta	Zbigniew Brzezinski	279
The German Question Transformed	Richard Lowenthal	303
The New Deutschlandpolitik	Walter Leisler Kiep	316
The European Pillar	Sir Geoffrey Howe	330
The World Economy: The Dollar and the		344
Living With the Soviets	Paul Ĥ. Nitze	360
Papandreou's Foreign Policy	John C. Loulis	375
The Philippines in Crisis	Robert A. Manning	392
Recent Books on International Relations	O	411
Source Material	Janet Rigney	433
No. 3—America and the Worl	d 1984	
Introduction		441
THE FIRST TERM		
The Reagan Road to Détente	Norman Podhoretz	447
Four More Years: Diplomacy Restored		465
From Carter to Reagan	Coral Bell	49()
U.SSoviet Relations: The Return of Art	ms Control Arnold Horelick	511

Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/09/02: CIA-RDP90-00806R000100210066-5

Gunboat Economics The United States and Latin America Realignments in the Middle East Africa: The Old and the Unexpected The U.S. and Western Europe: Wait and Worry Stability in Asia Jeffrey E. Garten William D. Rogers Dankwart A. Rustow David Martin and Phyllis Johnson Stanley Hoffmann Takashi Oka	538 560 581 602 631 653
No. 4—Spring 1984	
Shaping American Foreign Policy New Realities and New Ways of Thinking Vietnam: The Retrospect George P. Shultz	705
What Are the Lessons of Vietnam? Coming to Grips with Vietnam LEBANON: THE PROSPECTS David Fromkin and James Chace John Wheeler	722 747
The Price and the Promise Lebanon and Its Inheritors The Gorbachev Succession Amine Gemayel Fouad Ajami William G. Hyland	759 778 800
Nuclear Strategy: Can There Be a Happy Ending? When Deterrence Fails The Defense Program: Buildup or Binge? Fred Charles Iklé Leon Wieseltier Richard Stubbing	810 827 848
India after Indira A World Awash in Grain Recent Books on International Relations Paul H. Kreisberg Barbara Insel	873 892 912
Source Material Janet Rigney	931
No. 5—Summer 1985	
THE POSTWAR ERA The Eagle and the Bear Between an Unfree World and None American Economic Policy and the World Economy New Zealand's Security Policy James Schlesinger Albert Wohlstetter Martin Feldstein David Lange	937 962 995 1009
Europe Without America: The Erosion of NATO Arms Control: Crisis or Compromise THE FUTURE OF TAIWAN Earl C. Ravenal John Steinbruner	1020 1036
A View from Taipei A View from Beijing A View from Beijing The African Crisis: Drought and Debt Appointment in Oujda Recent Books on International Relations Yu-ming Shaw Guo-cang Huan Henry F. Jackson Richard B. Parker	1050 1064 1081 1095 1111
Source Material Index—Volume 63 Janet Rigney	1136 1142



The Thomas J. Watson Meetings Program

he Council on Foreign Relations prides itself on its extraordinary convening power. It has an unsurpassed ability to gather at its meetings the leading thinkers and policymakers in various fields of international affairs for the purpose of thoughtful, provocative and productive discussion of the major issues.

To this end, the Meetings Program strives to bring together experts within the Council membership and distinguished leaders from around the world for a forthright exchange of views that ideally enlightens all parties. The Council membership is strictly non-partisan, and the Council programs seek out spokesmen for all points of view. An invitation to speak at the Council is in no way an endorsement of a person or a government's position, but rather a recognition that the individual represents a significant aspect of the debate on foreign affairs.

In its efforts to engage the debate during its 1984–85 season, the Council on Foreign Relations held these events:

Open to all members:

- 52 General Meetings
- 4 General Luncheons

Open to members particularly knowledgeable about the subject:

- 8 Roundtable Meetings
- 27 Dinners
- 48 Roundtable Luncheons
- 1 Breakfast
- 4 Conferences

Our guest speakers included, among others, 8 current or former heads of state, 11 foreign ministers, and 5 ministers of finance.

Heads of State

Daniel Ortega Saavedra Shimon Peres Turgut Ozal Helmut Schmidt Willy Brandt Milka Planinc Malcolm Fraser Edmonde Valéry Giscard d'Estaing Foreign Ministers

Won-Kyung Lee Siddhi Savetsila Fernando Andrade Diaz-Duran Jean Robert Estime Vahit Halefoglu Prince Saud Al-Faisal Tariq Aziz Farouq Al-Shara Claude Cheysson Sir Geoffrey Howe Oskar Fischer

Finance Ministers

Ernane Galveas Jesus Silva-Herzog Noboru Takeshita Daim Bin Zainuddin Pierre Beregovoy

Non-Attribution

Candor is encouraged at all meetings and thus all Council proceedings are not for attribution. This tradition, it is believed, has encouraged both the speaker and the questioners to be more forthright, adding to both the substance and the temper of the debate.

Occasionally the non-attribution rule is waived for the opening remarks at the specific request of the speaker. This waiver does enable us to accomodate those who wish to say something for the record and wider distribution subsequently to the media. It does not jeopardize the free flow of ideas in the discussion period, which are always not for attribution. The meeting in honor of Secretary of State George P. Shultz is an example of such an event this year.

Programs

The subject of our meetings is a reflection of the issues of current and potential international concern. We may plan a conference a year ahead, or a meeting within days if an important speaker is suddenly available or a crisis occurs. As a rule, however, we begin our planning for the following season each spring, assessing the areas and individuals

The Meetings Program

we hope to include in a substantive, provocative and well-balanced program. It is not our intention to seek solutions to world problems, but rather to raise and expand the discussion and to present and debate all possible options.

The full list of meetings of the 1984–85 season, which follows, clearly displays the variety of speakers, topics, and formats.

The season began with two very successful events. One, the last of a series of meetings on the Soviet Union that had begun the year before, dealt with the timely subject of "Soviet Leaders and Change." The other was a joint conference held at Council headquarters in cooperation with the Dayan Center of Tel Aviv University on "Prospects for Peace in the Middle East: The View from Israel," with former Secretary of State Cyrus Vance presiding. Five speakers from Israel and five from the United States presented papers for discussion by a select group of Middle East experts. These opening presentations were subsequently made available in printed form to Council members and other interested

The Council also held a conference in March on "Central America as a European-American Issue," chaired by former Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, in conjunction with the Studies Program's European-American Project.

And an April conference on "The Impact of Vietnam on American Foreign Policy," chaired by Council President Winston Lord, discussed the institutional, individual, and policy changes that have occurred as a result of that period of American history.

Through the generosity of a grant from the German Marshall Fund, the Council was able to hold additional meetings with speakers from Western Europe beyond those possible in our regular program. Seven luncheons were held over the year, beginning with Ottfried Hennig, Parliamentary State Secretary at the Federal Ministry of Intra-German Relations of the Federal Republic of Germany,

who discussed Germany's situation between East and West, and concluding with Michel Rocard, former Agricultural Minister of France, who spoke on whether a trade war between Europe and the United States can be avoided.

The Council continued its program of journalists luncheons open to all members, which were begun in response to the awareness of the particular pressures on our members in the news media to speak at or attend meetings in the evenings when deadlines tend to conflict. We had two such events dealing with the Middle East this year, Elaine Sciolino, correspondent of The New York Times and a former Edward R. Murrow Fellow at the Council, spoke on the current U.S.-Iraqi relationship; and Thomas Friedman, the Jerusalem Bureau Chief of The New York Times, gave a personal perspective on the lessons of Lebanon. Friedman's opening remarks were subsequently printed and distributed to all members.

National Reach

The Council continues its dedication to reflecting the diversity of regional viewpoints and the dispersement of centers of power throughout the country and to reaching out and involving our members beyond the East Coast. Through the generosity of a five-year grant from The McKnight Foundation specifically designated for Council outreach activities, we are able to have a more extensive program outside of New York and Washington over the years 1984–88.

The Council's program in California continued for its third year with two general meetings followed by dinners, and three roundtable luncheons in Los Angeles. For some events, we invited members of the local affiliated Committees on Foreign Relations (Santa Barbara and Los Angeles) to join us. In addition, we held a conference in San Francisco on "The Pacific Basin: Economic Prospects and Strategic Concerns," chaired by Edward Hamilton, with a dinner address by Michael Armacost, Undersecretary of State



Edward L. Rowny and Lew Allen, Jr., Los Angeles



Sol M. Linowitz and Warren Christopher, Los Angeles



Conference on Asia, San Francisco

Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/09/02 : CIA-RDP90-00806R000100210066-5

The Meetings Program



Robert J. White, Malcolm Fraser and Donald Fraser, Minneapolis



Paul A. Volcker, Amourers' Hall, London

for Political Affairs. In Minneapolis in December, the Council invited members in the region and area Committees to a luncheon in honor of Malcolm Fraser, former Prime Minister of Australia, who spoke about the debt problems of the Third World and their implications for the Western Alliance. Certain Committees on Foreign Relations took the initiative, with Council cooperation, to sponsor regional conferences in Phoenix and Nashville, to which all Council members in the region were invited.

We have explored the possibility of reaching east as well as west to serve our members and to extend the debate. Over 50 Council members reside in Europe. with over half of them in England and France. We have investigated the level of their interest and our ability to gather for discussion overseas. In Paris in July, Charles McC. Mathias. Senator from Maryland, spoke to members and invited guests on economic strains in the Alliance. A City of London guild hall provided a unique setting for the Council's luncheon and conversation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve, Paul Volcker, in December. The enthusiastic

response of members who traveled some distance to attend these events has encouraged pursuit of such programs in the future.

Special Events

With several specific exceptions, all Council meetings are for members only.

Once a month, a general meeting is designated on the calendar as open to guests. On three such occasions a year, a member may bring an individual who meets the requirements for, and thus could be a potential candidate for membership—by definition, an American, knowledgeable about foreign affairs and a recognized leader in his or her field.

Once a year the members are invited to bring their sons and daughters to a Council meeting. This meeting traditionally occurs the week before Christmas and is always well attended. This year, Zbigniew Brzezinski, former National Security Adviser to President Jimmy Carter, spoke on "The U.S. Foreign Policy Agenda." Winston Lord, President of the Council presided and encouraged questions from the young people which were, as usual, well informed and tough.



Steven Isenberg, Michael O'Neill, and children at the Brzezinski meeting

The Meetings Program

Twice a year, we hold a meeting followed by a reception for members and their spouses. In the fall, the author Claire Sterling spoke on the timely topic "The Strategies of the Expanding Terrorist Conflict: How Best to Fight Back." In the spring, former Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany, Willy Brandt, spoke on East-West Relations. Coming just after President Ronald Reagan's trip to Bitburg, the Brandt meeting provided a particularly timely forum for discussion.

Recognizing the difficulty of our Wall Street members in traveling uptown for events, the Council occasionally holds a luncheon meeting downtown. We also have experimented with formats, such as a town meeting in the round, or debates, and shall continue to do so.

Each year the Council offers a resident fellowship for an American foreign correspondent currently serving abroad. Named in honor of Edward R. Murrow, the fellowship gives the journalist a period of nine months for sustained analysis and writing, free from the usual pressure



Margaret Osmer-McQuade

of deadlines. While at the Council, Fellows both contribute to and benefit from our many programs.

The Murrow Press Fellow for 1984-1985 was William Blakemore of ABC News who had been working abroad as a foreign correspondent for 18 years. In his last post as Rome Bureau Chief he became knowledgeable about the Vatican and the current Pope and spoke to the Council staff and many of the Council's affiliated Committees on this subject. Here at the Pratt House, he was the staff director of a study group on Television News and Foreign Policy that gathered people from government, media and academia for four half-day sessions. Mr. Blakemore is working on a short publication on issues discussed in this series.

Our Edward R. Murrow Fellow for 1985–86 is Dennis Mullin of *US News* and World Report.

Conclusion

It is not the role of the Council on Foreign Relations to determine American foreign policy. The Council seeks through its Meetings Program to enlighten and enliven the national debate. We seek to provide to policy-makers and observers alike the benefit of highly substantive, deliberately non-partisan, candid dialogue among the experts in foreign affairs from America and around the world.

The Meetings Program will continue its efforts to engage all of the members to the fullest extent possible in productive participation in our programs. We are striving to provide more opportunities to those beyond the East Coast areas as well as to enrich and enliven the formats and offerings in the headquarters program.

We continue to look to our members as our greatest resource for our convening power, our strength through diversity, and our source of ideas and leadership. We welcome your suggestions and your participation.

Margaret Osmer-McQuade Director of Programs

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Africa

LOUIS NEL
Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Republic of
South Africa
"Nkomati: Before and After"

BISHOP DESMOND TUTU

General Secretary, The South African Council of Churches
"The USA-South African Connection: A Black South
African's Perplexities"

HELEN SUZMAN

Member of Parliament, South Africa

"The Current Political Situation in South Africa"

BRYAN WILSON WALKER

President, International Institute for Environment
and Development
"Famine in Africa—The Real Causes and Possible
Solutions"

M. GATSHA BUTHELEZI
President, INKATHA; Chief Minister, Kwa Zulu;
President, South African Black Alliance
"U.S. Investment in South Africa"

Edwin S. Munger July 16, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon—Pasadena

Adele Smith Simmons October 30, 1984 Roundtable Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

J. Wayne Fredericks November 7, 1984 Roundtable Meeting

Richard W. Lyman February 11, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

David A. Morse February 13, 1985 General Meeting



M. Gatsha Buthelezi and Franklin Hall Williams



Donald M. Stewart and Chester A. Crocker

The Meetings Program



Adele Smith Simmons and Bishop Desmond Tutu



Bona Malwal, J. Wayne Fredericks and Salwa Malwal

Speaker and Topic

LESTER R. BROWN

President, Worldwatch Institute
"Africa's Deepening Food Crisis"

JOSEPH LELYVELD
The New York Times Magazine
"What's Happening in South Africa: A Reporter's View"

HOWARD WOLPE
Chairman, Subcommittee on Africa, House Committee
on Foreign Affairs
"The United States and South Africa: The Other Issues"

BONA MALWAL
Senior Fellow, Institute of African Studies, School of
International Affairs, Columbia University
"The Current Situation in the Sudan"

FRANCIS WILSON Director, SALDRU, University of Capetown "Causes and Consequences of Poverty in South Africa"

OLIVER TAMBO
President, African National Congress of South Africa
"The Situation in South Africa and American Responses"

CHESTER A. CROCKER

Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs
"Update on Southern Africa"

NDABANINGI SITHOLE
Founder and President, Zimbabwe African National
Union (ZANU)
"The Current Situation in Zimbabwe"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Chester L. Cooper March 6, 1985 General Meeting—Washington

Osborn Elliott March 14, 1985 General Meeting

Stephen Low March 21, 1985 General Meeting—Washington

J. Wayne Fredericks April 23, 1985 Roundtable Meeting

Pearl T. Robinson April 25, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Donald F. McHenry April 30, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Donald M. Stewart May 14, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Barbara D. Finberg June 19, 1985 Roundtable Meeting

Asia (and the Pacific)

Kinya Niiseki

JAIME CARDINAL SIN
Archbishop of Manila
"The Church Above Political Systems"

President, The Japan Institute of International Affairs; Former Ambassador of Japan to the Soviet Union "Soviet Policy Towards the Asia-Pacific Region and Its Implications for the Japanese-American Alliance"

NOBORU TAKESHITA

Minister of Finance, Japan
"Japanese Economic Development in the World"

John Brademas September 21, 1984 Breakfast Meeting

James H. Billington September 26, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon— Washington

David Rockefeller September 28, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

34

The Meetings Program



Kayatyani Shankar Bajpai and Richard L. Sneider



Robert B. Oxnam and Won-Kyung Lee



Peter G. Peterson, interpreter, Noboru Takeshita and David Rockefeller

Speaker and Topic

WON-KYUNG LEE

Minister for Foreign Affairs, Korea
"The Northeast Asian Situation and Korean
Foreign Policy"

KAYATYANI SHANKAR BAJPAI Ambassador of India to the U.S. "India and the United States—An Update"

FREDRICK F. CHIEN
Representative, Coordination Council for North American
Affairs Office in the USA
RICHARD C. HOLBROOKE
Vice President, Public Strategies; Senior Advisor, Shearson
Lehman/American Express, Inc.
"Taiwan and East Asia: Comparing Notes"

DAIM BIN ZAINUDDIN

Minister of Finance, Malaysia

"A Conversation with the Minister of Finance"

BENAZIR BHUTTO
Acting Chairman, Pakistan People's Party
"Implications of Military Rule for Pakistan"

HIDETOSHI UKAWA Consulate General of Japan, New York "U.S.-Japan Economic Relations"

JOSÉ B. FERNANDEZ

Governor, Central Bank of The Philippines

"The Economic Transition Problems of The Philippines"

SIDDHI SAVETSILA

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Thailand
"The Role of the United States in Southeast Asia"

RICHARD D. BROINOWSKI

Australian Ambassador to Vietnam

"Vietnam—Internal Developments and External Policies"

KOICHI KATO

Minister of State for Defense, Japan
"Japan's Defense Policy in Transition"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Robert B. Oxnam October 4, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

David A. Hamburg December 3, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

A. Doak BarnettFebruary 26, 1985General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner—Washington

Charles R. Stevens April 16, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Anne Karalekas April 18, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Joseph A. Greenwald April 23, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Laurence D. Stifel April 24, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Richard C. Holbrooke May 20, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Roger Hilsman June 10, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Isaac Shapiro June 12, 1985 General Meeting

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

The Americas

North America

CHARLES MCC. MATHIAS, JR. U.S. Senator (R-Maryland)

"Implications of the Economic Strains in the Alliance"

HOWARD H. BAKER, JR.

Majority Leader, United States Senate

"Congress and Foreign Policy: Lessons From Three Terms"

GEORGE P. SHULTZ Secretary of State

"A Conversation with the Secretary of State"

MICHAEL NOVAK

Resident Scholar, American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research

"International Ethics and Campaign Politics: A Comparative Assessment"

RICHARD R. BURT

Assistant Secretary of State for European and Canadian Affairs

"The Next Phase in American Foreign Policy"

ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI

Senior Advisor, Center for Strategic and International Studies, Georgetown University; Former National Security Adviser to President Jimmy Carter "The U.S. Foreign Policy Agenda"

CHARLES WILLIAM MAYNES Editor, Foreign Policy

"A Modern Foreign Policy for America: What is the Meaning of Pragmatism"

ALEXANDER M. HAIG, JR., USA (RET.)

Former Secretary of State

"Alexander Haig on American Foreign Policy"

DAVID DURENBERGER

U.S. Senator (R-Minnesota); Chairman, Senate Select Committee on Intelligence

"Congress and Foreign Policy: Keeping the Balance"

Winston Lord July 5, 1984

General Meeting and Roundtable Dinner—Paris

Peter G. Peterson September 19, 1984

General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner—Washington

David Rockefeller October 1, 1984 General Meeting

Douglas J. Bennet, Jr. October 30, 1984

General Meeting—Washington

Stephen J. Solarz December 5, 1984

General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner—Washington

Winston Lord December 20, 1984

Meeting for Members, Their

Sons and Daughters

William P. Bundy January 16, 1985

General Meeting—Washington

Winston Lord February 21, 1985

General Meeting, Roundtable

Dinner

William Hyland April 24, 1985

General Meetings, Roundtable Dinner—Washington

Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/09/02: CIA-RDP90-00806R000100210066-5



George P. Shultz, Winston Lord and David Rockefeller



Arnaud De Borchgrave, Alexander M. Haig and William H. Sullivan

38

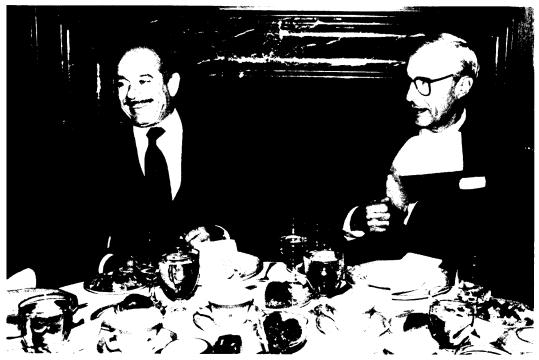
The Meetings Program



Daniel Ortega Saavedra with interpreter



Jesus Silva-Herzog and Margaret Osmer-McQuade



Ernane Galveas and William D. Rogers

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Latin America

ERNESTO ZEDILLO PONCE DE LEON

Director of The Trust Fund for the Coverage of Exchange
Risks (FICORCA), Banco de Mexico

"The Mexican Debt and Its Impact on the Economic
Development Outlook"

SOL M. LINOWITZ Senior Counsel, Coudert Brothers "The Crisis in Central America"

JUAN IGNACIO GUTIERREZ DE LA FUENTE Vicar of the Vicariate of Solidarity, Santiago "Political Turmoil and Human Rights in Chile"

JESUS SILVA-HERZOG

Minister of Finance and Public Credit, Mexico

"A Conversation with Minister Jesus Silva-Herzog"

Daniel Ortega Saavedra Coordinator, Junta of the Government of National Reconstruction "Prospects for Democracy in Nicaragua"

FERNANDO ANDRADE DIAZ-DURAN

Minister for Foreign Relations, Guatemala

"Guatemala's Foreign Policy and the Central American

Crisis"

DIEGO ASENCIO United States Ambassador to Brazil "Brazil in Transition"

JAMES CHACE

Member, Editorial Board, New York Times

Book Review
"Talking and Fighting: Report From Central America"

ERNANE GALVEAS

Finance Minister, Brazil

"The New Dimensions of the Importance of World Trade"

ARTURO JOSE CRUZ
Former Ambassador of Nicaragua to the United States;
Former Member, Junta of the Government of National
Reconstruction
"Nicaragua After the Elections"

JEAN ROBERT ESTIME

Minister for Foreign Affairs and Worship, Haiti
"Economic Development in the Caribbean: The Case of Haiti"

Robert Carswell September 12, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Warren Christopher September 17, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner—Los Angeles

Russell E. Marks, Jr. September 18, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

John H. Gutfreund September 27, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Peter D. Bell October 2, 1984 General Meeting

Robert C. Helander October 3, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Margaret Dulany October 11, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Michael J. O'Neill October 31, 1984 Roundtable Meeting

William D. Rogers November 15, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Gale W. McGee November 19, 1984 General Meeting—Washington

Franklin H. Williams January 28, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Speaker and Topic

MARIANO GRONDONA

Editor, Vision—La Revista Latino-Americana, Buenos

Aires

"Argentina: Prospects for Democracy"

MARIO RAMON BETETA Director General, Petroleos Mexicanos (PEMEX), Mexico "Mexican Oil Policy"

BERNARDO GRINSPUN
Minister of Planning, Argentina
"A Program to Support Democracy in Latin
American Countries"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Riordan Roett March 14, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

John Elting Treat April 9, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon—Los Angeles

Robert C. Helander April 22, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Middle East

SAMUEL W. LEWIS United States Ambassador to Israel "Israel in the Wake of the Elections"

THOMAS L. FRIEDMAN

Jerusalem Bureau Chief, The New York Times
"The Lessons of Lebanon: A Personal Retrospective"

VAHIT HALEFOGLU

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Turkey
"The West, the Middle East, and the New Dimensions of Turkish Politics"

PRINCE SAUD AL-FAISAL

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Saudi Arabia
"Saudi Arabia and the United States"

TARIQ AZIZ

Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs,

Iraq

"The Iraq-Iran Conflict and Security of the Gulf Region"

FAROUQ AL-SHARA

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Syria

"The Major Roadblock to Peace in the Middle East"

SHIMON PERES
Prime Minister of Israel
"A Conversation with the Prime Minister"

LOTTE SALZBERGER

Member, Executive Committee, City Council of Jerusalem
"Arab-Jewish Relations in Jerusalem"

HISHAM NAZER
Minister of Planning, Saudi Arabia
"The Experience of Development in Saudi Arabia"

Hugh Carey September 14, 1984 General Luncheon

Diane Sawyer September 17, 1984 General Luncheon

Alfred Ogden September 26, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Henry A. Kissinger October 2, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

James Akins October 3, 1984 General Meeting

William B. Quandt October 4, 1984 General Meeting

Howard M. Squadron October 10, 1984 General Meeting

Peter Osnos January 3, 1985 Roundtable Meeting

George W. Ball January 9, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon



Winston Lord and Saud Al-Faisal



Shimon Peres



Farouq Al-Shara and William B. Quandt



Tariq Aziz and James Akins



Yitzak Rabin



Turgut Ozal

Speaker and Topic

ELAINE F. SCIOLINO Correspondent, The New York Times "Iraqi-U.S. Relations: The New Honeymoon?"

TURGUT OZAL

Prime Minister, Turkey
"A Conversation with the Prime Minister"

ADNAN ABU ODEH
Minister of the Royal Court, Hashemite Kindgdom of Jordan
"The Jordanian-Palestinian Initiative"

RICHARD W. MURPHY
Assistant Secretary of State for Near East and South
Asian Affairs
"Middle East Peace Prospects"

YITZAK RABIN Minister of Defense, Israel "The Middle East: Summer 1985" Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Fouad Ajami January 29, 1985 General Luncheon

Roy M. Huffington March 28, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

L. Dean Brown May 7, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon— Washington

William E. Colby May 22, 1985 General Luncheon

Edgar M. Bronfman June 6, 1985 General Meeting

Western Europe

JOHN WAKEHAM, MP Government Chief Whip and Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury "Britain's Economic Progress"

CLAUDE CHEYSSON

Minister of Foreign Affairs, France
"The Eastern Face of Europe: The Central Issue of
East-West Relations"

SIR GEOFFREY HOWE, QC, MP Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs "The Atlantic Community: The View From Britain"

CARLO DE BENEDETTI

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Ing. C. Olivetti
& Co., S.p.A.

"The Challenge to Europe of the Technological Revolution"

BERNARD HANON Former Chairman, Renault "The Realities of Doing Business in France"

DOUGLAS HURD, CBE, MP Secretary of State for Northern Ireland "Northern Ireland: The Realities" Daniel A. Sharp September 20, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

John D. Macomber September 24, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

William D. Rogers September 25, 1984 General Meeting

Nathaniel Samuels November 20, 1984 General Meeting

Marina v.N. Whitman March 21, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Kevin O'Donnell March 27, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Speaker and Topic

HELMUT SCHMIDT

Former Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany "The Future of European-American Relations"

PIERRE BEREGOVOY

Minister of Economy, Finance and the Budget, France "The Upswing in the World Economy and Perspectives on the French Economy"

WILLY BRANDT

Former Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany "Remarks on East-West Relations"

German Marshall Fund Series

OTTFRIED HENNIG

Parliamentary State Secretary, Federal Ministry of Intra-German Relations, Federal Republic of Germany "Are the Germans Reliable—The German Nation Between West and East"

DAVID STEEL, MP

Leader of Liberal Party, United Kingdom "The Current Political Situation in the United Kingdom"

JEAN-MARIE BENOIST

Professor, History of Modern Civilization, College de France "Is Socialism a Dead Concept in Europe?"

Ciriaco de Mita

Secretary-General of the Christian Democratic Party, Italy "Challenges to Political Stability in Italy"

VOLCKER RUHE

Deputy Chairman, CDU/CSU Party Group, Bundestag, Federal Republic of Germany

"Foreign and Security Policy of Germany"

THIERRY DE MONTBRIAL

Director, French Institute of International Relations
"French Foreign and Security Policy in the Next Few
Years"

MICHEL ROCARD

Former Minister of Agriculture, France
"Can a Trade War Between Europe and the United
States Be Avoided?"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Henry A. Kissinger April 4, 1985 John J. McCloy Lecture, Roundtable Dinner

James D. Wolfensohn April 19, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

William P. Bundy April 24, 1985 Meeting for Members and Their Spouses

Frank Loy October 9, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Robert B. Semple, Jr. October 16, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Richard C. Steadman November 5, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Richard N. Gardner December 17, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Guido Goldman April 3, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Robert D. Hormats May 13, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

David L. Aaron June 4, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon



Sir Geoffrey Howe and William D. Rogers



John D. Macomber and Claude Cheysson



Elliot L. Richardson, Helmut Schmidt and Henry A. Kissinger

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Eastern Europe

ROBERT LEGVOLD

Associate Director, W. Averell Harriman Institute for Advanced Study of the Soviet Union, Columbia University

ARNOLD HORELICK

Director, Rand-UCLA Center for the Study of Soviet International Behavior

"Soviet Leaders and Change"

Colette Shulman September 11, 1984 Roundtable Meeting, Roundtable Dinner (last meeting in Series on Soviet Union)

OSKAR FISCHER

Minister of Foreign Affairs, German Democratic Republic

"Current Aspects of the Foreign Policy of the German Democratic Republic"

Richard C. Hottelet October 10, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

FERENC HAVASI

Member, Political Committee of the Central Committee and Secretary of the Central Committee, Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party of the Hungarian People's Republic "Economic Developments in Hungary" Charles Gati January 25, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

OLEG A. TROYANOVSKY

Ambassador, Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations "Soviet-American Relations and the United Nations" William G. Hyland March 20, 1985 General Meeting

MILKA PLANING

Prime Minister, Yugoslavia

"LDC Debts as an Issue in Current Political and Economic International Relations" Arthur Schneier May 29, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Economic

DAVID C. MULFORD

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for International Affairs

"International Debt Strategy and the Condition of the Major Debtors"

John H. Watts October 29, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

PAUL A. VOLCKER

Chairman, Federal Reserve System

"A Conversation with the Chairman of the Federal Reserve System"

Lewis T. Preston November 28, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Jacques de Larosière

Managing Director, International Monetary Fund "Developments and Prospectives in the World Economy

"Developments and Prospectives in the World Economy and the Role of the International Monetary Fund" Walter B. Wriston November 29, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner



Richard C. Hottelet, David Rockefeller and Oskar Fischer



Milka Planinc and Arthur Schneier

Speaker and Topic

MALCOLM FRASER
Former Prime Minister of Australia
"The Debt Problems Facing the Third World and
Implications for the Western Alliance"

PAULA STERN
Chairwoman, United States International Trade
Commission

"Trade Policy Meets Industrial Policy: An Uneasy Relationship"

PAUL A. VOLCKER

Chairman, Federal Reserve System
"A Conversation with the Chairman of the Federal
Reserve System"

PETER G. PETERSON

Chairman, Peterson, Jacobs & Company
"The Deficits—Domestic and External—
The Dollar, The Debt; Are They Sustainable?"

ALAN GREENSPAN

President, Townsend-Greenspan Co., Inc.

"World Finance: The Driving Force of
American Economic Policy"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Donald Fraser December 7, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon— Minneapolis

William N. Walker December 10, 1984 Roundtable Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Winston Lord December 12, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon—London

Felix G. Rohatyn January 22, 1985 General Meeting

Robert V. Roosa March 28, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner



William G. Hyland and Oleg A. Troyanovsky



Paula Stern



Valéry Giscard d'Estaing and David Rockefeller



Alan Greenspan and Robert V. Roosa



Jacques de Larosière and Walter Wriston

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

PEDRO-PABLO KUCZYNSKI

Co-chairman, First Boston International Company "The Debt Question: The Role of The World Bank" David O. Beim April 22, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

CHARLES P. KINDLEBERGER

President, American Economic Association, Ford Professor of Economics Emeritus and Senior Lecturer, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

"The Outlook for the Dollar: Near and Long Term"

Carlos F. Diaz-Alejandro April 29, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

EDMONDE VALÉRY GISCARD D'ESTAING Former President of France

"What Should Europe and the United States Do About the World's Monetary Problems?"

David Rockefeller June 18, 1985 General Meeting

Military and Security

STROBE TALBOTT

Diplomatic Correspondent, Time Magazine "Nuclear Arms Control Under President Reagan: The American Conduct of *INF* and *START*

Amos A. Jordan October 15, 1984 General Meeting—Washington

ROBERT C. MCFARLANE

Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs "Strategic Nuclear Parity: Implications for Global Stability"

Winston Lord October 17, 1984 New Members' Dinner

LORD CARRINGTON, PC, KCMG, MC Secretary-General, NATO

"Issues Facing the Atlantic Alliance"

Thomas H. Wyman October 23, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

KENNETH ADELMAN

Director, U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency "Arms Control: Looking Back and Thinking Ahead"

Graham T. Allison October 25, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

ROSCOE ROBINSON

U.S. Representative to the Military Committee, NATO "NATO From the Perspective of the Military Committee" Zeb B. Bradford, Jr. December 11, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

EDWARD L. ROWNY

Chairman, U.S. START Delegation, U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency "Prospects for Arms Control"

Carl E. Hartnack January 23, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner-Los Angeles

RICHARD N. PERLE

Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Policy "East-West Relations"

Philip A. Odeen January 31, 1985 General Meeting

JOHN T. CHAIN, JR., USAF Director, Bureau of Politico-Military Affairs, Department of State "Geneva: What Happens Next on Arms Control" David E. McGiffert February 28, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner



32

The Meetings Program

Speaker and Topic

BERNARD ROGERS
Supreme Allied Commander, Europe
"A Conversation with the Supreme Allied
Commander, Europe"

MANFRED WOERNER

Minister of Defense, Federal Republic of Germany
"The German Contribution to NATO"

WILLIAM J. CROWE, USN Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific Command "U.S. Security Interests in the Pacific"

RICHARD L. ARMITAGE

Assistant Secretary of Defense for International

Security Affairs

"Beyond Today's Headlines: Global Issues in the 90's"

ROBERT S. MCNAMARA
Former Secretary of Defense, Former President, World Bank
"Reducing the Risk of Nuclear War: Is Star Wars a Step
in the Right Direction?"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Peter M. Dawkins April 16, 1985 General Meeting

Helmut Sonnenfeldt May 9, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Mark E. Buchman May 10, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon—Los Angeles

Lawrence C. McQuade May 28, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Harold Brown May 30, 1985 General Meeting, New Members' Dinner

Global Problems

WILLIAM D. RUCKELSHAUS

Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency
"Current Issues in International Environmental Policy"

CLAIRE STERLING
Author

"The Strategies of the Expanding Terrorist Conflict: How Best to Fight Back"

M. PETER MCPHERSON

Administrator, Agency for International Development
"Perspectives in Development"

CARL SAGAN

David Duncan Professor of Astronomy and Space
Sciences; Director of the Laboratory for Planetary
Studies, Cornell University
"Nuclear Winter: So What?"

Frank Press November 27, 1984 General Meeting—Washington

James Hoge January 28, 1985 Meeting for Members and Their Spouses

Clifton R. Wharton May 6, 1985 General Meeting

Ivan Selin May 13, 1985 General Meeting-Washington



Robert S. McNamara



Bernard W. Rogers



Harold Brown



Claire Sterling

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Members' Conferences

"Prospects for Peace in the Middle East: The View From Israel"

Cyrus R. Vance September 13, 1984 Conference with The Dayan Center, Tel Aviv University

"Egypt's Relations with Israel and the Arabs" SHIMON SHAMIR

Director, Israeli Academic Center, Cairo; Professor, Modern Middle Eastern History, Tel Aviv University ALFRED L. ATHERTON, JR.

Director General of the Foreign Service and Director of Personnel; Former U.S. Ambassador to Egypt Roundtable Meeting

Roundtable Meeting

Roundtable Meeting

"The Israeli/Syrian/Lebanese Triangle"

ITAMAR RABINOVICH

Director, The Dayan Center and The Shiloah Institute for Middle Eastern and African Studies, Tel Aviv University WILLIAM B. QUANDT

Research Fellow, The Brookings Institution; Former Director for Middle East Affairs, National Security Staff

"The Palestinian Question and the Jordanian Option" ASHER SUSSER

Research Associate/Lecturer, The Dayan Center and The Shiloah Institute, Tel Aviv University

HAROLD H. SAUNDERS

Resident Fellow, The American Enterprise Institute; Former Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs

"The Impact of Resurgent Islam on the Region" MARTIN KRAMER

Visiting Professor, Cornell University; Research Fellow, The Dayan Center, University of Tel Aviv Bernard Lewis

Cleveland E. Dodge Professor of Near Eastern Studies, Princeton University; Long Term Member, Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton Roundtable Luncheon

"Israeli Policies in the Middle East"

HAIM SHAKED

Visiting Professor and Director of Middle East Studies, University of Miami Graduate School of International Studies

MAX FRANKEL

Editor of the Editorial Page, The New York Times

Modification Edition

Roundtable Meeting

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

"The Pacific Basin: Economic Prospects and Strategic Concerns"

Edward K. Hamilton November 13, 1984 San Francisco

"Economic Prospects"
HARALD B. MALMGREN
President, Malmgren, Inc.
RICHARD P. COOLEY
Chairman of the Board, Seattle-First National Bank

Roundtable Meeting

"Strategic Concerns"
ROBERT A. SCALAPINO
Chairman, Institute of East Asian Studies, University of
California at Berkeley
ALLEN S. WHITING

Roundtable Meeting

Professor of Political Science and Director, Center for East Asian Studies, University of Arizona

MICHAEL H. ARMACOST Undersecretary of State for Political Affairs Roundtable Dinner

European-American Project Conference: "Central America as a European-American Issue"

Cyrus R. Vance March 22, 1985

MERCEDES RICO
Director General, Latin American Affairs, Ministry of
Foreign Affairs, Spain
IRVING KRISTOL
Co-Editor, The Public Interest
MICHAEL D. BARNES
U.S. Representative, Maryland, and Chairman,
Subcommittee on Western Hemisphere Affairs,
House Foreign Affairs Committee
ALOIS MERTES

Roundtable Meeting

DANIEL ODUBER QUIROS Former President of Costa Rica

of Germany

Roundtable Luncheon

"The Impact of Vietnam on American Foreign Policy"

Minister of State, Foreign Office, Federal Republic

Winston Lord April 15, 1985

"Changes in the Policymaking Process"

LAWRENCE S. EAGLEBURGER

President, Kissinger Associates; Former Undersecretary of

State for Political Affairs

JOHN F. KERRY

U.S. Senator, Massachusetts

JOSEPH KRAFT

Syndicated Columnist

Roundtable Meeting

Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

"Changes in How We Conduct Policy and View the Use of Force"

PAUL F. GORMAN, USA

Former Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Southern Command

LESLIE H. GELB

The New York Times; Former Director, Bureau of Politico-Military Affairs, Department of State

JOHN C. CULVER

Partner, Arent, Fox, Kintner, Plotkin & Kahn;

Former U.S. Senator, (D-Iowa); Former Member,

Senate Armed Services Committee

"Changes in How Others View the U.S. and Its Policies"

KYUNG-WON KIM

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Permanent Observer to the United Nations, Republic of Korea

CARLOS ANDREAS PEREZ

Former President of Venezuela Christine Ockrent

Journalist; Former Chief Editor and Anchor,

"Antenne 2," Paris

"Changes in How America Views Itself and the World"

HENRY A. KISSINGER

Chairman, Kissinger Associates, Inc.; Former Secretary

of State

Roundtable Meeting

Roundtable Meeting

Roundtable Meeting

Special Meetings

HENRY A. KISSINGER
Former Secretary of State
DAVID ROCKEFELLER
Chairman of the Board, Council on Foreign Relations
PETER G. PETERSON
Chairman, Peterson, Jacobs & Company

David Rockefeller January 30, 1985 Special Luncheon in Honor of the Henry A. Kissinger Endowment

JOHN J. MCCLOY
DAVID ROCKEFELLER
Chairman of the Board, Council on Foreign Relations
SHEPARD STONE
Director, Aspen Institute, Berlin
HELMUT SCHMIDT
Former Chancellor, Federal Republic of Germany
HENRY A. KISSINGER
Chairman, Kissinger Associates, Inc.

David Rockefeller April 3, 1985 Special Dinner in Honor of John J. McCloy's 90th Birthday

n addition to its customary active attention to foreign policy issues, the Studies Program saw in 1984-85 the enlargement of its senior staff, the wider dissemination and notice of its publications, and some new formats.

Through its Studies Program, the Council focuses on selected major international policy issues facing the United States and American decision-makers in the near- to mid-term future. This is done in a variety of formats under the direction of the Studies staff, which provides professional expertise and leadership in a number of fields. All issues of importance to American foreign policy cannot be addressed simultaneously, but subjects for study are selected to provide, over time, coverage of most significant areas and problems.

Every year the Studies staff brings together approximately 15 study groups, each with 20-35 Council members and outside specialists, for detailed examination of key issues. The issues selected for study are identified by the resident senior fellows on the staff and approved by the Board of Directors' Committee on Studies, chaired by Marina Whitman, which oversees the work of the Studies Program. Much of this activity could not be carried out without the strong support of a number of major foundationswhose names are given on p. 119—for specific projects and programs. Participants are selected from the entire range of Council members, including representatives from government, business, journalism, science, labor, academic and political life. To a greater degree in recent years we are also drawing on experts from abroad as discussion leaders and paper writers. Each group is chaired by a Council member of recognized stature in a given area, who provides intellectual leadership to the group's work.

Study groups customarily aim toward a published book or monograph, in order to bring the work of the Studies Program to a wider audience. These are usually by a single author whose draft chapters serve as the basis for discussions or who writes a book after the group has concluded, drawing on the discussions as well as expressing his or her own ideas. Individual background papers may sometimes be published as articles or, occasionally, in compendium volumes.

Thanks to the efforts of David Kellogg, Publications Director, we have been able to bring the work of the Studies Program to the attention of increasing numbers of readers. The Council publishes some works itself; others are published through university or commercial presses. This year the Council itself brought out another volume in the European-American Project, reports on two Council conferences (one with Indians, the other with Israelis), and Latin Migration North. These paperbacks are widely distributed both in the United States and overseas to Council members, government officials, and others with direct interest in the subjects—at levels sometimes of 6,000–7,000 copies each. They are also marketed to individuals. libraries, and faculty members for classroom adoption. When outside presses publish our books, they take the lead in publicity and marketing, with active support from the Council's publications office. This year there was a total of ten such co-publications.

Two ways in which our books reach wider audiences are worth noting. One is through the generous coverage they have received in the press. Third World Instability, for instance, was excerpted at some length in the New York Times and also reviewed there, and was the subject of a Los Angeles Times lead news story, wire service stories, and a Christian Science Monitor feature. Other titles-such as The Making of America's Soviet Policy, A Changing Israel, American Hostages in Iran, and Strategic Stalematereceived extensive notice in such major review media as the Washington Post Book World, the Times Literary Supplement (London), The New Republic, and the New York Times Book Review. Another way is through direct marketing. This year, for example, saw our first

overseas catalog of recent publications mailed to individuals and organizations in Europe and elsewhere—an effort that we plan to expand, possibly in cooperation with other organizations.

It is our goal to produce publications—whether articles or books, hard or soft cover—that address serious policy issues in ways that will provide new ideas for policy professionals while remaining accessible to the interested layman. (For a full list of current and recent Council publications, see pp. 152-53.)

Occasionally, the staff organizes discussion groups with the same range of participants as for study groups in order to explore issues which may not yet be ripe for consideration in a publication-oriented study group, but which may help the participants to think through the subject more thoroughly as well as help pave the way for future Council study efforts. From time to time, the staff also arranges ad hoc seminars for small groups of members with visitors from the United States and abroad.

The Council also participates in a number of jointly sponsored activitiesseminars, symposia, conferences, study groups—with other institutions in the United States and abroad. Each project is carefully selected for what the Council can contribute to it and for the new dimension it will add to our work. We participated in such projects or programs this year with the Overseas Development Council, the American Assembly, the Japan Society, the Japan Center for International Exchange, the Royal Institute of International Affairs, and the Institut Français des Relations Internationales. The papers prepared for the symposium on technology and foreign relations cosponsored in May 1984 with the National Academy of Sciences were subsequently revised and edited and published this year by the Academy's press as a joint Council/NAS/National Academy of Engineering book entitled *Technological* Frontiers and Foreign Relations.

We continued a special kind of joint activity this year, the "parallel" study

group held outside New York and Washington, designed to involve Council members from other parts of the country who cannot easily participate in East Coast meetings. With the generous assistance of Council members in the World Affairs Council of Northern California, and with the support of the Ford Foundation, we held a meeting in San Francisco to discuss this year's Whitney Shepardson Fellow Benjamin Cohen's draft manuscript on international banking and foreign policy. A group of West Coast bankers, academics, and other specialists reviewed the manuscript, giving Professor Cohen the benefit of distinguished professional advice to supplement what he had already been receiving from a similar group in New York.

Studies Program activities and programming are steadily increasing and being enriched as efforts to expand and strengthen the staff have successfully gone forward. This year brought the arrival of C. Michael Aho as Senior Fellow and chief economist and of Alan Romberg as Senior Fellow for Asia. As noted below, we are now looking forward to Dorothy Sobol's joining the staff in August as second Senior Fellow in economics and to having Paul Jabber take up the position of Senior Fellow for the Middle East in the fall. They will bring added dynamism to the Studies Program in two critical areas.

At the same time, we regret the departure of Helena Stalson, who retired this year as Senior Fellow in economics after a long career at the Council. The assistance she provided to members and staff alike on all questions involving economic issues and the care with which she organized and directed studies over the years were invaluable and will be missed.

For this interim year while we undertook a search for a Middle East Fellow and while we continue to seek a Fellow for Soviet affairs, we are particularly indebted to the Visiting Fellows and other Council members who directed study groups and are writing books for the Council. Their work is described in detail

below, but we should note here that the vigor of this year's program is due in considerable part to them. We are grateful as well to those members who contributed to the program through chairing groups, leading discussions, writing papers, reading manuscripts, and constantly sharing with us their knowledge and wisdom.

Special Political and Military Studies

In addition to the economic and regional studies described in the following pages, this year we undertook studies on a variety of subjects from nuclear diplomacy to the way in which television covers foreign affairs.

The group on nuclear diplomacy, which met in Washington, focused on arms control diplomacy relating to strategic and intermediate-range nuclear forces but in a wider context than that of detailed negotiating positions. As Russian and American leaders trade charges over the observation of past agreements and as the arms talks in Geneva continue, the subject continues to be of major concern, and four to six additional sessions will be scheduled in 1985-86. The group has proven to be a useful forum for an exchange of views between those currently in government and those with previous government experience.

Several of the papers prepared for this group are in the process of being published in various journals, and we may also at the conclusion of the project publish a separate monograph by a single author which would draw together a number of the strands which have been emerging in the discussions.

A book on a related subject by Michael Krepon, currently Senior Associate of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace and a former International Affairs Fellow of the Council, was published this year for the Council. Entitled Strategic Stalemate: Nuclear Weapons and Arms Control in American Politics, the book covers the political dynamic over the last four decades in the United States which has been created by the debates on

nuclear weapons and arms control, highlights points of contention that must be bridged if the stalemate is to be broken, presents guidelines for consensus bargaining between the contending groups, and indicates areas for tacit agreements on divisive key issues. Mr. Krepon's draft manuscript was the subject of close examination at an author's review meeting at the Council in Washington last year, and upon publication he discussed the central ideas in the book at a Council press conference and meeting in Washington.

William Blakemore, the distinguished ABC correspondent who has been the 1984-85 Edward R. Murrow Press Fellow, organized a study group on how television covers issues of foreign policy concern. Chaired by Victor Palmieri and with regular participation by a broad cross-section of network news managers and anchors as well as current and former government officials, the group examined how government and the television news industry affect one another. It also confronted the issue of accountability—to whom is, or should be, television responsible in its coverage of international news? Mr. Blakemore plans to write a short book drawing on the study group's discussions and his own views on this subject.

In June 1984, at the suggestion of New York Senator Patrick Moynihan, Dean Gidon Gottlieb of the University of Chicago Law School, and several other Council members, the Council organized an exploratory meeting on the relevance of international law to the conduct of U.S. foreign policy. The quality of that meeting and the range and depth of issues raised led the Council to organize a full study group on "international law and the role of force: the implications for U.S. foreign policy." Chaired by William D. Rogers and under John Temple Swing's direction, the group discussed issues such as: attempts at rule-making between the superpowers to achieve crisis prevention in situations that might otherwise lead to the use of force; the viability

of third-party dispute-settlement institutions and procedures; and what rules governing the use of force the United States should be willing to abide by. Further meetings will be held in the fall.

The 1983–84 study group on Antarctica, which Eugene Skolnikoff chaired with Janice Murray as director, concluded with a meeting this spring on possible options for U.S. policy toward the region. Deborah Shapley is completing a policy-oriented article building on the group's deliberations for publication later this year.

Economic Studies

In November C. Michael Aho, formerly, Director of the Office of International Economic Research at the Department of Labor and more recently, economic policy adviser to Senator Bill Bradley of New Jersey, took up the position of Senior Fellow and chief economist. Under his direction, the Council has begun a two-to-three-year study on the future of the world trading system and the challenges for U.S. policy. The next few years represent a critical juncture for the trading system. Nations will either work together to revitalize the system or pursue nationalistic policies that could well bring the system down with grave consequences for international political and economic stability. The objective of the study is to examine in depth, from a variety of domestic and international perspectives, the major problems affecting the international trading system and how they may be overcome. The project will consist of a series of study groups, conferences and eight to ten published studies designed to contribute to the national and international debate on trade policy issues. The first groups, which will begin in the fall, will focus on agriculture, new issues in the trade in technology, and the developing countries and the trading system.

A steering committee chaired by Edmund T. Pratt, Jr., Chairman of Pfizer, Inc., will oversee the project. It met twice in 1984–85 to identify the problems plaguing the world trading system, to assess current U.S. trade policy, and to establish a work program for the project. The committee will continue to meet periodically to discuss current developments with leading experts and policy-makers, to provide guidance on major issues in need of examination, and to review the papers of the various groups.

Michael Aho and Jonathan Aronson, an International Affairs Fellow of the Council, are co-authoring a short book on prospects for future multilateral trade negotiations.



International Trade Project Steering Committee

A second Senior Fellow in economics will join the staff in August: Dorothy Meadow Sobol, currently chief of the research departments for the International Financial Markets and the Developing Economies Divisions of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Her experience in these areas will complement the trade project studies and give the Council added breadth as well as depth in its economic studies. Under her direction the Council is currently planning two further economic studies for the coming year: one will address the various changes taking place in international financial markets with a view to identifying how the changes affect who is able to compete in the various markets and on what terms. A second will focus on patterns of financing for developing countries, examining prospective sources of medium- and longer-term financing for those countries.

Professor Benjamin J. Cohen of the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy of Tufts University, in residence at the Council this year as the Shepardson Fellow, completed the first draft of a book on the relationship between international banking activity and government policy. Drawing on extended discussions at a Council study group on this subject the previous year as well as on extensive research and interviewing of his own, Professor Cohen examined the implications of the rapid expansion of private bank lending in the last quarter-century for the formulation and conduct of American foreign policy. A small group of bankers and academics met three times at the Council to discuss draft chapters with Professor Cohen, and as noted earlier, a similar group met in San Francisco in June to discuss the full manuscript. Publication by a major press for a general audience is planned for 1986.

The review meetings for Professor Cohen's manuscript were named "The Walter Hochschild Economic Review Meetings" in honor of the late Mr. Hochschild, a long-time Council member, in whose memory the AMAX Foundation gave a gift to support Council work in international economic policy. The Hochschild Fund also supports the Trade Project steering committee.

North America

With Canada and the United States emerging from a troubled period in their relationship, and with both having held national elections in 1984, it seemed a particularly appropriate moment to take stock of the relationship and where it may be heading. The Council and the American Assembly therefore co-sponsored an Assembly on Canada and the United States in November 1984 which explored principal issues likely to appear on the continuing bilateral agenda. A group of 58 Canadians and Americans representing a range of political and professional viewpoints discussed freer trade, environmental quality, investment, resource policies, cultural sensitivities, defense, and the broader international agenda. John H. Sigler and Charles Doran directed the Assembly and coedited the papers used as background reading by the participants and subsequently published in a book entitled Canada and the United States: Enduring Friendship, Persistent Stress.

A small group gathered at the Council in December to discuss a paper by William Diebold on some possible long-term sources of U.S.-Canadian friction in a relationship whose complexity and intimacy make periods of tension inevitable, as the second part of the Assembly volume subtitle suggests.

Latin America

Michael S. Teitelbaum's monograph on Latin Migration North: The Problem for U.S. Foreign Policy, an outgrowth of the Council's study of U.S. immigration policy and Latin America, was published in May 1985. In this work, which appeared at a crucial point in the national debate on immigration policy, Mr. Teitelbaum assesses proposals for immigration policy reform and the short- and long-term implications for U.S. relations with Central America, Cuba, Mexico, and the other Caribbean countries. Mr. Teitel-

baum presented his conclusions at a briefing for the press and Council members in Washington in June. He and Ambassador Diego Asencio also spoke at a meeting of the Tampa Bay Area Committee on Foreign Relations.

The discussion group on Central America continued under Edward Hamilton's chairmanship with meetings on security issues in the region and a Mexican perspective on the regional crisis. No publication is planned at present in connection with this group, but the participants are eager to continue the discussions on an *ad hoc* basis to keep abreast of current analysis of the continuing crisis.

The study group on U.S. relations with the advanced developing countries of Latin America, chaired by Fred Bergsten, which began last year discussed the cases of Brazil and Mexico.

Plans for next year's Latin American program, which is directed by Susan Kaufman Purcell, include a study group on U.S. relations with Mexico at a time when that crucial bilateral relationship may be headed for a period of difficulties. Another group will study regional organizations and collective security in Latin America, considering the future of the OAS and the relevance and validity of collective security arrangements in the hemisphere. Policy-oriented publications are planned in conjunction with both studies, and Susan Purcell is currently revising her study of relations between the United States and Cuba, which we expect will be published in the coming year.

In addition to the study groups and works in progress, the Latin America project continued the series of breakfast seminars and *ad hoc* meetings for small groups of Council members.

Western Europe

The project on European-American relations under Andrew J. Pierre's direction continued as the centerpiece of Studies Program activity in this area. The project is designed to identify and define critical issues confronting Europeans and

Americans and to discuss the resulting policy choices facing decision-makers and the concerned public on both continents. A series of ten short books covering these issues is being published. Each includes essays by Americans and Europeans with varying perspectives but who represent important decision-making groups and tendencies in their respective societies.

An advisory group, with Cyrus Vance as chairman and Robert Hormats as vice chairman, meets periodically to plan and discuss the contributions to each volume. The first two books, published last year, were Nuclear Weapons in Europe and Unemployment and Growth in the Western Economies. The third volume. Third World Instability: Central America as a European-American Issue, appeared this year. The European and American contributors to the latter were Fernando Morán, until recently Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs; Irving Kristol, Co-editor, The Public Interest; Michael D. Barnes, United States Representative (D., Maryland); and the late Alois Mertes, formerly Minister of State in the Foreign Office of the Federal Republic of Germany. In addition, this volume contained an essay by Daniel Oduber, former President of Costa Rica, which added the perspective of an eminent Central American statesman on European and American approaches to the issues.

Three books are planned for the coming year. Book four will examine the impact of changing social, cultural, generational, demographic, and other domestic trends in the United States and Western Europe and their effect on the European-American relationship in essays by Ralf Dahrendorf and Theodore C. Sorensen. The fifth volume will focus on the growing debate over how best to improve conventional defense in Europe and reduce reliance on nuclear weapons through the use of new military strategies. The authors will be General Sir Hugh Beach, Andreas von Buelow, Richard DeLauer, François Heisbourg, and Andrew J. Pierre. The authors for the sixth volume, which will deal with politi-



Irving Kristol, Alois Mertes, Mercedes Rico and Cyrus R. Vance at the European-American Conference on Central America

cal, economic and other consequences of the growing "technology gap" between Europe and the United States and Japan, are still being selected.

In addition to distributing the published books as widely as possible in the United States and Europe, the project seeks to extend its impact through meetings and conferences. A members' conference on "Central America as a European-American Issue" was held at the Council in March based on the issues and viewpoints in the Central America volume. Meetings scheduled for Bonn and Madrid in late June based on this same study had to be cancelled due to the sad and untimely death of Minister Mertes.

In a separate but complementary endeavor, Alton Frye has begun a series of seven seminars in Washington on changes in the European Community and the implications for the United States. (See the Washington Program section for a full description.)

The Soviet Union and Eastern Europe

In 1984–85, a study group on Eastern Europe focused on uncertainties in this perennially unsettled region and prospects for its future relations with Western Europe, the Soviet Union, and the United States. This was the first "John J. McCloy Study Group," named in honor of the eminent American statesman and former Chairman of the Council.

The group, chaired by Graham Allison, was organized and co-directed by Warren Zimmermann, formerly Deputy Chief of Mission at the U.S. Embassy in Moscow, who spent several months on leave from the State Department as a Council/Carnegie Endowment Visiting Fellow, and by Karen Dawisha, Visiting Associate Professor of Politics at Princeton. The discussions are serving as the basis for a short policy-oriented book which will be written by Ms. Dawisha in the coming year.

There are several works in progress

on the Soviet Union which originated in the Soviet Project formerly directed by Robert Legvold prior to his move to the Harriman Institute. These include his own study of U.S.-Soviet relations, which he hopes to complete in the main in the coming year; and John Campbell's analysis of Soviet relations with those countries outside the Warsaw Pact framework with which it maintains particularly close but differentiated relationships, which we hope can be published in the coming year.

While continuing to seek a full-time successor to Mr. Legvold, we were extremely fortunate to have Warren Zimmermann at the Council for much of this year and benefitted greatly from his extensive knowledge of the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe.

The Middle East

We are very pleased that Paul Jabber, Vice President, Political Assessment Group, in the International Department of Bankers Trust Company, and a consultant on Middle East politics and security affairs, will join the Council as Senior Fellow for the Middle East in the fall of 1985. That the Middle East program maintained momentum and vitality during the period while we were seeking a full-time fellow is largely due to the continuing assistance of Peter Grose and several Council members and outside specialists, to whom we are most grateful.

Dankwart Rustow and Delwin Roy completed draft manuscripts on Turkey and Egypt, respectively, drawing on earlier study groups on those countries. A Council author's review group went over Mr. Roy's manuscript in detail in June, and that book is now in the process of revision. A similar group will consider Professor Rustow's book shortly. Continuing the series of country studies which began with Israel, a study group on Jordan under the direction of Arthur Day, formerly Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Near East and South Asian Affairs and Consul General in Jerusalem, and chaired

by Olin Robison, focused on political, security and economic trends, drawing on the knowledge and perceptions of several prominent Jordanians as discussion leaders. Mr. Day is in the process of completing a book based in part on the meetings of this group, which will assess change in Jordan and the implications for U.S. policy.

The other new study group, chaired by Charles Issawi, dealt with the forces of Arab radicalism, *i.e.*, the forces represented by Syria, Libya, the PLO, the Amal Movement of Lebanon, and others which appear to be challenging the status quo orientations and policies of moderate Arab regimes, both internally and in the diplomacy of the Middle East. Adeed Dawisha, previously Deputy Director of Studies at the Royal Institute of International Affairs in London, directed the group as a Consulting Fellow for the Council this year and is writing a book on the subject.

There were three Council publications on the Middle East this year, beginning with Mr. Grose's book, A Changing Israel, which was based on discussions in the 1982–83 study group on internal change in Israel and in which he dealt with the profound changes in that society. The Council itself published Prospects for Peace in the Middle East: The View from Israel, the transcript of a conference held at the Council in September 1984. The third volume was *American* Hostages in Iran: The Conduct of a Crisis, by Warren Christopher and several other policy-makers and negotiators directly involved in the resolution of the crisis.

The Council's study program for the Middle East for the coming year is still being formulated in consultation with the new Senior Fellow for the region, Paul Jabber. We also plan at least one meeting to review the judgments in Peter Grose's book on Israel in the aftermath of 18 months of a Labor-Likud coalition government.

Asia

Alan Romberg joined the Studies staff in March as Senior Fellow directing studies on Asia after twenty years in the State Department, virtually all of which were devoted to Asia. In his last assignment, just before joining the Council, Mr. Romberg was Senior Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Public Affairs and Deputy Spokesman of the Department. He is the first holder of the new Starr Fellowship for Asia Studies. The Council is deeply grateful to the Starr Foundation, which made this fellowship possible by its generous grant to The Campaign for the Council.

Studies relating to Asia were further strengthened this year by the presence of Robert Immerman as a Visiting Fellow on a year's leave of absence from the Foreign Service. Mr. Immerman's last post at the American Embassy in Tokyo was as Political Counselor, and he served there as labor attaché from 1975 to 1979. Drawing on his expertise in this field, he directed a study group on labor issues in U.S.-Japan relations, under James Hodgson's chairmanship. The group dealt with changes in the labor movements of both countries, the role of organized labor in political life, labor's impact on domestic and foreign economic policies as well as on the relationships between unions in the two countries, and the effect of labor's activities and concerns on the overall bilateral relationship.

The labor study group is part of a joint project with the Japan Center for International Exchange. A group of Japanese authors concurrently examined the same issues and they have been preparing a series of essays paralleling ones written by American authors. The latter will meet with their Japanese counterparts as well as a number of other American and Japanese participants and several Council staff members for a binational discussion of the issues in Honolulu in August 1985 under the auspices of the Japan Center for International Exchange and the East-West Center, with the hope that a joint publication may re-



Alan D. Romberg

sult. Upon leaving the Council, Mr. Immerman will be Political Counselor at the United States Mission to the United Nations.

The ad hoc meetings on China and Japan continued with sessions on recent changes in China and their implications for China itself and the rest of the world, and on the general lessons to be drawn for the future course of U.S.-Japan relations from the recent tensions in specific areas such as telecommunications. At the initiative of Ellen Frost and under her chairmanship, the Studies Program of the Council and the Japan Society jointly sponsored a seminar on "Expanding Technology Transfer between the United States and Japan." The seminar identified a number of significant issues, but only scratched the surface of a topic that deserves increasing and sustained attention in the future.

In addition, Richard Holbrooke chaired a single study meeting examining the broad significance of the reopening of a limited dialogue between North and South Korea in 1984 for South Korea and U.S. policy toward the region.

Just prior to the Indian Prime Minister's visit to Washington in June, the

Council published a report on India and the United States based on two U.S.-Indian conferences held in this country in 1982 and in India in 1984. Both were cosponsored by the Council and the Indian Council of Cultural Relations. The report, prepared by Selig S. Harrison from the detailed notes of Indian and American rapporteurs at both conferences. brought out a number of key themes which appear to be central to the thinking of Americans and Indians and which clarify both possibilities for common approaches to international issues and to bilateral relations and areas of more abiding difference.

Mr. Romberg is planning a very energetic series of studies for 1985-86 on a range of issues of major concern to U.S. policy in Asia. One will deal with the implications for Japanese policy and for U.S.-Japan relations of technological change in Japan. A second would examine, through a series of study group meetings or a single two- or three-day seminar discussion, some of the basic social, cultural and demographic changes underway in both American and Japanese society, and the longer-term implications for bilateral relations. A third may look at technological change in China and the U.S. role affecting that change. The Brookings Institution will join the Council in a joint project to be done by Harry Harding on Deng Xiaoping's post-Mao reforms in China, and their implications for China and for Sino-U.S. relations. Mr. Romberg will also direct a study on future developments in Taiwan and their implications for relations with both the P.R.C. and the United States. Individual "watching brief" meetings will look at other areas in the region—the Philippines, Korea, Indochina, and Pakistan—on which further Council work may be more urgently called for in the course of the year.

Africa

The Council and the Overseas Development Council have jointly undertaken a major study aimed at identifying

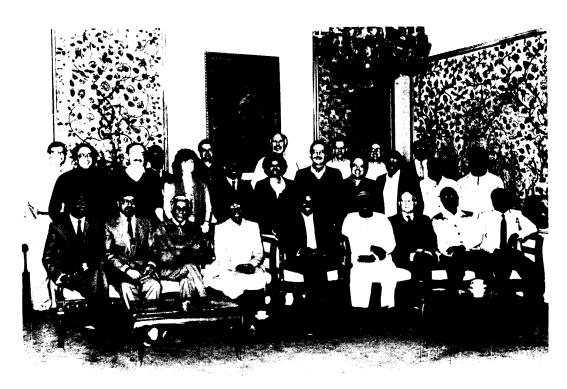
policies that may foster Africa's longerterm economic and social growth, and options for U.S. trade and financial relationships with that region. The two organizations formed the Committee on African Development Strategies under the co-chairmanship of Donald F. McHenry, University Research Professor of Diplomacy and International Affairs at Georgetown University and former U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations, and Lawrence S. Eagleburger, President of Kissinger Associates and former Under Secretary of State. The Committee includes American leaders from corporate, academic and political life. The project has been co-directed by Jennifer Seymour Whitaker, Senior Fellow of the Council, and Robert J. Berg, Senior Fellow of the Overseas Development Council.

The Committee explored Africa's aid and trade options, questions of governance and economic policy, environmental strategies, issues in health and population, agricultural needs, and options for human resource development. It commissioned a series of papers which were discussed by both Africans and Americans, and a high-level group of Americans and Africans met in Bellagio in May to consider policies identified by the Committee. A report of the Committee's recommendations will be issued in September, and will be distributed to leadership groups and concerned individuals throughout the United States. Jennifer Whitaker will write a short book on the subject next year for a wider audience.

This year also saw the publication of two books that originated in the Council's previous Africa project: I. William Zartman's study of lessons to be learned from four cases of persistent conflict in Africa, Ripe for Resolution: Conflict and Intervention in Africa; and Arms and the African: The Military Influences on Africa's International Relations, edited by William J. Foltz and Henry S. Bienen.

Studies Program Seminars

In addition to the formal study groups and larger projects, the Studies



African-American Conference at Bellagio



Jennifer Whitaker, Donald F. McHenry and Howard Wolpe

staff arranges small, informal, ad hoc seminars for staff and small numbers of Council members. These sessions enable us to benefit from visits by Americans from outside New York or foreigners who are interested in learning about the Council's role in the U.S. foreign policymaking process, and who bring fresh insights and contribute substantively to our understanding of foreign policy issues. Approximately 35 such meetings were held in 1984–85, including the Latin American project series of breakfast meetings. (See the listing at the end of this section.)

Military Study Trip

With the able assistance of Colonel David Cooper, this year's Army Fellow, the Council arranged a trip to Washington in April for a small group of members. The participants discussed the Army's force modernization program with senior Army leaders, looking specifically at the M-1 battle tank as a means of considering how and why the Army decided to procure a major new system, technical production and budgeting problems, and the Army's doctrine and capabilities for use of the system. The group met for briefings at the Pentagon, visited the Aberdeen Proving Grounds to see the M-1 in action, and held discussions with Army and Defense Department officials, as well as Congressional and other close observers of the M-1 process, and representatives of the primary production contractors. It was an invaluable opportunity to observe and discuss one major example of military decision-making.

Whitney H. Shepardson Fellowship

The Shepardson Fellowship, named for one of the founders of the Council, brings to the Council an individual with substantial experience and recognized professional stature in public or academic affairs connected with international relations. The Council expects that a Shepardson Fellow will spend about a year in residence at the Harold Pratt House, participating actively in the full range of

Council programs and working on a book or other significant piece of writing on a major foreign policy problem. The fellowship is not limited to U.S. citizens.

In 1984–85, the Shepardson Fellowship was held by Benjamin J. Cohen, William L. Clayton Professor of International Economic Affairs at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy, whose research was discussed on p. 61 above.

Walter Levy Fellowship

Each year the Council brings to the United States for brief periods people from abroad who have not been frequent visitors to this country. Candidates for the Levy Fellowship are individuals who are expected to assume increasingly important roles in their own countries, who would benefit from meeting a variety of



Aquilino Pimentel, Jr.

Americans concerned with international affairs, and who have a contribution to make to the work of the Council. Levy Fellows usually spend a week to ten days in New York and Washington, and a week visiting and speaking to a number of Committees on Foreign Relations. The fellowship was established by a grant from Walter J. Levy.

The 1984–85 Levy Fellow was Aquilino Pimentel, Jr., leader of the Philippine Democratic Party-Laban, one of the two major parties comprising the Philippine parliamentary opposition. Mr. Pimentel spoke at Council meetings in New York and Washington on "Prospects for Democracy in the Philippines," and met as well with journalists, bankers and government officials among others. He also addressed Committees on Foreign Relations in Boston, Worcester, Philadelphia, and St. Louis.

Military Fellows

The Army, Navy, Air Force and, beginning in 1982, occasionally the Marine Corps nominate officers as candidates for the Council's Military Fellowships. These fellowships enable the officers selected to broaden their understanding of foreign relations through participating in Council programs, interacting with Council members and staff, and pursuing independent studies in their areas of special interest. Two Military Fellows are usually in residence at the Council each year.

The Fellows are chosen by a selection committee of Council members chaired by Robert H. B. Baldwin, former Chairman of Morgan Stanley Company and formerly Under Secretary of the Navy. Committee members are General Lew Allen, USAF (ret.), Lt. General Sidney B. Berry, USA (ret.), Vice Admiral Thor Hanson, USN (ret.), Philip A. Odeen, and Richard C. Steadman.

In 1984–85 the Army Fellow was Colonel David E. K. Cooper, who came to the Council after serving as Commander of the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division, Hawaii. The Air Force Fellow was Colonel K. Scott Fisher, previously Assistant Deputy Director for Regional Plans and Policy, Directorate of Plans, at Air Force Headquarters in Washington.

Both Fellows took part in the variety of programs offered by the Council. In addition, Colonel Cooper took the lead, working with Colonel Fisher, in organizing the successful military study trip. Colonel Fisher presented an analysis of prospects for political change in South Africa at a Council staff meeting, and spoke at local educational institutions and military associations, as well as serving as a discussant at the International Studies Association annual meeting.

Upon leaving the Council, Colonel Fisher assumed the post of Vice Commander, 463rd Tactical Airlift Wing (MAC), at Dyess Air Force Base in Texas. Colonel Cooper will be Chief of the Joint Army-Air Force Assessment and Initiatives Group, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans, Department of the Army.

The Military Fellows for 1985–86 will be Colonel Bruce M. Freeman, USAF, Chief of the Operations and Safety Inspection Division, Inspector General, Headquarters, USAF in Europe, at Ramstein Air Force Base; and Captain Barry M. Plott, USN, Commanding Officer, USS Brooke (FFG 1).

State Department Fellowship

The State Department Fellowship is offered annually to a Foreign Service Officer chosen by a selection committee of Council members from candidates nominated by the Department of State. The Fellow is encouraged to participate in all Council programs during his or her fellowship tenure as well as to pursue studies of U.S. foreign policy problems of particular personal interest.

There was no State Department Fellow in 1984–85, but we were fortunate to have Warren Zimmermann for part of the year as Council on Foreign Relations/ Carnegie Endowment Visiting Fellow. Mr. Zimmermann came from Moscow, where he had been serving as Deputy Chief of Mission of the U.S. Embassy.

He helped organize and direct the Council study group on Eastern Europe as well as pursuing his own writing before leaving at the Administration's request to serve as Deputy to Head of Delegation and Executive Director, Strategic Arms Reduction Talks, in Geneva.

The Elihu Root and Russell Leffingwell Lectures

Periodically, distinguished Council members are asked to deliver the Elihu Root Lectures, named for a founder of the Council who was its honorary President from 1921 to 1937. The Root Lectures are usually given in a series of three meetings, with the expectation that they will subsequently be published. This format enables the lecturer, drawing on his or her experience in public life, to reflect on and discuss in depth a major foreign policy issue.

The Russell C. Leffingwell Lectures, a companion series to the Root Lectures, offer a similar opportunity to noted non-Americans. Named for a former President and Chairman of the Board of the Council, the Leffingwell Lectures are made possible through the generosity of the Leffingwell family and the Morgan Guaranty Trust Company.

The Root and Leffingwell Lectures were not given in 1984–85.

Staff Outside Activities

Each member of the Studies staff engages in a range of outside activities in addition to undertaking the intellectual and administrative direction of Council studies, pursuing individual research and writing as a recognized specialist in a particular field, and providing advice and assistance to all parts of the Council, including the Committees on Foreign Relations. Senior Fellows participate in the national debate on foreign policy through the sorts of activities described in this section, as well as taking part in similar activities abroad. The following is a sampling of their recent outside activities.

Paul Kreisberg wrote articles on U.S. policy toward Asia for *Asian Survey*

and on "India after Indira" for Foreign Affairs. He represented the Council at the biennial conference of institutes of international affairs held in Vienna and, together with the Deputy Director of the Soviet Institute for World Economy, led the discussion on U.S.-Soviet relations. He spoke on U.S. policy toward China at a Stanley Foundation conference for Congressional staff and on various subjects relating to Asia at conferences in New York, Atlanta and elsewhere.

In addition to finishing his work for Senator Bradley on the GATT Wisemen's report, Trade Policies for a Better Future: Proposals for Action, released in March, Michael Aho spoke at several universities and research institutes, including Princeton, the National Bureau for Economic Research, and the C. D. Howe Institute (Canada). He published papers in volumes edited by the Overseas Development Council, the Center for Strategic and International Studies, and the MacDonald Commission in Canada. He also presided at the Annual Conference of the Cincinnati Council on World Affairs.

Alton Frye continued as co-director of the project on New Approaches to Non-Proliferation (see Washington Program section), and was a member of the project delegation to London and Moscow for talks at the Soviet Academy of Sciences in December. He spoke frequently on arms control issues before groups including the Brookings Institution, the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, the New York City Bar Association, and the Nashville Committee on Foreign Relations. He also spoke on U.S. foreign policy at the U.S. Congress/ Bundestag Project conference in West Germany, and published articles on arms control and strategic policy.

Andrew Pierre testified before the House Foreign Affairs subcommittee. He took part in a conference at the Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung and at a University of Pittsburgh conference on defense and détente in West Germany. During a USIA-sponsored trip to India, he gave a



Paul H. Kreisberg

number of talks on security issues. He also participated in a conference on American-Asian issues at the Institute of International Relations in Taiwan and attended meetings on U.S. foreign and defense policy in Japan and Thailand.

Susan Kaufman Purcell visited the Soviet Union under the auspices of the Dartmouth Exchange for talks on Central America. She debated U.S. policy toward Cuba on Public Television and discussed Central America on the NBC and ABC evening news. She presented a paper on "The Cuban Factor in Central America" at a conference in Mexico co-sponsored by the International Institute for Strategic Studies and the Colegio de Mexico, and spoke on Central America at the Foreign Policy Association, the Carolinas and Portland World Affairs Councils, and the Miami Congressional Workshop for freshmen congressmen. She also discussed the Latin American debt crisis at Institutional Investor's Annual Meeting for Chief Executive Officers and at a

meeting for media people sponsored by the Foundation for American Communications. Her book review essays appeared in *The New York Times* and *The Atlantic*.

Alan Romberg, who joined the staff in late March, was actively involved in programs at the Japan Society, the Asia Society, and Columbia University, and spoke at the Federal Executive Seminar at King's Point on U.S.-Japan relations. In addition to acting as a consultant to the Department of State he published an Op-Ed article in the *Christian Science Monitor* on Sino-Soviet relations.

Helena Stalson was a member of the international governing council of the Society for International Development and chaired the subcommittee on transnationals, Committee on Development in consultative status with UN ECOSOC. She is the author of a forthcoming book on international trade in services, and contributed a chapter on U.S. trade policy to Managing the Service Economy, edited by Robert P. Inman. She also participated in conferences on U.S.-Canadian investment in services and trade relations, on U.S. business and world hunger, and on international economic development.

Jennifer Whitaker moderated the Borah Foundation Symposium on southern Africa at the University of Idaho, and appeared on Pacific television in connection with the conference. She also served as a Woodrow Wilson Fellow at Regis College in Denver, Colorado. She spoke on southern Africa at the Wilmington World Affairs Council as well as a number of colleges, universities and citizens' groups. In addition, she addressed the Boise Committee on Foreign Relations and lectured at the Brookings Institution. She also participated in a British Parliamentary working group session on African development.

Paul H. Kreisberg Director of Studies

Janice L. Murray
Assistant Director of Studies

Study and Discussion Groups

Nuclear Diplomacy

(The meetings were held in Washington, D.C.)

Chairman: R. James Woolsey, Partner, Shea & Gardner

Directors: Robert J. Einhorn, International Affairs Fellow, Council on Foreign

Relations

Alton Frye, Washington Director, Council on Foreign Relations

September 10, 1984: Strategic Stability and the Evolution of U.S. and Soviet Nuclear Force

Structures

Discussion Leader: Edward L. Warner III, Senior Staff Member, The Rand Corporation

October 22, 1984: Setting Objectives in Strategic and Intermediate-Range Force

Negotiations

Discussion Leader: Robert J. Einhorn

Commentator: Jan M. Lodal, President, Infocel, Inc.

December 3, 1984: Negotiating Leverage and the Strategic Arms Negotiations

Discussion Leader: Robert J. Einhorn

Commentator: Strobe Talbott, Diplomatic Correspondent, Time Magazine

January 14, 1985: Negotiating Strategies and Tactics: Art or Science?

Discussion Leader: Christopher J. Makins, Director of International Security Programs,

Roosevelt Center for American Policy Studies

Commentator: Winston Lord, President, Council on Foreign Relations

February 25, 1985: Renewed Interest in Ballistic Missile Defense: Implications for Lim-

iting Offensive Systems

Discussion Leader: Jan M. Lodal

Commentator: David N. Schwartz, Director, Office of Strategic Nuclear Policy,

Bureau of Politico-Military Affairs, Department of State

June 3, 1985: Compliance Controversies and Their Implications for Approaching

Verification in Future Agreements

Discussion Leader: Michael Krepon, Senior Associate and Director, Verification Project,

Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

Commentator: Edward L. Rowny, Special Adviser to the President and Secretary of

State for Arms Control Matters

Television News and American Foreign Policy

Chairman: Victor H. Palmieri, Chairman, Victor Palmieri and Co.

Director: William Blakemore, Edward R. Murrow Press Fellow, Council on

Foreign Relations

March 15, 1985: Global Television and Its Challenges for the Foreign Policy

Community

Discussion Leaders: Winston Lord, President, Council on Foreign Relations

Howard Stringer, Executive Vice President, CBS News

April 12, 1985: Television News Coverage of Foreign Affairs Discussion Leaders: Tom Brokaw, NBC News Correspondent

Peter Jennings, Anchor and Senior Editor, ABC News

Anthony Lake, Five College Professor of International Relations, Amherst, Massachusetts, and, formerly, Director, Policy Planning Staff,

Department of State



Bill Blakemore, Victor Palmieri, Robin MacNeil and Jody Powell, at study group on TV News and American Foreign Policy

May 17, 1985: How Television Affects the Formulation and Execution of Foreign

Policy: The Case of Iran

Robin MacNeil, Executive Editor, MacNeil/Lehrer NewsHour Discussion Leaders:

Jody Powell, Columnist, Los Angeles Times Syndicate, and, formerly,

White House Press Secretary

May 31, 1985:

Television News and Foreign Affairs: The Issue of Accountability Richard Threlkeld, Chief Correspondent for ABC "World News Discussion Leaders:

Hodding Carter III, Main Street Productions, Inc., and, formerly, Assistant Secretary of State for Public Affairs and Department Spokesman

The Role of International Law in American Foreign Policy

William D. Rogers, Partner, Arnold & Porter Chairman:

John Temple Swing, Vice President, Council on Foreign Relations Director:

February 28, 1985: I. The Use of Force in Today's World

Discussion Leader: Barry M. Blechman, Senior Fellow, Center for Strategic and Interna-

tional Studies, Georgetown University

II. Collective Security 40 Years after the U.N. Charter

Discussion Leader: Louis Henkin, Professor of International Law and Diplomacy, Col-

umbia University Law School

March 26, 1985: Attempts at Rule-Making between the Two Superpowers

Alexander L. George, Professor of International Relations, Stanford Discussion Leader:

University

April 23, 1985: The Viability of "Third-Party" Dispute Settlement Institutions and

Procedures

Discussion Leaders: Stephen M. Schwebel, Judge, International Court of Justice, The

Hague

Ernest A. Gross, Of Counsel, Curtis Mallet-Prevost Colt & Mosle



William D. Rogers, Stephen M. Schwebel, John Temple Swing and David J. Scheffer

June 13, 1985: What Rules Governing the Use of Force Is the United States Willing

to Abide by?

Discussion Leaders: Louis Henkin

Oscar Schachter, Professor of Law, Columbia University Law School

Antarctica

(Continued from 1983-84.)

Chairman: Eugene B. Skolnikoff, Director, Center for International Studies,

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Director: Janice L. Murray, Assistant Director of Studies, Council on Foreign

Relations

May 9, 1985: Policy Choices for the United States

Discussion Leader: Deborah Shapley, Visiting Scholar, Center for Strategic and Interna-

tional Studies, Georgetown University

Commentator: Lewis M. Branscomb, Vice President and Chief Scientist, IBM

Corporation

The Future of the World Trading System

Steering Committee

Chairman: Edmund T. Pratt, Jr., Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Pfizer,

Inc.

Director: C. Michael Aho, Senior Fellow and Chief Economist, Council on For-

eign Relations

May 6, 1985: Problems Facing the United States and the International Business

Environment

Discussion Leaders: C. Michael Aho

Geza Feketekuty, Senior Assistant United States Trade Representative

June 17, 1985:

I. International Attitudes Toward Future Trade Negotiations Geza Feketekuty

Discussion Leader:

II. Domestic Attitudes Toward a New Trade Round

Discussion Leader: Edmund T. Pratt, Jr.

III. Proposed Work Plan for the Project

Discussion Leader: C. Michael Aho

International Banking and Foreign Policy

The Walter Hochschild Economic Review Meetings

Author and Chairman: Benjamin J. Cohen, Whitney H. Shepardson Senior Visiting Fellow,

Council on Foreign Relations

December 11, 1984: April 9, 1985:

Discussions of draft chapters of Benjamin Cohen's manuscript on High Finance/High Politics: International Banking and Foreign Policy (William Diebold, Jr., presided at the third meeting.)

May 29, 1985: June 10, 1985:

Parallel Study Group Meeting in San Francisco on High Finance/High

Politics

Chairman: Edward K. Hamilton, Partner, Hamilton, Rabinovitz & Szanton

Issues Facing the United States in Central America

(Continued from 1983–84.)

Chairman:

Edward K. Hamilton, Partner, Hamilton, Rabinovitz & Szanton Susan Kaufman Purcell, Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

January 7, 1985:

Regional Security Issues

Discussion Leader:

Nestor Sanchez, Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Inter-American Affairs

Commentators:

Director:

Caesar Sereseres, University of California (Irvine), and the Rand

Corporation

Robert White, formerly, United States Ambassador to El Salvador Colonel John D. Waghelstein, USA, Analyst, Strategic Studies Insti-

tute, U.S. Army War College

May 16, 1985:

A Mexican Perspective on the Regional Crisis

Acting Chairman:

Susan Kaufman Purcell

Discussion Leader:

Manuel Camacho, Undersecretary of Programming and Budget, Gov-

ernment of Mexico

Commentator:

Rodman Rockefeller, Chairman, Pocantico Development Associates

United States Relations with the Advanced Developing Countries of Latin America (Continued from 1983–84.)

Chairman: Director:

C. Fred Bergsten, Director, The Institute for International Economics Susan Kaufman Purcell, Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

October 24, 1984:

The Case of Brazil

Discussion Leader:

Riordan Roett, Director of Latin American Studies and Center for Brazilian Studies, School of Advanced International Studies, The

Johns Hopkins University

Commentators:

Persio Arida, Professor of Economics, Catholic University of Rio de

Janeiro; Fellow, The Woodrow Wilson Center

Peter Knight, Senior Economist, Brazil Division, The World Bank

December 5, 1984:

The Case of Mexico

Discussion Leader:

Guy Erb, President, GFE, Ltd.

Commentators:

Lorenzo Meyer, Professor of International Relations, El Colegio de Mexico, and Fellow, The Woodrow Wilson International Center for

Scholars

Luis Szekely, International Consultant

Latin American Project Breakfast Seminars

January 22, 1985:

The Brazilian Presidential Elections

Amaury de Souza, Political Scientist, Instituto Universitario de Pes-

quisas do Rio de Janeiro

Riordan Roett, Director of Latin American Studies and Center for Brazilian Studies, School of Advanced International Studies, The

Johns Hopkins University

February 19, 1985:

What to Expect from the New Civilian Government of Tancredo

Neve

Jose Aparecido de Oliveira, Federal Deputy, Minas Gerais, and Secre-

tary of Culture, Minas Gerais, Brazil

March 5, 1985:

Political Challenges to Mexico's Ruling Party

Patrick Oster, Correspondent, Knight-Ridder Newspapers

March 12, 1985:

The Political Situation in Chile

Genaro Arriagada, Chairman of the Board, Radio Cooperativa, Chile

April 26, 1985:

Prospects for Democracy in Brazil

Diego C. Asencio, United States Ambassador to Brazil

May 15, 1985:

Prospects for Central America

Carlos Manuel Castillo, formerly, Vice President of Costa Rica

European-American Project

Advisory Group

Chairman:

Cyrus R. Vance, formerly, Secretary of State

Vice Chairman:

Robert D. Hormats, Vice President, International Corporate Finance,

Goldman, Sachs & Company

Director:

Andrew J. Pierre, Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

September 27, 1984:

Review meeting on Central America volume

January 24, 1985:

Planning meeting for volume on social, cultural and generational

change

March 22, 1985:

Members' Conference on "Central America as a European-American

Issue'

April 17, 1985:

Planning meeting for volume on conventional defense in Europe

The John J. McCloy Study Group on Eastern Europe "In Between"

(The fifth meeting was held in Washington, D.C.)

Chairman: Graham T. A

Graham T. Allison, Jr., Dean, John F. Kennedy School of

Government, Harvard University

Directors:

Warren Zimmermann, Council on Foreign Relations-Carnegie

Endowment for International Peace Visiting Fellow

Karen L. Dawisha, Visiting Associate Professor of Politics, Princeton

University

January 10, 1985:

Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union

Discussion Leader: Commentator:

Karen L. Dawisha Charles Wolf, Jr., Dean, Rand Graduate Institute

Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/09/02: CIA-RDP90-00806R000100210066-5

February 6, 1985:

Eastern Europe and Western Europe

Acting Chairman:

Warren Zimmermann

Discussion Leader:

F. Stephen Larrabee, Vice President and Director of of Studies, The

Institute for East-West Security Studies

Commentator:

William E. Griffith, Professor of Political Science, Massachusetts Insti-

tute of Technology

March 6, 1985; Discussion Leaders: The German Democratic Republic and Its Foreign Policy

Michael J. Sodaro, Associate Professor of International Affairs and

Political Science, George Washington University

Ronald D. Asmus, Senior Analyst for German Affairs, Radio Free

Commentator:

Herbert Okun, Ambassador-in-Residence, Aspen Institute

April 2, 1985:

Prospects for Change in Eastern Europe

Discussion Leader:

Charles Gati, Professor of Political Science, Columbia University and

Union College

Commentator:

J. Michael Montias, Professor of Economics, Yale University

April 25, 1985:

U.S. Policy Options Toward Eastern Europe

Discussion Leader:

Lincoln Gordon, Guest Scholar, The Brookings Institution

Commentator:

Mark Palmer, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for European and

Canadian Affairs

Jordan

Chairman: Director:

Olin C. Robison, President, Middlebury College

Arthur R. Day, Senior Consultant, UN Association of the USA

December 6, 1984:

Overview of Developments in Jordan

Discussion Leader:

Adnan Abu Odeh, Minister of the Royal Court, Amman

January 9, 1985: Discussion Leader: The Armed Forces and the Military/Security Situation of Jordan General Abdul Hadi Majali, formerly, Chief of Staff of the Jordanian

Army and, formerly, Ambassador to Washington

February 5, 1985:

The Jordanian Political System

Discussion Leader:

Zaid Al-Rifa'i, formerly, Prime Minister of Jordan, and Vice President

of the Jordanian Senate

April 8, 1985:

The Economic Situation in Jordan and the West Bank

Acting Chairman: Discussion Leaders: J. C. Hurewitz, Professor of Government, Columbia University Paul Jabber, Vice President for International Economics, Bankers

Trust Company

Vivian Bull, Associate Professor of Economics, Drew University

April 22, 1985:

I. Internal Strains and Pressures

II. The Palestinian Question as a Domestic and International Issue

Acting Chairman:

J. C. Hurewitz

Discussion Leader:

Rami Khouri, Senior Editor, Jordan Times

Arab Radicalism

Chairman: Director:

Charles Issawi, Professor of Near Eastern Studies, Princeton University Adeed Dawisha, Consulting Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

December 12, 1984:

Discussion Leader:

Lisa Anderson, Assistant Professor of Government, Harvard

University II. Algeria

Discussion Leader: Commentator:

John Entelis, Professor of Political Science, Fordham University I. William Zartman, Director of African Studies, School of Advanced

International Studies, The Johns Hopkins University



Study group on Arab Radicalism

January 29, 1985: The Amal Movement

Discussion Leader: Samir Khalaf, Professor of Sociology, American University of Beirut Commentator: Lt. Col. Augustus Richard Norton, USA, Associate Professor,

Department of Social Sciences, United States Military Academy

February 27, 1985: South Yemen

Discussion Leaders: John Duke Anthony, President, National Council on U.S.-Arab

Relations

Norman Cigar, Intelligence Research Specialist for Headquarters, Department of the Army, Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff for

Intelligence

March 28, 1985: The Palestine Liberation Organization

Discussion Leaders: Rashid Khalidi, Fellow, The Woodrow Wilson International Center for

Scholars

Aaron David Miller, Member, Policy Planning Staff, Department of

State

May 1, 1985: Syria

Discussion Leaders: Kamal Beyoghlou, Visiting Scholar, Survey Research Center, Univer-

sity of California at Berkeley

James Piscatori, International Affairs Fellow, Council on Foreign

Relations

Labor Issues in U.S.-Japan Relations

Chairman: James D. Hodgson, formerly, United States Ambassador to Japan Director: Robert Immerman, Visiting Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

February 7, 1985: Recent Developments in the U.S. and Japanese Labor Movements Discussion Leaders: Tadashi Hanami, Visiting Professor of Law, Harvard University Harry Katz, Associate Professor of Management, Sloan School of

Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Thomas A. Kochan, Professor of Industrial Relations, Sloan School of

Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology Herbert Passin, Professor of Sociology, Columbia University March 18, 1985: The Influence of Labor Unions on Domestic Politics and International

Affairs

Discussion Leaders: Peter Perl, Reporter on Labor Affairs, The Washington Post

Morris Weisz, Consultant, International Labor Industrial Relations,

and, formerly, Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor

April 4, 1985: Attitudes of Organized Labor in Japan and the United States Toward

Foreign Trade and Overseas Investment

Discussion Leader: Brian Turner, Director of Legislation and Economic Policy, Industrial

Union Department, AFL-ČIO

May 2, 1985: Labor Relations in U.S. Facilities of Japanese Companies

Discussion Leader: Duane Kujawa, Professor of International Business and Director, In-

ternational Business and Banking Institute, University of Miami

June 6, 1985: The Impact of Labor Unions on the U.S.-Japan Relationship

Discussion Leaders: Robert Immerman

Richard W. Petree, *President*, *U.S.-Japan Foundation*Commentator: Jackson N. Huddleston, Jr., *Huddleston Associates*

Ad Hoc Study Group on China

(The meeting was held in Washington, D.C.)

Chairman: Richard H. Solomon, Head of the Political Science Department and

Director, International Security Policy Research Program, The Rand

Corporation

Director: Paul H. Kreisberg, Director of Studies, Council on Foreign Relations

March 13, 1985: Recent Changes in China: The Implications for China and the Rest of

the World

Discussion Leader: Michel Oksenberg, Professor of Political Science, University of

Michigan

Ad Hoc Discussion Group on Issues in United States-Japan Relations

Chairman: Richard L. Sneider, Adjunct Professor, East Asia Institute, Columbia

University

Director: Alan Romberg, Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

May 29, 1985: The Effect of Present Tensions on the Future Course of the Relation-

ship

Discussion Leader: Ezra Vogel, Professor of Sociology, Chairman, Department of East

Asian Studies, and Director, U.S.-Japan Program, Harvard

University

Commentator: Harald B. Malmgren, President, Malmgren, Inc.

Study Discussion Meeting on Recent Developments on the Korean Peninsula

(The meeting was held in Washington, D.C.)

Chairman: Richard C. Holbrooke, Vice President, Public Strategies, Inc.

Director: Paul H. Kreisberg, Director of Studies, Council on Foreign Relations

March 11, 1985: The Impact of Developments on the Peninsula for South Korea and

U.S. Policy Toward the Region

Discussion Leader: Ralph N. Clough, Research Associate, Johns Hopkins Foreign Policy

Institute, School of Advanced International Studies, The Johns Hop-

kins University

Committee on African Development Strategies

(Co-sponsored by the Council and the Overseas Development Council) (The first, third, fifth, and sixth meetings were held in Washington, D.C.)

Lawrence S. Eagleburger, President, Kissinger Associates, and, Chairmen:

formerly, Under Secretary of State

Donald F. McHenry, University Research Professor of Diplomacy and International Affairs, Georgetown University, and, formerly, United

States Ambassador to the United Nations

Directors: Jennifer Seymour Whitaker, Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign

Relations

Robert J. Berg, Senior Fellow, Overseas Development Council

September 17, 1984:

I. U.S. Interests in Africa

Discussion Leader: Chester A. Crocker, Assistant Secretary of State for Africa

II. Trade and Development Issues for Africa

Discussion Leader: Commentator:

Stephen R. Lewis, Professor of Economics, Williams College Benno N'dulu, Chairman, Department of Economics, University of

Dar es Salaam, Tanzania III. Foreign Aid in Africa

Discussion Leader:

Robert J. Berg

Harris Mule, Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance, Kenya Commentator:

October 23, 1984: I. Africa's Economic Management Problems: The Historical and So-

cial Context

Crawford Young, Professor of Political Science, University of Discussion Leaders:

Wisconsin

Goran Hyden, Representative for Eastern and Southern Africa, The

Ford Foundation, Nairobi

Commentator: Ntalaja Nzongola, Professor of African Studies, Howard University

II. The Role of the State in Economic Management

Discussion Leaders: Elliot Berg, Consulting Economist

Ali Mazrui, Research Professor, University of Jos, Nigeria, and Pro-

fessor of Political Science, University of Michigan

November 29, 1984: Population, Health and Environmental Issues

I. African Resource Management

Discussion Leaders: Leonard Berry, Provost, Clark University

Mustafa Khogali, Professor of Geography, University of Khartoum

William Clark, President, International Institute of Environment and Commentator:

Development, London

II. Population, Health and Nutrition Issues

Discussion Leader: Fred Sai, Senior World Bank Advisor-designate on Population Commentators:

Davidson Gwatkin, Senior Fellow, Overseas Development Council David Hamburg, President, Carnegie Corporation of New York

III. The Current Drought and Institutional Inadequacies

Howard Wolpe, United States Representative (D., Michigan) Discussion Leader:

January 17, 1985: Agriculture in Africa

I. Agricultural Policy Issues

Bruce Johnston, Food Research Institute, Stanford University Discussion Leader: Moise Mensah, International Fund for Agricultural Development, Commentator:

II. Rural Development Issues

Discussion Leader: David Leonard, Associate Professor of Political Science, University of

California, Berkeley

Commentator: Uma Lele, Division Chief, Development Strategy Department, The

World Bank

III. Agricultural Research

Dunstan Spencer, International Crops Research Institute in the Semi-Discussion Leader:

Arid Tropics, Niamey

Commentator: Carl Eicher, Professor of Agricultural Economics, Michigan State

University

I. Education and Development in Sub-Saharan Africa February 13, 1985:

David Court, Regional Representative, Rockefeller Foundation, Discussion Leader:

Akilu Habte, Director, Education and Training Department, The Commentator:

World Bank

II. Human Resource Development

Kenneth King, University of Edinburgh Discussion Leader: Commentator: Mary Jean Bowman, Education Consultant

III. The Role of Women in African Economic Development

Jane Guyer, Assistant Professor of Anthropology, Harvard University Discussion Leader: Commentator: Olubanke Akerele, Senior Program Management, United Nations De-

velopment Fund for Women

June 25, 1985: Discussion of Draft Report of the Committee

Authors' Review Meetings

September 12, 1984: "U.S.-Cuban Relations"

Presider:

James T. Lynn, Partner, Jones Day Reavis & Pogue Susan Kaufman Purcell, Senior Fellow and Director, Latin American Author:

Program, Council on Foreign Relations

December 5, 1984: "A New Source of Canadian-American Friction?"

Author and Presider: William Diebold, Jr.

April 18, 1985: "Effects of Foreign Government Policies on U.S. International Com-

petitiveness in Services"

Paul H. Kreisberg, Director of Studies, Council on Foreign Relations Presider:

Author: Helena Stalson, Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

June 24, 1985: "Egypt"

Paul H. Kreisberg Presider:

Author: Delwin A. Roy, Chief Executive Officer, Development Decisions Inter-

national

Conferences and Symposia

November 15-18, 1984: Assembly on Canada and the United States (Arden House, Harri-

man, New York)—co-sponsored by the Council and the American

Assembly

February 6, 1985: Symposium on Expanding Technology Transfer between the United

States and Japan (New York)—co-sponsored by the Council and

the Japan Society

April 10–11, 1985: Military Study Trip (Washington, D.C.)

May 10-12, 1985: African-American Conference at Bellagio (Bellagio, Italy)—co-

sponsored by the Council and the Overseas Development Council

Studies Program Seminars

August 1, 1984 Foreign Ministry Officials from Nine African Countries

"The American Foreign Policy-Making Process and Issues of Particu-

lar Concern to Africa"

September 28, 1984	North Atlantic Assembly Subcommittee on the Successor Generation I. "Atlantic Political and Security Relations" II. "Atlantic Economic Conditions"	
October 5, 1984	Members of the Tufts University/U.S.I.A. Seminar on Decision- Making in U.S. Foreign Policy I. "The Evolution of U.S. Policy toward the Soviet Union" II. "The Election Process and U.S. Foreign Policy"	
October 16, 1984	Ten Chinese Scholars "Foreign Policy-Making in the United States"	
October 16, 1984	Richard B. Parker, Editor, The Middle East Journal; formerly, United States Ambassador to Algeria and Morocco "North Africa: Regional Tensions and Strategic Concerns" (Meeting on the publication of Ambassador Parker's book on North Africa)	
October 19, 1984	Nine Participants in the U.S.I.A. European Regional Project "The United States and European Security"	
October 26, 1984	Zhang Zai, Minister-Counsellor of the Embassy of the People's Republic of China in the United States "Potential Problems in United States-China Relations"	
October 31, 1984	Adrian Cristobal, Special Assistant to President Marcos "Developments in the Philippines"	
October 31, 1984	Mohamed Izz El Din Abdel Monim, First Secretary, Egyptian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and ten Egyptian Diplomats-in-training Richard H. Nolte, Director, Near East Institute "The United States and the Middle East"	
November 14, 1984 (Washington, D.C.)	Michael Krepon, Senior Associate, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace "Breaking the Deadlock over Nuclear Weapons and Arms Control" (Press conference and meeting on the publication of Mr. Krepon's book, Strategic Stalemate: Nuclear Weapons and Arms Control in American Politics)	
December 3, 1984	Warren Zimmermann, Council on Foreign Relations—Carnegie Endowment Visiting Fellow "Western European Attitudes toward Eastern Europe"	
December 13, 1984	Jose Concepcion, Jr., Chairman, National Citizens Movement for Free Elections, The Philippines "The Philippines and the United States"	
January 7, 1985	Robert Einhorn, International Affairs Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations Stephen Hadley, Partner, Shea and Gardner "Prospects for Arms Negotiations"	
January 15, 1985	Aquilino Pimentel, Jr., Chairman, Philippine Democratic Party- Laban; Walter J. Levy Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations "Prospects for Democracy in the Philippines"	
January 18, 1985	Electoral Process Group from the Philippines Rufino Eduardo N. Abad, Manager, Project Monitoring and Supervision Department/Project Management Group, Private Development Corporation of the Philippines Rodolfo Albano, Member, National Assembly Mariano Quesada, President, Trimai Management; Secretary-General, National Citizens Movement for Free Elections Alberto Romulo, Member, National Assembly	

	Monsignor Francisco G. Tantoco, Jr., Executive Council Member, National Citizens Movement for Free Elections "How Foreign Policy Issues Affect U.S. Elections"	
January 23, 1985 (Washington, D.C.)	Studies Program Luncheon Aquilino Pimentel, Jr., Chairman, Philippine Democratic Party- Laban, and Walter J. Levy Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations "Prospects for Democracy in the Philippines"	
February 12, 1985	Takuhiko Nakamura, President, Japanese National Steel Workers Federation and Japan Council of Metal Workers Unions "Recent Developments in the Japanese Labor Movement"	
February 28, 1985	Delegation Members of the Japan-U.S. Parliamentarians League Tokusaburo Kosaka, Member, House of Representatives Roo Watanabe, Member, House of Representatives Hideo Den, Member, House of Councillors Ichiji Ishii, Member, House of Councillors "Issues of Concern in U.SJapan Relations"	
March 11, 1985	16 Students from the Federal Executive Institute Foreign Policy/ National Security Seminar "Future Issues Facing the United States in: I. International Trade II. Latin America III. European-American Relations"	
March 18, 1985	Army War College Students and Faculty I. "East-West Relations and Arms Control" II. "International Economic Problems and Prospects"	
March 25, 1985	Six Japanese Members of the Study Group in Improved U.SJapan Communication and Understanding "U.SJapan Trade and Economic Relations"	
April 2, 1985	M. B. Kumalo, Senior Lecturer, Vista University, South Africa Mxolisi Mgojo, Computer Analyst, Sperry Rand, South Africa "South Africa: Why Disinvestment Is Not a Good Idea"	
April 19, 1985	11 European Journalists "Current Issues in Arms Control"	
April 30, 1985	Salvador Lopez, formerly, Foreign Minister of the Philippines, Ambassador to the United Nations, and Ambassador to the United States "Prospects for Peace and Democracy in the Philippines"	
May 3, 1985	ni Shiyab, Professor of Political Science, University of Jordan SJordanian Relations"	
June 3, 1985	ungarian Delegation to the U.SHungarian Roundtable The East-West Economic Relationship"	
June 4, 1985	M. Michel Rocard, formerly, Minister of Agriculture of France "Agricultural Issues in Europe and with the United States"	
June 24, 1985	Jonathan Aronson, Associate Professor of International Relations, University of Southern California "Telecommunications Policy Developments in Fourteen Countries"	
June 24, 1985 (Washington, D.C.)	Michael S. Teitelbaum, Program Officer, Alfred P. Sloan Foundation Diego C. Asencio, United States Ambassador to Brazil Susan Kaufman Purcell, Director, Latin American Program, Council on Foreign Relations "Immigration from Latin America as a U.S. Foreign Policy Issue" (Special meeting on the publication of Latin Migration North, by Mr. Teitelbaum)	

New Publications 1984–85

- American Hostages in Iran: The Conduct of a Crisis, by Warren Christopher et al. (Yale University Press, 1985). Cloth.
- Canada and the United States: Enduring Friendship, Persistent Stress, edited by Charles F. Doran and John H. Sigler (Prentice-Hall, 1985). Cloth and paperback.
- Arms and the African: Military Influences on Africa's International Relations, edited by William J. Foltz and Henry S. Bienen (Yale University Press, 1985). Cloth.
- A Changing Israel, by Peter Grose (Vintage/Random House, 1985). Paperback.
- Technological Frontiers and Foreign Relations, edited by Anne G. Keatley (National Academy Press, 1985). Paperback.
- Strategic Stalemate: Nuclear Weapons and Arms Control in American Politics, by Michael Krepon (St. Martin's Press, 1985). Cloth.
- North Africa: Regional Tensions and Strategic Concerns, by Richard B. Parker (Praeger, 1984). Cloth.
- Third World Instability: Central America as a European-American Issue, edited by Andrew J. Pierre (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Paperback.
- Latin Migration North: The Problem for U.S. Foreign Policy, by Michael S. Teitelbaum (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Paperback.
- Soviet Policy in Eastern Europe, edited by Sarah Meiklejohn Terry (Yale University Press, 1984). Cloth and paperback.
- Ripe for Resolution: Conflict and Intervention in Africa, by I. William Zartman (Oxford University Press, 1985). Cloth
- Prospects for Peace in the Middle East: The View from Israel. Foreword by Cyrus R. Vance (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Conference Transcript.
- India and the United States: A Report on a Dialogue between the Council on Foreign Relations and a group of distinguished Indians under the auspices of the Indian Council of Cultural Relations (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Paperback.

The Washington Program

here is no Harold Pratt House in Washington, but there is a strong and varied community of Council members. Lacking the unique ambience of the Council's home base, members have nonetheless replicated the special character of Council deliberations in the continuing program of activities in Washington. For eight years now, leaders in and out of government have assembled with some frequency to take part in a highly selective series of events organized in the nation's capital.

The Council program offers a forum in Washington not only for members resident in the area, but for the many members from other parts of the nation who have occasion to be there. From its inception the ambition of the Council in Washington has been to engage more members in the life of the organization, both by providing significant meetings centered on the second largest pool of Council members and by spurring participants to participate in the larger program conducted in New York. In both locales Council sessions afford the opportunity for encounters with people from diverse professions and roles, sharing a commitment to informed foreign policy for the United States.

The 1984–85 season saw forty-six events in the Washington program, together with an assortment of other activities jointly arranged by the Council. As in previous years there were a dozen general meetings. Six roundtable dinners and two roundtable luncheons afforded opportunities for more intimate discussions. Past and current fellows of the Council assembled for three events under the sponsorship of the International Affairs Fellowship program, extending a pattern of meetings that have become familiar gathering places for a valued component of the Council's wider circle. Numerous special seminars complemented the Council's study program, which conducted nine meetings of ongoing groups dealing at greater length with several topics. The Corporate program held an all-day conference in Washington, as it has done with some regularity in recent years (see pp. 112-13).

The year's inaugural program set a high standard for the events to come. In a memorable performance, Senator Howard Baker reflected on his lengthy involvement in foreign policy as he neared the conclusion of service as Majority Leader. The Senator's blend of pragmatic problem-solving and constitutional philosophy pointed up the need—and the possibility—of effective collaboration between the political parties and the branches of government. With Secretary of State Shultz in attendance and Peter Peterson presiding, the meeting was a highlight in the Council's continuing exploration of the central issues in legislative-executive relations. Later in the year, Senator David Durenberger probed other aspects of the congressional role in foreign policy, focusing on challenges to legislative oversight of the intelligence operations of government—and particularly on the controversy surrounding proposed assistance to the so-called "contras" in Nicaragua.

Relations between the superpowers remained a preoccupation here, as in most treatments of present-day interna-



Alton Frye and R. James Woolsey, Nuclear Diplomacy study group

The Washington Program



Arturo José Cruz

tional affairs. Time's diplomatic correspondent, Strobe Talbott, offered a trenchant and measured assessment of recent Soviet-American diplomacy, taking his themes from the extensive research presented in his notable book, *Deadly* Gambits. The analysis extended and refined the briefer evaluation published by the Council in *The Russians and Reagan*. Counterpoint to Mr. Talbott's presentation came in a general meeting with Assistant Secretary of State Richard Burt who looked ahead to issues of alliance management and negotiations with Moscow in the second Reagan Administration. Mr. Talbott also joined with Dimitri Simes in a luncheon discussion of Mikhail Gorbachev's accession to power in the Soviet Union. A related session assembled members for an exchange with Kinya Niiseki, President of the Japan Institute of International Affairs, who drew on long service as Ambassador to Moscow to assess the implications for Japanese-American relations of recent Soviet policy toward Asia and the Pacific region.

Two unusually perceptive discussions attempted to move beyond immediate

problems of American foreign policy to frame long-term, philosophical approaches to enduring questions. Charles William Maynes, editor of Foreign Policy, examined the perplexing problem of what pragmatism really means for contemporary practitioners of foreign policy. Rooting his remarks in a rich historical context, Mr. Maynes began a process of tracing out relevant standards for molding the traditions of American diplomacy with the greatly altered circumstances of the late twentieth century. In a similar vein, Michael Novak carried forward our recurrent discussion of ethical problems in international politics by considering the place of such issues in an American political campaign. Ranging widely over the subject on the eve of the presidential election, he confessed surprise that it had proven more diffuse and less weighty in the campaign than he had anticipated earlier in the year.

Regional topics claimed much attention. Elections in Nicaragua were taking place within days of our own; Ambassador Arturo Cruz, former member of the governing junta in Managua and a frequently mentioned presidential possibility in his country, spoke of the prospects for settling the prolonged turmoil there. Some months later, discussion turned to the hopeful initiative of Jordan's King Hussein to revive the peace process in the Middle East, as Minister Adnan Abu Odeh met with members to preview elements in the Jordanian-Palestinian proposals in advance of the King's visit to Washington. On another critical front, two prominent American addressed backto-back general meetings about the economic and political crises afflicting Africa, with Lester Brown portraying the grim famine mounting in the continent and Chairman Howard Wolpe of the House Subcommittee on Africa setting forth the case for major change in U.S. policy toward South Africa.

Quite a different occasion paired leading figures in recent American policy toward China. Fredrick Chien, former Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs for the Republic of China, shared the platform with Richard Holbrooke, Assistant Secretary of State at the time of normalization of relations with the Peoples' Republic of China. Dr. Chien, now representing the Coordination Council for North American Affairs in the United States, and Mr. Holbrooke found much common ground in stressing the continued importance of Taiwan in the unfolding realignment of relations throughout the Pacific area.

Concern over global environmental problems was the focus of two contrasting presentations. Environmental Protection Agency Administrator William Ruckelshaus concluded his second tour of duty in that office by reviewing for Council members a number of confounding difficulties emerging in international management of such problems. And Professor Carl Sagan of Cornell University, a principal author of studies projecting environmental catastrophe from widespread



David F. Durenberger

detonation of nuclear weapons, dealt with subsequent research and critiques of the "nuclear winter" phenomena.

Two Council books received "coming-out" parties in Washington. General Andrew Goodpaster hosted a presentation by author Michael Krepon to launch his new volume, Strategic Stalemate, with parallel prefaces by Brent Scowcroft and Paul Warnke. A similar session featured author Michael Teitelbaum, together with Ambassador Diego Asencio and Susan Kaufman Purcell, in a summary of major themes from Latin Migration North.

Europe claimed center stage for many hours in Council proceedings. The Director-General for Economic Affairs of the Italian Foreign Ministry, Renato Ruggiero, dealt with pressing decisions for the European Economic Community, and Claus Koehler of the Deutsche Bundesbank focused on economic policy options for the Federal Republic of Germany. From these initial meetings there evolved a continuing seminar series, chaired by Robert Bowie, to address the implications for the United States of Europe's continuing evolution. Opening presentations by J. Robert Schaetzel and Joseph Greenwald were supplemented by an early dialogue between Belgian Ambassador Raoul Schoumaker and the State Department's Director-General-Designate of the Foreign Service, George Vest, just returned from several years as Ambassador to the EEC.

Among the highlights of the year were two activities of an unusual nature for the Council. We joined with the International Studies Association to conduct a significant panel discussion involving several former National Security Advisers. Under the dual chairmanship of Winston Lord and Lawrence Eagleburger, a lively exchange proceeded with Zbigniew Brzezinski, Walt Rostow and Brent Scowcroft. A second venture of more protracted duration approached its conclusion during the year, as the New Approaches to Non-Proliferation Project conducted its principal conference, bring-

The Washington Program

ing to Washington members of a companion panel studying the subject in Europe under the chairmanship of Johan Holst. The Council has been facilitating the project's work for two years. Chaired by Gerard Smith and co-directed by Robert Schaetzel and Alton Frye, the project expects to publish both its report and the findings of the European panel in the next few months.

In a program of modest scale, there remain important areas which have not been covered, but the year marked some progress in the diversity of discussions. We made headway in increasing the participation of foreign speakers in Washington, with nine such participants playing important roles in one or another event this year. In the upcoming season, we hope to see a number of significant foreign visitors join Council sessions here, as they regularly do in New York.

Topically, we are encouraged at the clear interest members display in fresh examination of the long-standing relationship between Europe and the United States. We plan to concentrate further sessions on this, as well as on the national security issues which have loomed large in the Council's Washington program from the outset. As always, the goal will be to vary and to balance issues, participants and formats in ways calculated to engage the interests and talents of many members.

The wholesome collaboration with our sister institution, the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, remains a pillar of the Council's program in Washington. The congenial and accessible quarters of the Endowment's conference center are a valued element in the program's success, and the ready cooperation of the Endowment's president, Thomas Hughes, has made it possible for the Council to build a robust endeavor on issues of mutual concern to both organizations.

After half a century the Council decided that its program should go forward in Washington, as well as in New York. Historically, physically, psychologically

and sociologically, the Council's place in Washington is very different from its situation in New York. Yet, scant years into the Washington program, there seems broad consensus that in order to thrive, the Council community must live in the nation's political capital as well as in its financial capital. Council members are likely to be skeptical of any notion of a Council "mission," but in important respects we are missionaries to ourselves. We aspire to build a community of discourse whose members, whatever their persuasion and wherever they may serve, are better equipped to contribute informed judgment through the myriad channels in which our nation's foreign policy takes shape. In Washington perhaps most of all, that is a "mission" worthy of the Council.

> Alton Frye Washington Director

Washington Meetings: 1984–85

Speaker and Topic

HOWARD H. BAKER, JR.

Majority Leader, United States Senate
"Congress and Foreign Policy: Lessons from
Three Terms"

KINYA NIISEKI

President, The Japan Institute of International Affairs; Former Ambassador of Japan to the Soviet Union "Soviet Policy Towards the Asia-Pacific Region and Its Implications for the Japanese-American Alliance"

STROBE TALBOTT

Diplomatic Correspondent, Time Magazine
"Nuclear Arms Control Under President Reagan:
The American Conduct of INF and START"

MICHAEL NOVAK
Resident Scholar, American Enterprise Institute for
Public Policy Research
"International Ethics and Campaign Politics:

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Peter G. Peterson September 19, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

James H. Billington September 26, 1984 Roundtable Luncheon

Amos A. Jordan October 15, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Douglas J. Bennet, Jr. October 30, 1984 General Meeting



Howard H. Baker, Jr., Peter G. Peterson and Alton Frye

The Washington Program

Speaker and Topic

ARTURO JOSÉ CRUZ

Former Ambassador of Nicaragua to the United States; Former Member of the Junta of the Government of National Reconstruction

"Nicaragua After the Elections"

WILLIAM D. RUCKELSHAUS

Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency "Current Issues in International Environmental Policy"

RICHARD R. BURT

Assistant Secretary of State for European and Canadian Affairs

"The Next Phase in American Foreign Policy"

CHARLES WILLIAM MAYNES

Editor, Foreign Policy

"A Modern Foreign Policy for America: What Is the Meaning of Pragmatism?"

FREDRICK F. CHIEN

Representative, Coordination Council for North American Affairs Office in the USA

RICHARD C. HOLBROOKE

Vice President, Public Strategies; Senior Advisor, Shearson Lehman/American Express Inc. "Taiwan and East Asia: Comparing Notes"

LESTER R. BROWN

President, Worldwatch Institute
"Africa's Deepening Food Crisis"

HOWARD WOLPE

Chairman, Subcommittee on Africa, House Committee on Foreign Affairs

"The United States and South Africa: The Other Issues"

DAVID F. DURENBERGER

Chairman, Senate Select Committee on Intelligence "Congress and Foreign Policy: Keeping the Balance"

ADNAN ABU ODEH

Minister of the Royal Court, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

"The Jordanian-Palestinian Initiative"

CARL SAGAN

David Duncan Professor of Astronomy and Space Sciences; Director of the Laboratory for Planetary Studies, Cornell University

"Nuclear Winter: So What?"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Gale W. McGee November 19, 1984 General Meeting

Frank Press November 27, 1984 General Meeting

Stephen J. Solarz December 5, 1984 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

William P. Bundy January 16, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

A. Doak BarnettFebruary 26, 1985General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

Chester L. Cooper March 6, 1985 General Meeting

Stephen Low March 21, 1985 General Meeting

William G. Hyland April 24, 1985 General Meeting, Roundtable Dinner

L. Dean Brown May 7, 1985 Roundtable Luncheon

Ivan Selin May 13, 1985 General Meeting Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

IAF Meetings/Receptions Held in Washington: 1984-85

JOHN DUKE ANTHONY President, National Council on U.S.-Arab Relations "American Security Interests and Involvement in the

Persian Gulf: Implications for Policies and Actions"

WILLIAM BLAKEMORE

Edward R. Murrow Press Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

"Pope John Paul's Global Politics with a Side Glance at the Nature of His Charisma and What He Really Teaches about Sex"

DIMITRI K. SIMES

Senior Associate, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

Washington Bureau Chief, Time Magazine "The Accession of Gorbachev and Prospects for John Temple Swing October 24, 1984 Meeting/Reception

John Temple Swing April 18, 1985 Meeting/Reception

STROBE TALBOTT

U.S.-Soviet Relations"

Alton Frve April 19, 1985 IAF Luncheon

Miscellaneous Meetings Held in Washington: 1984-85

RENATO RUGGIERO

Director-General for Economic Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Italy

"1985: Year of Europe's Choices"

Henry Owen September 21, 1984 Special Seminar

PETER LUDLOW

Director, Centre for European Policy Studies, Brussels "Whither Europe?"

WILLIAM E. JACKSON, JR. Senior Fellow, Fulbright Institute of International Relations, University of Arkansas "Kremlin Politics and U.S.-Soviet Relations"

MICHAEL KREPON Senior Associate, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace "Breaking the Deadlock over Nuclear Weapons and Arms Control"

CLAUS KOEHLER Member of the Directorate and Central Bank Council of the Deutsche Bundesbank "German Economic Policy and International Interdependence"

J. Robert Schaetzel September 24, 1984 Special Seminar

Robert G. Kaiser October 18, 1984 General Meeting

Andrew J. Goodpaster November 14, 1984 Press Conference and Meeting

Bruce K. MacLaury December 4, 1984 Special Seminar

The Washington Program

Speaker and Topic

New Approaches to Non-Proliferation Project, Joint Meetings of U.S. and European Panels

ELIZA R. PATTERSON

International Affairs Fellow
"Non-Market Economies in the GATT"

AQUILINO PIMENTEL, JR.

Chairman, Philippine Democratic Party-Laban;
Walter J. Levy Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations
"Prospects for Democracy in the Philippines"

ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI
WALT W. ROSTOW
BRENT SCOWCROFT
Former National Security Advisers
"U.S. National Security: Past, Present, and Future"

"Aftermath of an International Corporate Crisis: Management Response and Press Reaction"

J. RAOUL SCHOUMAKER

Ambassador of Belgium to the United States

GEORGE S. VEST

Director-General-Designate of the Foreign Service and

Director of Personnel, State Department

"The European Community and American Policy:

A Dialogue"

J. ROBERT SCHAETZELFormer U.S. Representative to the European Communities"Snapshot of the Community: 1985–1990"

MICHAEL S. TEITELBAUM

Program Officer, Alfred P. Sloan Foundation

DIEGO C. ASENCIO

United States Ambassador to Brazil

SUSAN KAUFMAN PURCELL

Director, Latin American Program, Council on

Foreign Relations

"Immigration from Latin America as a U.S. Foreign

Policy Issue"

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

Gerald C. Smith December 13-15, 1984

William Diebold, Jr. January 8, 1985 Author's Review Group

David D. Newsom January 23, 1985 Studies Program Luncheon

Moderators:
Lawrence S. Eagleburger
Winston Lord
March 8, 1985
Special Meeting with the
International Studies Association

Arthur Taylor March 27, 1985 Corporate Program Conference

Robert R. Bowie May 22, 1985 Special Seminar

Robert R. Bowie May 22, 1985 Special Seminar Series on "The Changing European Community: Implications for the United States"

Daniel A. Sharp June 24, 1985 Special Meeting Speaker and Topic

Presider, Date and Type of Meeting

JOSEPH A. GREENWALD Of Counsel, Weil, Gotshal & Manges "Industrial Trade Relations" Robert R. Bowie
June 26, 1985
Special Seminar on "The Changing
European Community:
Implications for the United
States"

Study/Discussion Group Meetings Held in Washington: 1984-85

Note: For details of these meetings, see pp. 72–81 in the report on the Studies Program.

Discussion Group on Nuclear Diplomacy Six meetings: September 10, October 22, December 3, 1984; January 14, February 25, June 3, 1985

Study Group on Korea One meeting: March 11, 1985

Discussion Group on China One meeting: March 13, 1985

The 1985 John J. McCloy Study Group on Eastern Europe One meeting: April 25, 1985

Membership

ew factors are as important for the Council as the vitality and strength of its membership. The critical task of maintaining its quality, diversity, and effectiveness is in the first instance entrusted to a Membership Committee composed of five members of the Board of Directors and six non-Board members (two of whom must be under age 40 when co-opted to the Committee) who serve for standard terms of four years each.

Since 1971, the Committee has followed guidelines and procedures designed to insure that the membership as a whole remains balanced and diverse, encompassing a wide range of constituencies and views. The guidelines include target numbers used as norms for judgment by the Committee in determining roughly how many members the Council should have in each of several major occupational groups and geographical areas and also the optimum age distribution within each category. Individual candidates are measured against the criteria of intellectual attainment, expertise, degree of experience, interest and current involvement in international affairs, promise of future achievement and service in foreign relations, potential contributions to the Council's work, and, last but not least. the candidates' standing in their own communities. Under the Council's By-Laws, membership is limited to United States citizens or permanent residents who are in the process of becoming citizens.

1984-85 Elections

During the past year, the Reverend Theodore M. Hesburgh served as Chairman of the Membership Committee. His fellow Board members were Juanita M. Kreps, Donald F. McHenry, Brent Scowcroft, and Stephen Stamas. Non-Board members who served during the year were Richard E. Beeman, Robert F. Erburu, Joan E. Spero, Fritz Stern, Franklin A. Thomas, and R. James Woolsey. The Committee met twice, first in mid-January and then in late May.

In addition to recommending candidates for regular membership in the Council, the Committee at its spring meeting each year considers recommendations of a special Term Membership Committee charged with identifying promising younger candidates at early stages of their professional careers. Composed of eleven members, its chairman is drawn from the Membership Committee itself. In 1984–85 R. James Woolsey again served in this capacity. Serving with him were Phil Comstock, Peter G. Gould, Arnold Kanter, Anne Karalekas, Adam Meyerson, Stephen A. Oxman, Condoleezza Rice, Jeffrey D. Sachs, Susan L. Segal and Mark Whitaker.

The term membership program began in 1970, and originally no more than ten young men and women age 27 and under were eligible annually for five-year term membership in the Council. Over the years, given the quality of candidates for term membership and their contribution to the Council, the Board of Directors has gradually raised both the age limit and the limit on the number of term members who may be elected each year. In June 1983, the Board approved a recommendation of the Membership Committee that the term membership program again be increased, this time from 25 to 40. The Board also raised the age limit to include men and women who are under age 35 in the year of election and set an upper limit of 20 for the number of candidates to be elected in the age 31–34 bracket. In 1985 the Board increased the overall limit from 40 to 50 and set a new upper limit of 30 for the number of candidates in the upper age bracket. The one-year waiting period all term members before they can be considered for regular membership remains in effect.

Undoubtedly reflecting the new higher age limit, the number of term membership candidates rose to a record high of 222, some 23 more than the previous year and 107 more than in 1983, without any diminution in the overall quality of the list, which all who were involved agreed continued to be outstand-

ing. The number of regular membership candidates also has been increasing steadily, year by year. In part reflecting the fact that there are only limited vacancies in New York and only a handful in Washington, the Committee once again recommended only a modest minority of the candidates brought before it.

As membership candidates are never rejected (their files are frequently reconsidered by the Membership Committee at a later date), it is not surprising that the number of files for men and women seeking admission to the Council in both term and regular membership categories increased to an all-time high.

Council Electees 1985

The names of men and women to whom membership invitations were extended by the Board of Directors during the year in both term and regular membership categories follow:

- * Maj. John P. Abizaid, USA Elliott Abrams Odeh Aburdene John F. Akers
- * Lisa Anderson Paul F. Anderson
- * M. Michael Ansour Henry H. Arnhold Richard I. Beattie Samuel R. Berger

His Eminence Joseph Cardinal Bernardin Robert D. Blackwill

Rudy Boschwitz

Tom Bradley

John E. Bryson

Kevin M. Cahill, M.D.

Philip Caldwell

* Steven E. Carlson Gerhard Casper Anne Cox Chambers Buntzie Ellis Churchill John L. Clendenin

William R. Cline

* Pamela M. J. Cox Rev. James R. Crumley, Jr.

- * Timothy J. Curran
- * Jacquelyn K. Davis
- * Jerome Davis
 - * Elected to five-year term membership.

- * Debora de Hoyos
- * Christopher S. Dickey Christopher J. Dodd Leonard Downie, Jr. Richard L. Duncan
- * Nicholas N. Eberstadt
- * Eric S. Edelman Charles R. Eisendrath Keith P. Ellison Mathea Falco
- * Tim W. Ferguson
- * Stephen J. Flanagan Robert P. Forrestal
- * John D. Fox Harry L. Freeman
- * Paul Fribourg
- *Thomas L. Friedman Philomene A. Gates Nathan Glazer Joseph T. Gorman Thomas Graham, Jr. Robert S. Hatfield Jess T. Hay
- Margaret Daly Hayes
 * Mitchell W. Hedstrom
 Alice H. Henkin
 Charles Frazer Hermann
 Velma Murphy Hill

James B. Holderman Garv C. Hufbauer

Karl F. Inderfurth

- Leon E. Irish
- * Merit E. Janow
- * Paul G. Johnson
- * Richard Alan Johnson John T. Joyce
- * Robert W. Kagan Peter R. Kann Helene L. Kaplan Thomas G. Karis
- * Capt. Lonnie S. Keene, USA John H. Kelly Robert M. Kimmitt Henry L. King
- * Maj. Michael Kirby, USA William S. Kiser, M.D.
- * Christopher A. Kojm Stephen D. Krasner Michael Krepon
- * Paul R. Krugman
- * John C. Kulewicz Robert H. Kupperman

Membership

Lansing Lamont Lt. Gen. Richard D. Lawrence, USA Reynold Levy Stephen R. Lewis, Jr. * I. Lewis Libby David F. Linowes Leon Lynch Donald J. McCouch **Emily MacFarquhar** * Peter Malone * Michael D. Mann Hans M. Mark * Michele G. Markoff Charles F. Meissner Philip Merrill Alan R. Millett * Mike M. Mochizuki Russell B. Newton, Jr. Herbert S. Okun Sara V. Pais * John C. Palenberg Roger P. Parkinson Aulana L. Peters Elizabeth Pond * William M. Reichert Frank H. T. Rhodes Michael D. Rich William B. Richardson John B. Ritch III * Robert Rivard Walter R. Roberts * William Lawrence Rohter, Jr. Brig. Gen. Ervin J. Rokke, USAF Alan D. Romberg Arthur Ross * Scott Sagan * Barbara C. Samuels II Nestor D. Sanchez * David J. Scheffer William Schneider Lt. Gen. George M. Seignious II, USA (Ret.) Raymond P. Shafer * James M. Shannon George H. Shenk Henry Siegman * Jeffrey K. Skilling * Jacqueline R. Slater Lawrence M. Small

* A. Wing Sommers Anthony P. Terracciano

Brooks Thomas

Laurence A. Tisch Peter J. Wallison * Stephen M. Walt

* Gerald F. Warburg II Ben J. Wattenberg Lowell P. Weicker, Jr. Peter C. White

* Dag Wilkinson

* Adrien Katherine Wing Rev. Francis X. Winters, S. J.

* Edward Witten

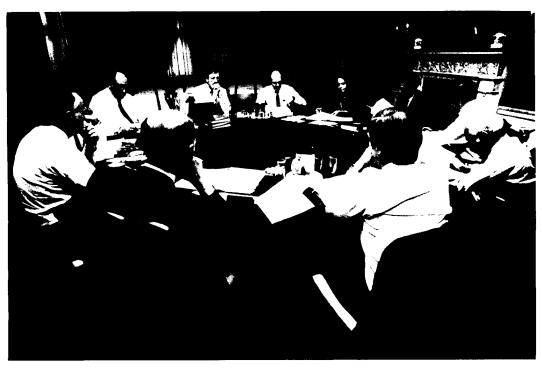
* Nancy Young

Profile of the Membership

As of June 30, 1985, the Council had a total of 2,376 members. This is an increase of 66 over the previous year's total of 2,310 members. The total of the stated membership (defined by By-Law I as those members who are under the age of 70, reside in the United States, and are neither honorary nembers nor five-year term members), measured as of the time of the spring meeting of the Membership Committee, increased by 37, from 1,662 in 1984 to 1,699 in 1985. The total of the stated membership, including resident and non-resident members, remains set at 1,900 with the further requirement that "not less than one-third nor more than one-half shall be composed of resident members."

Of the total membership, 897 were resident in New York, 139 in Boston, 571 in Washington, and the remaining 769 elsewhere in the United States or overseas, as of June 30. Broadly categorized, the membership profile is as follows:

Profession	Number of Members	
Business executives		
(including banking)	649	
Academic scholars and		
administrators	497	
U.S. government officials	262	
Non-profit institution		
administrators	366	
Journalists, correspondents, ar	ıd	
communications executives	250	
Lawyers	241	
Other	111	
Total	2,376	



Membership Committee meeting

It should be noted that 65% of the present total membership of the Council has been elected during the past thirteen years, reflecting in no small part the diligent work of the Membership Committee. Since 1970, when membership was first extended to women, 250 have been elected to membership. Of the 143 individuals elected during the year, 48 came from areas beyond Boston, New York, and Washington, primarily from important international decision-making centers, including Atlanta, Chicago, Los Angeles, San Francisco, and Texas, to mention but a few. Electing qualified members from these and other non-resident areas will remain a high priority for the Membership Committee. Such members help spread the geographical reach of the Council and reflect diverse perspectives that are not always taken into account in foreign policy deliberations.

The major occupational groups that most need strengthening remain, as in recent years, those of commerce and industry (as opposed to lawyers and bankers) under age 50, and labor. The Committee will continue to welcome the nomination of women and minority candidates and persons from occupations or fields not usually associated with foreign policy but where there is a genuine international involvement. Religious leaders and scientists both fall into the last category.

To be considered by the Membership Committee, a candidate must be nominated by a Council member in a letter which should describe in depth his or her qualifications, and must be seconded by one or more Council members. All such letters should be directed to Lorna Brennan, Associate Director of Membership Affairs. Should you wish more information, a short but comprehensive memorandum on membership application procedures is available on request. Lorna Brennan and the staff of the Membership Office are always available to answer any questions that you may have.

Please remember that there are two

cut-off points each year for the submission of materials on candidates to be considered by the Membership Committee: October 15 and March 15. Candidates whose files are not complete on these dates will be put over, without prejudice, into the following cycle. The cut-off point

for submission of proposing and supporting letters for candidates for Council term membership remains January 31.

John Temple Swing Acting President

1985 Board Election

he Council's By-Laws provide for twenty-four elected Directors (plus the President ex officio), divided into three classes of eight, each class to serve for a term of three years. The eight Directors whose current terms expired on August 31, 1985 were Graham T. Allison, Jr., Warren Christopher, Richard L. Gelb, Alan Greenspan, Theodore M. Hesburgh, Lewis T. Preston, David Rockefeller and Clifton R. Wharton, Jr. Two of them, Theodore M. Hesburgh and David Rockefeller, were not eligible for re-election since both had served the maximum number of terms permitted by the By-Laws in effect since 1971, which generally limit length of service to three consecutive

three-year terms. By-Law V also requires that "A Director shall retire on the first day of September of the calendar year in which he or she reaches the age of seventy." Mr. Rockefeller achieved that age during 1985.

The procedures by which Directors are elected were changed in two important ways in 1985. In February, Mr. Rockefeller wrote to all members of the Council welcoming their comments on a proposal recommended by the Nominating Committee and the Board that, henceforth, the Nominating Committee "be called on to construct a slate of nominees equal to the number of vacancies in any election (normally eight, but more than that when the number of vacancies

rises) specifically undertaking to balance the requirements of diverse representation, continuity and functional strength within the Board." The proposal was coupled with a recommendation that the number of non-Board members serving on the Nominating Committee be increased by two, producing a two-to-one ratio between non-Board members and Board members on a 15-member committee. The response of those members who were moved to comment was almost uniformly in favor, and the By-Law amendments required to implement the changes in time for the June, 1985 election were approved.

Pursuant to the amended By-Laws, in April the Nominating Committee, composed of five Board members: Nicholas deB. Katzenbach, Chairman, Philip L. Geyelin, William D. Rogers, Brent Scowcroft, and Marina v.N. Whitman, and eight additional Council members: Ralph P. Davidson, Richard W. Fisher, George S. Franklin, Suzanne Garment, Robert S. Ingersoll, James A. Joseph, Joseph S. Nye, Jr., and William W. Scranton, added two new non-Board members to its ranks: Henry B. Cisneros, Mayor of San Antonio, and Marvin Goldberger, President of the California Institute of Technology. Also in April, after considering a pool of close to 200 names suggested by Council members and in accordance with the By-Laws as recently amended, the Committee developed the following slate of eight candidates for eight vacancies, each of whom indicated willingness to serve if elected: Graham T. Allison, Jr., Warren Christopher, Richard L. Gelb, Alan Greenspan, B.R. Inman, Jeane J. Kirkpatrick,

Lewis T. Preston, and Clifton R. Wharton, Jr.

The Nominating Committee mailed notification of its slate of nominees to each Council member on May 2, 1985, with the reminder that under the By-Laws, the name of any member nominated by the signed petition of ten or more members would be added to the ballot. Two candidates, James Chace and Rita E. Hauser, were so nominated and their names were included on the ballots mailed to all Council members on May 30.

At the annual meeting for the election of Directors, held June 27, 1985, 1,360 members (59.1% of those entitled to vote) were present in person or by proxy. The following eight nominees received more votes than any other nominees and were declared elected Directors of the Council, effective September 1, 1985: Graham T. Allison, Jr., Warren Christopher, Richard L. Gelb, Alan Greenspan, B.R. Inman, Jeane J. Kirkpatrick, Lewis T. Preston and Clifton R. Wharton, Jr. All were allocated three-year terms expiring August 31, 1988.

No member's name was written on as many as ten ballots cast at the June 27 meeting; therefore, no person was nominated for the 1986 election by the write-in procedure for which provision is made in the By-Laws.

Samuel C. Butler, Michael V. Forrestal, and Peter O. A. Solbert served as election overseers as to the receipt and the tabulation of votes and the proceedings at the June 27 meeting.

John Temple Swing Acting President

International Affairs Fellowships

mbarking on its twentieth year, the International Affairs Fellowship Program is designed to advance the professional development of men and women between the ages of 27 and 35. Each year, about a dozen Americans are provided an opportunity to broaden their expertise in the field of international affairs and to add a unique dimension to their careers. The fellowships seek to bridge the chronic gap between thought and action in foreign policy by supporting both a variety of policy studies and active exposure to policy-making. The distinctive character of the program lies in the provision of such contrasting experiences for young individuals working at the nexus of policy research and policy implementation. Thus, academics and others from the private sector are enabled to apply their skills and perspectives in a policy-oriented environment through operational experience in public service. Conversely, government officials, on leave, are provided the opportunity to produce systematic assessments of key issues in a scholarly atmosphere free from the pressures of decision-making.

This year, after intensive efforts to secure adequate financial support to continue the program, a major new grant was received from the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation, a substantial benefactor of the program in previous years. It is anticipated that additional foundation support, to ensure a minimum of a dozen appointments annually, will be forthcoming.

Nominations for fellowship appointments are invited from more than 3,000 members of the foreign policy community; qualified individuals, even without nomination, are also encouraged to enter the competition. Each year, the Advisory Selection Committee, drawing from distinguished individuals in the public and private sectors, evaluates 40 to 70 formal proposals. Members of the Committee who have completed their terms this past year, and to whom the program is deeply indebted, are Professor Gaddis Smith,

Yale's diplomatic historian; Professor Susanne Rudolph, Chairman of the Department of Political and Social Sciences at the University of Chicago; and Professor Harold K. Jacobson, of the Center for Political Studies, Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan.

Additions to the Committee this past year were Lynn Davis, former Assistant Deputy Under Secretary of Defense and recently appointed assistant director of the International Institute for Strategic Studies in London; Edward K. Hamilton, formerly of the National Security Council Staff and Deputy Mayor of New York City, and currently a management consultant in Los Angeles; and Sandy Vogelgesang, the economic counselor at the United States Embassy in Ottawa. Both Drs. Davis and Vogelgesang are alumnae of the IAF program.

Current IAFs

International Affairs Fellows for 1984–85 together with their home institutions, fields of study and locations during their fellowship have been:

Joseph T. Jockel, St. Lawrence University (Can the U.S. implement a new and effective Canada-policy?; Department of State, Washington, D.C.)

Zalmay Khalilzad, Columbia University (Nuclear proliferation and international stability; National Security Council, Department of Defense and Department of State, Washington, D.C.)

Barry Rubin, Georgetown University (Middle East policy-making in the U.S. government; United States Senate, Washington, D.C.)

Scott D. Sagan, Harvard University (Force readiness and crisis management; Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Department of Defense, Washington, D.C. and Council on Foreign Relations, New York)

Francine E. Schulberg, Sutherland, Asbill & Brennan,

(International trade in hazardous products; Office of the United States Trade Representative, Washington, D.C)

David S. Yost, U.S. Naval Postgraduate School

(German-American relations: contrasting assessments of the U.S.S.R. and policy aims and instruments; Department of Defense, Washington, D.C.)

Six IAFs, awarded fellowships in previous competitions, have served their tenures during 1984-85:

- Andrew J. Bacevich, United States Army (The transformation of American military doctrine in the post-Vietnam era; Department of State, Washington, D.C. and Council on Foreign Relations, New York)
- Barbara Insel, The World Bank (The formulation of agricultural marketing policy in developing countries; Continental Grain Company, New York, Minneapolis, and Paris, and Council on Foreign Relations, New York)
- Steven P. Kramer, University of New Mexico
 (U.S. policy and policy-making toward

European socialism; Department of

State, Washington, D.C.)

John S. Odell, Harvard University and University of Southern California (International and domestic negotiations on economic issues; Office of the United States Trade Representative and Institute for International Economics, Washington, D.C.)

James P. Piscatori, The Royal Institute of International Affairs, Chatham House, London, and Australian National University

(Shi'i political movements; United States Congress, Washington, D.C.)

Steven E. Sanderson, University of Florida

(The politics of agricultural trade and food security in Latin America; Office of the United States Trade Representative, Washington, D.C.)

The New Fellows

In choosing the 1985–86 class of Fellows, the Advisory Selection Committee

considered proposals from 52 candidates. From these nominees, a dozen IAFs were chosen and have accepted the Council's award. They will begin their projects at various times during the year.

Bruce D. Berkowitz, University of Minnesota

(Congressional oversight of intelligence production; United States Senate, Washington, D.C.)

- Elizabeth Ann Goldstein, Federal Reserve Bank of New York
 (Trade, finance and the LDC debt problem: the transition to normalcy; Washington, D.C. and New York)
- Joseph M. Grieco, Duke University (U.S. trade policy, international cooperation and the problem of relative gains; Washington, D.C.)
- Steven R. Koltai, Coronet Societé d'Etudes, S.A.
 (Problems in international trade and finance: the role of the entrepreneur and venture capital; University of California at Berkeley and Council on Foreign Relations, New York)
- Robert S. Litwak, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (The determinants of Soviet policy toward southwest Asia: implications for American policy; Washington, D.C.)
- Judith S. McGuire, Agency for International Development

(Dilemmas in addressing world hunger; Resources for the Future, Washington) Aichael E. Ranneberger, Department of

Michael E. Ranneberger, Department of State

(The United States and southern Africa: a case study in foreign policy formulation; Council on Foreign Relations, New York, and Yale University)

- Condoleezza Rice, Stanford University (Squaring the circle: the integration of arms control initiatives and force modernization: Washington, D.C.)
- Richard M. Saunders, United States Military Academy

(The effects of military doctrines, force structures, and advice on the formulation and implementation of U.S. policy in the third world; Washington, D.C.)

International Affairs Fellowships

Robert Schware, Computer Data Systems, Inc.

(Policies for the transfer and "effective" use of microcomputer technology in developing countries; National Research Council and World Bank, Washington, D.C.)

James B. Steinberg, United States Senate (Burden-sharing and Allied cooperation in European defense; International Institute for Strategic Studies, London and NATO, Brussels)

Nancy B. Tucker, Colgate University (Influences on United States policymaking toward the People's Republic of China; Department of State, Washington, D.C.)

Six Fellows, awarded grants in the 1984-85 competition, have deferred their tenures until 1985-86:

Peter F. Cowhey, University of California, San Diego
(American foreign policy and the restructuring of international telecommunications networks; AT&T International, New Jersey)

Karen L. Dawisha, The Brookings Institution and Princeton University (Crisis prevention and management regimes for the third world: U.S. perceptions of Soviet intentions and preferences; Department of State, Washington, D.C. and Council on Foreign Relations, New York)

Daniel S. Koch, Federal Trade Commission

(Conditioning trade relief upon industry adjustment; Europe and Council on Foreign Relations, New York)

Philip R. Lindner, U.S. Military Academy, West Point (Transforming NATO military doctrine: flexible response in the 1980s; International Institute for Strategic Studies, London)

Gale A. Mattox, U.S. Naval Academy, Annapolis (NATO: issues of nuclear and conventional armament policy; Department of State, Washington, D.C.) Ernest J. Wilson, University of Michigan (The foreign policy challenge of export trading companies: domestic adjustments to international change; Petroleum Finance Corporation, Washington, D.C.)

IAF Activities

For the past half dozen years, special programs have been held semi-annually in Washington, D.C., specifically for the Fellows. In addition, current and former Military, State Department, and Press Fellows, selected members of the Council, and spouses attend these sessions. In the Fall of 1984, John Duke Anthony, President of the National Council on U.S.-Arab Relations, spoke on "American Security Interests and Involvement in the Persian Gulf: Implications for Policies and Actions." This spring, following a reception in honor of the Fellows, William B. Blakemore, the Edward R. Murrow Press Fellow at the Council this year, addressed a gathering on the papacy and foreign policy. In addition, at a roundtable seminar in April, Dimitri Simes, of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, and Strobe Talbott, Time's Washington Bureau Chief, led a discussion on the accession of Gorbachev and prospects for U.S.-Soviet relations.

Each Spring, a two-day series of seminars is traditionally held at the Council during which Fellows have the opportunity to share the findings of their projects with one another and individuals invited for their experience and expertise regarding the topic at hand. Council Chairman David Rockefeller's traditional luncheon (and informal discussion) in honor of the Fellows this year was held at the Union Club. Concurrently, Susan Purcell, the Council's Director of Latin American Programs, and Alan Romberg, Director of the Council's Asian Studies, led a roundtable luncheon discussion in honor of the newly appointed Fellows. This year's annual seminars, attended by forty past and present Fellows and held at the Pratt House on June 13 and 14, included the following presentations:

- "U.S. International Trade Objectives and Domestic Politics: Are They Consistent?"
- JOHN S. ODELL, Office of the United States Trade Representative and Institute for International Economics (University of Southern California)
- C. Michael Aho, Council on Foreign Relations, presiding
- "Agriculture: The International Consequences of Domestic Policy"
- BARBARA INSEL, Continental Grain Company and Council on Foreign Relations (The World Bank)
- Helena Stalson, Council on Foreign Relations, presiding
- "Bilateral and Multilateral Efforts to Encourage and Protect International Private Investment"
- PAMELA B. GANN, Office of the United States Trade Representative and International Monetary Fund (Duke University)
- John T. Basek, Multinational Strategies, Inc., presiding
- "Managing United States-Canada Relations"
- JOSEPH T. JOCKEL, Department of State (St. Lawrence University)
- Brandon W. Sweitzer, Marsh & McLennan, Inc., presiding
- "The Identity Crisis of European Socialism and the Crisis in Central America" STEVEN P. KRAMER, Department of State (University of New Mexico)
- Susan K. Purcell, Council on Foreign Relations, presiding
- "Congress and Foreign Policy: Limits of Leverage on the Middle East and Central America"
- BARRY RUBIN, United States Senate (Georgetown University)
- Paul Kreisberg, Council on Foreign Relations, presiding

- "German-American Security Relations: The Case of the Strategic Defense Initiative"
- DAVID S. YOST, Department of Defense (United States Naval Postgraduate School)
- Andrew J. Pierre, Council on Foreign Relations, presiding
- "Nuclear Alerts and Crisis Management"
 SCOTT D. SAGAN, Department of Defense
 (Harvard University)
- Michael E. Mandelbaum, Lehrman Institute, presiding
- "Give and Take on American Foreign Policy: The Next 3½ Years"
- WINSTON LORD, Council on Foreign Relations
- Alton Frye, Council on Foreign Relations, presiding

Overview

The program retains its focus on providing contrasting career experiences for young foreign policy professionals, affording academics the opportunity to participate in a policy-making environment and policy-makers a chance to reflect and write in suitable settings away from operational pressures.

The contributions of individual Fellows, especially in government service, have bred increased demand for Fellows to work in both the executive and legislative branches; a number of university and research institutions are also alert to possible opportunities to have Fellows in residence, so that the variety of placements continues to expand. We are particularly pleased to note that in recent months Fellows have been invited to serve in delicate and responsible roles in the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, positions usually off limits to anyone in a private program.

In recent years the program has taken on a truly national complexion in regard to the applicant pool at large and the grant recipients. The recent contingent of Fellows, for example, highlights

International Affairs Fellowships

this diversity with natives of Texas, Florida, Alabama, Massachusetts, and even Afghanistan and Hungary; IAFs holding doctorates or law degrees ranging from Cornell and MIT to the London School of Economics and the University of California at Berkeley; and with institutional affiliations at the time of appointment as Fellows from Annapolis and West Point, Duke, Stanford and the Australian National University to the U.S. Agency of International Development, Federal Trade Commission and United States Senate.

A relatively recent development within the program has been the inclusion of candidates, over a dozen of them successful grantees, from the corporate sector and military services, to complement the applicants usually emanating from academe and government agencies. Conversely, several IAFs from govern-

ment and academe have spent, or are currently spending, their fellowship tenures at multinational firms including Continental Grain Company, the Petroleum Finance Corporation of Sears World Trade, Inc., and AT&T International.

Although the pool of women and minority candidates for appointments in international affairs remains limited, it is gradually swelling. The IAF Program is proud that, among the black Americans who have been Fellows, two have risen to ambassadorial rank in the foreign service: Donald F. McHenry and George E. Moose. Among women Fellows, several have moved on to roles of major distinction and responsibility: Paula Stern as chairwoman of the International Trade Commission, Catherine Kelleher as a senior professor in the University of Maryland's graduate program in national security affairs, Lynn Davis as assistant



IAF Seminar

director of the International Institute for Strategic Studies in London, Joan Spero as a senior vice president of American Express, Pamela Gann as an eminent member of the Duke University law faculty, and Sandy Vogelgesang as a high ranking career Foreign Service Officer now serving as the senior economic counsellor at our Ottawa embassy. We note that four of the twelve Fellows chosen for 1985-86 are women (compared to three of twelve in 1984-85), a disproportionately high success rate for the number of nominees presented to the selection committee.

As one collateral measure of the Fellowship Program's effectiveness in identifying future leaders in the field, more than sixty Fellows have subsequently been elected to membership in the Council on Foreign Relations, a distinction based on rigorous competition and reflecting an independent evaluation of the individual's achievement and promise.

Without exception, the contingent of

IAFs who have served during 1984–85 has compiled an exemplary record, whether based at the Council, overseas, at the Pentagon, Department of State, White House or Capitol Hill. Also of note is that for the first time in the history of the program, a Fellow served in the corporate sector, at a multinational trading firm.

Recent experience has confirmed the value of the program's central concept. That experience has also bolstered the growing involvement of the Fellows in the activities and work of the Council, both during and after their appointments. As it enters its twentieth year, the program reaffirms its mandate to bridge the worlds of policy action and policy analysis and to link the generations of Americans professionally concerned with U.S. foreign policy and international relations.

Alton Frye Director

Kempton Dunn Associate Director

The Committees on Foreign Relations

he Committees on Foreign Relations affiliated with the Council in 38 cities have had a banner year, establishing records in the total number of meetings (361) and total membership (3,817). (The previous records were 347 and 3,767, respectively.)

The Committees are informal educational organizations that bring their members together, usually for a monthly dinner meeting from September through June, to discuss problems of foreign policy with visiting speakers. In governance, membership invitation, finance, and program selection, the Committees are autonomous. Each is administered by a locally chosen Committee Secretary whose substantive qualifications, energy and community ties are fundamental to the success of the Committee. He/she advises the Director of Committees, who provides about 60 percent of the Committees' discussion leaders, as to the group's interests in terms of speakers and topics, and arranges the remainder of the Committee's speakers.

The Council and the Committees

This sizable network of groups made up largely of opinion makers in the field of foreign affairs is not duplicated anywhere else in the world. It adds greatly to the ability of the Council to extend its nonpartisan educational efforts nationwide, supplemented by the Council's membership in various parts of the country. In order to strengthen its links with the Committees, the Council invites Committee members to attend its general meetings in New York City and Washington (Committee Secretaries receive the Council's monthly calendar of meetings) and to participate in regional events, such as the meetings and conferences arranged for Council members during the past year in Los Angeles, Minneapolis-St. Paul and San Francisco. These have been well attended by Committee members from neighboring cities and states.

In addition, many Council publications have been distributed to the Committees. All issues of *Council Briefings*, a

newsletter containing information about the Committees as well as all other Council activities, and the list of recent Council books were sent by direct mail to every Committee member, and copies of Canada and the United States, the Final Report of the 68th American Assembly, co-sponsored by the Council and the American Assembly, were sent to all members of selected Committees. Copies of every Council-published paperback, including the European-American Project series, were sent to each Committee Secretary to be loaned to Committee members interested in the particular subject matter. They were notified, as well, of the availability to Committee members of a 25 percent discount on Council published books. Committee Secretaries were also supplied, for their members, copies of the Council President's circular letter and substantive papers such as the texts of talks at the Council by Thomas L. Friedman and Zbigniew Brzezinski.

Committee Secretaries are regularly provided information about Council members moving to their areas so that they can be invited to meetings and/or to join the Committee. A number of Committees have extended to Council members who do not choose to join the privilege of attending selected meetings at cost.

Committee members, through Committee Secretaries, are invited to nominate candidates for the Council's International Affairs Fellowships, described elsewhere in this report. Over a period of years a number of the Fellows selected have come from these sources.

For the benefit of the public, Committee Secretaries arrange, for visiting speakers who are willing, media interviews, editorial backgrounders, and meetings with other non-overlapping audiences, such as college and university faculty members and graduate students. Some 300 such outreach events were arranged by Committee Secretaries during this season.

Committee Programs

Interest in Latin America, as revealed in program content during the season, continued to be high. A total of 47 meetings related to that area, 33 of them focused on Central America, Nicaragua and Mexico. National security was covered with 45 meetings, 29 of them devoted to arms control (up from 13 the year before) and 6 to intelligence as a factor in foreign policy. A substantial number of meetings dealt with the Middle East (40), with Europe (38), and with the U.S.S.R. and U.S.-Soviet relations (39). Developments in Northeast Asia and the Pacific were discussed at 37 meetings, 19 of them on China; and ASEAN and Southeast Asia were treated at 23. Africa received greater emphasis than ever before-24 meetings-of which half related to South Africa. At 19 meetings South Asia was the subject. World economic issues were the theme at 18 meetings, 16 of them relating to international debt. Other subjects included international law, the media and foreign policy, and the United Nations.

As indicated elsewhere in this report, some of the Committees profited from the presence in the United States of the Council's Walter J. Levy Fellow, Aquilino Pimentel, who led discussions for the Committees in Boston, Philadelphia, St. Louis and Worcester.

Committee members participated in seven regional events arranged by the Council, as follows: in Los Angeles, three luncheon meetings (with Louis Nel, Mario Ramon Beteta and Admiral William J. Crowe, respectively), and two dinner meetings (with Sol M. Linowitz and Edward L. Rowny); in Minneapolis, a luncheon meeting with Malcolm Fraser; and in San Francisco, a Conference (at which the dinner speaker was Michael H. Armacost), which was attended by Committee members from cities in California and other states. (Details are supplied



Winston Lord, George C. Paine, II, and Caspar Weinberger, at the Regional Conference in Nashville, arranged by the Birmingham, Louisville and Nashville Committees

The Committees on Foreign Relations



Franklin Hall Williams, Alan L. Keyes, and John C. Bierly, 47th Annual Conference

elsewhere in this report.) On the average, about half those in attendance at each event were Committee members. The value of these events is the opportunity they afford for an exchange of views not only with the visiting speakers, but among Council and Committee members and the Council officers who attend.

Two regional conferences were arranged locally, with assistance from the Council, to which Council and Committee members in the region were invited. Thus in May the Secretaries of the Albuquerque, Phoenix and Tucson Committees held a Conference in Phoenix for discussions with the Ambassadors of the six ASEAN countries: Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Brunei. Winston Lord presented a summary comment at the end of the Conference. A day later, at a Conference in Nashville arrranged by the Secretaries of the Birmingham, Louisville and Nashville Committees, Caspar Weinberger spoke at luncheon. This was followed by

discussions on East-West relations, led by Donald A. Papp of the Georgia Institute of Technology and Richard S. Pipes of Harvard University, and on North-South relations, led by Francisco Campbell, Minister Counselor at Nicaragua's Embassy in Washington, and Susan Kaufman Purcell, Senior Fellow and Director of the Council's Latin American program. Winston Lord presided.

The 47th Annual Conference of the Committees, held at the Council, June 6-8, attracted the largest attendance ever: 81 Committee members from 35 of the Committees, 13 Council members (only a small selection of those most interested in the topic were invited), and 17 Council staff members—a total of 111. The Conference theme was "The U.S. and South Africa: Interests, Aims and Options." (Discussion leaders are listed below.) At dinner the evening of June 7, Franklin A. Thomas, President of the Ford Foundation, spoke. Stephen Low presided at all the Friday sessions and



Reception for the Committees at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. McKinney

Jennifer Seymour Whitaker presided the following morning.

Speakers

More Council members than ever before (55) led Committee discussions during the year, namely:

> Kenneth L. Adelman James E. Akins Peter D. Bell L. Dean Brown Abram Chayes Antonia Chayes Jerome A. Cohen Richard E. Combs, Jr. Jane Abell Coon William J. Crowe Jonathan Dean Arnaud de Borchgrave Richard D. Erb Tom J. Farer S.R. Foley Alton Frye Richard Garwin Marshall I. Goldman James Nelson Goodsell Paul F. Gorman Peter Grose

Richard N. Haass Amoretta M. Hoeber Fred Charles Ikle William E. Jackson Paul Kreisberg Roger Kubarych Sol M. Linowitz Winston Lord Abraham Lowenthal Clare Booth Luce Charles William Maynes Ambler H. Moss John D. Negroponte David D. Newsom Paul H. Nitze Robert B. Oxnam Guy Pauker Andrew J. Pierre Richard E. Pipes Nelson W. Polsby Susan Kaufman Purcell Olin C. Robinson Edward L. Rowny Lawrence Scheinman George P. Shultz **Dimitri Simes** Helmut Sonnenfeldt William H. Sullivan

The Committees on Foreign Relations

John Temple Swing Stansfield Turner Alexander Vershbow Caspar Weinberger Jennifer Seymour Whitaker Dov S. Zakheim

Among the 88 statesmen and experts of other nationalities who led a total of 141 Committee discussions were the following:

Ejaz Azim, Ambassador of Pakistan K. Shankar Bajpai, Ambassador of India

Sergio Correa da Costa, Ambassador of Brazil

Lucio Garcia del Solar, Ambassador of Argentina

Werner Holzer, Editor-in-Chief, Frankfurter Rundschau

Rafic Jouejati, Ambassador of Syria Tommy T. B. Koh, Ambassador of Singapore

Marcos G. McGrath, Archbishop of Panama

Inga Thorsson, Under Secretary of State, Sweden

At the Annual Conference, discussion leaders were:

Fikile Bam, Visiting Fellow, Southern African Research Program, Yale University

Phil Christenson, Professional Staff Member, Senate Foreign Relations Committee

Donald B. Easum, President, African-American Institute

Willard R. Johnson, *Professor*, *Political Science Department*, *Massachusetts Institute of Technology*

Alan L. Keyes, United States Representative, United Nations Economic and Security Council

Stephen Low, Director, Foreign Service Institute

Stephen Solarz, Member, U.S. House of Representatives

Maurice F. Strong, Executive Coordinator, United Nations Office for Emergency Operations in Africa Franklin A. Thomas, President, Ford Foundation

Sir John Thomson, Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom to the United Nations

Kurt R. S. von Schirnding, Permanent Representative of South Africa to the United Nations

Jennifer Seymour Whitaker, Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

During the coming year the Council will continue to assist Committee leaders' efforts to focus Committee discussion on foreign policy problems of current importance and to insure hearings of differing points of view on controversial issues. We shall also continue to strengthen the bonds between the Council and the Committees by such means as inviting Committee members to Council-arranged regional events and assisting Committees that seek to arrange regional events on their own. As feasible, we will arrange one (or more) parallel study groups in a Committee city, to involve Council and Committee members expert on the study group's theme.

> Rolland Bushner Director, Committees on Foreign Relations

The Committees

Albuquerque Nashville Atlanta Omaha **Billings** Philadelphia Birmingham **Phoenix Boise** Portland, Me. **Boston** Portland, Ore. Casper Providence Charlottesville Rochester Cleveland Salt Lake City Denver San Franciso Des Moines Santa Barbara Detroit Seattle Honolulu St. Paul-Minneapolis Houston St. Louis Indianapolis Tampa Bay Area Little Rock Tucson Los Angeles Tulsa Louisville Wichita

Worcester

Miami

The Corporate Program

or the fourth consecutive year, corporate subscriptions have totalled over one million dollars. Not only has this sum helped defray general Council expenses, it has also allowed the Corporate Program to continue to expand its meetings and special conferences for our corporate members.

While a full list of seminars and meetings for this past year follows, some of the highlights include: an afternoon meeting with the Acting Soviet Trade Representative to the United States, A.V. Melnikov; roundtable dinners with Zbigniew Brzezinski and Peter Peterson; a Washington Conference on crisis management; and a Seminar on U.S. trade policy featuring Robert Strauss, former U.S. Trade Representative, and current Secretary of Commerce Malcolm Baldrige. In short, it was a good program year. We will strive to surpass it this coming year.

Plans are already under way to add a new feature in years to come, namely, a Corporate Program sponsored trip to a country whose trade relations are especially important to the U.S. The first trip has been scheduled for Canada, including meetings with the Prime Minister and other key government officials. The trip will involve twelve to fifteen chief executive officers whose companies have a major interest in Canadian trade. We hope that by this time next year the outcome will have been positive enough for the Corporate Program to schedule another such trip to an equally important trading partner nation.

This new program will, of course, be in addition to the following benefits which accrue to all members of the program.

- An annual black-tie dinner exclusively for chairmen, presidents and managing partners of member companies, with an address by a prominent statesman.
- 2. Semi-annual seminars held each fall and spring which examine in depth a particular world problem, the ramifications of which affect American business.

- 3. A series of special afternoon meetings in which top executives discuss specific foreign policy issues that affect their business overseas.
- Corporate Program members are included in selected regular members' meetings when the subject is germane to the business community.
- Corporate Program members may be considered for participation in selected study and discussion groups that have bearing on their particular industries.
- 6. The corporate membership is asked to submit the names of up-and-coming young executives as candidates for the Council's International Affairs Fellowship awards. These fellowships are for one year, and those executives chosen gain experience in the intricacies of international policy in the making.
- 7. Corporate Program members may use the Council's Library on international affairs—a specialized collection of some 40,000 volumes, with a continuous clipping service of leading world newspapers and periodicals.
- 8. The Council's journal, Foreign Affairs, is sent to designated company executives. Other Council publications are offered to corporate subscribers either without charge or at a substantial discount.
- 9. In addition to our corporate seminars and afternoon meetings, the Corporate Program has instituted a one-day conference in Washington on a political or economic topic of immediate importance.
- A series of small executive luncheons providing industrial managers with background briefings and discussion of a critical issue.
- 11. Occasional small roundtable evening dinners for chief executive officers when appropriate.

The Corporate Program is crucial to the Council. Thus, it is a pleasure not only to welcome those new corporate members who joined this year, but also to thank those companies that have been

The Corporate Program

so active and generous over the years. These memberships allow the Corporate Program not only to offer the kind of full schedule as listed, but also to experiment constantly with new corporate events that

will benefit the members and enrich the Council's agenda.

John A. Millington Director, Corporate Program

Corporate Program Seminars Fall 1984 Seminar

November 15-16, 1984

"High Technology: What's Ahead & Who's Ahead"

Chairman of the Seminar: Frank Press

President, National Academy of Sciences

I. Managing Technological Changes Dinner Speaker: B.R. Inman

President and CEO, MCC Corporation

II. Technology-What's Ahead

Speaker: James Baker

Executive Vice President, General Electric Company

III. The High Technology Race: Cooperation & Competition

Speaker: Keisuke Yawata

President and CEO, NEC Electronics

IV. Machine Intelligence Moves Ahead

Speaker: Robert S. Cooper

Assistant Secretary (Research & Technology); Director, Defense Advance Research Projects Agency, U.S. Department of Defense

V. The Administration's Plan to Keep the U.S. Number One in High Technology

Luncheon Speaker: Clarence J. Brown

Deputy Secretary, U.S. Department of Commerce

Presider: Rodney W. Nichols

Executive Vice President, The Rockefeller University

Washington Conference

March 27, 1985

"Aftermath of an International Corporate Crisis: Management Response and Press Reaction"

Presider of the Conference: Arthur Taylor

Chairman, Arthur Taylor & Co.

I. Anatomy of the Bhopal Crisis

Speaker: Stuart Diamond

Correspondent, The New York Times

Speaker: Paul Shrivastava

Professor, Graduate School of Business Administration, New York University

Speaker: T. George Harris

Editor, American Health Magazine

II. Anatomy of Successful Crisis Management

Luncheon Speaker: James Burke

Chairman and CEO, Johnson & Johnson

III. International Implications and The Press Response

Speaker: Zoltan Merszei

Vice Chairman, Occidental Petroleum Corporation

Speaker: Daniel Schorr

Senior Correspondent, Cable News Network

Spring 1985 Seminar

June 10-11, 1985

"U.S. Trade Policy-What Next?"

Chairman of the Seminar: C. Michael Aho

Senior Fellow, Council on Foreign Relations

I. U.S. Trade Policy—A Current Assessment

Dinner Speaker: Robert S. Strauss

Partner, Akin, Gump, Strauss, Hauer & Feld

Presider: Winston Lord

President, Council on Foreign Relations

II. What Business Can Do To Improve U.S.-Japan Relations

Speaker: Kazuo Nomura

President, Sumitomo Electric U.S.A., Inc.

III. International Business—A Corporate Perspective

Speaker: John L. Huck

President and Chief Operating Officer, Merck & Company



Paul Shrivastava, Zolta Merszei, T. George Harris, Arthur Taylor and James Burke

The Corporate Program



Malcolm Baldrige and Winston Lord



Helena Stalson and Robert S. Strauss

IV. Canada-U.S. Trade In a Multilateral Context

Speaker: Robert Johnstone

Consul General of Canada, New York

V. Reflections on the U.S. Trade Mission to China, India, and the U.S.S.R.

Luncheon Speaker: Malcolm Baldrige

Secretary, U.S. Department of Commerce

Presider: Winston Lord

President, Council on Foreign Relations

Corporate Program Meetings/Dinners/Luncheons

Speaker and Topic

SIR JOHN BREMRIDGE

Financial Secretary, Hong Kong

"The Current Outlook for the Economy of Hong Kong"

KAZUO WAKASUGI

Vice Minister, Ministry of International Trade and Industry (MITI), Japan

"A Conversation with the Vice Minister"

PAUL KREISBERG

Director of Studies, Council on Foreign Relations "U.S. Relations with Asia in the 1990's"

O.S. Relations with Asia in the 1770 s

LIONEL OLMER

Under Secretary of Commerce for International Trade,

U.S. Department of Commerce

"The U.S. Trade Deficit"

A.V. MELNIKOV

Acting Soviet Trade Representative to the United States "Prospects and Opportunities for U.S.-U.S.S.R. Trade"

James H. Giffen October 30, 1984

Presider and Date

Richard W. Wheeler

September 17, 1984

September 24, 1984

October 18, 1984

October 18, 1984

Winston Lord

Luncheon

Luncheon

Paul Elicker

Dinner

^{*} Joint Corporate Program/Council members' meeting

The Corporate Program

ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI

Dinner

Speaker and Topic Presider and Date December 13, 1984 WILLIAM HYLAND Editor, Foreign Affairs Luncheon "U.S.-U.S.S.R. Relations" PETER G. PETERSON* Felix Rohatyn January 22, 1985 Chairman, Peterson, Jacobs & Company "The Deficits—Domestic and External—The Dollar, The Debt; Are They Sustainable?" Felix Rohatyn PETER G. PETERSON January 22, 1985 Dinner LIONEL OLMER February 20, 1985 Under Secretary of Commerce for International Dinner Trade, U.S. Department of Commerce "U.S.-U.S.S.R. Trade Relations' Robert V. Roosa ALAN GREENSPAN* March 18, 1985 President, Townsend-Greenspan "World Finance: The Driving Force of American Economic Policy" Winston Lord ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI Senior Adviser, Center for Strategic and May 7, 1985 International Studies, Georgetown University "Key Issues in American Foreign Policy"

Winston Lord

May 7, 1985

The Library

revious reports of the Library have customarily stated that the interests and pursuits of the Council set the pace for the seven of us who dwell in the information zone—the Council's program is our program, and good libraries are good business.

It is a pleasure to report this year that two highlights supersede business as usual. First, the acquisition of Nexis, our first automatic information-retrieval installation putting us, at long last, fully into the electronic world. It is already obvious that it will prove its worth the more it is used and will greatly enhance and augment the vast clipping files already established. As Nexis constantly revises its content and size so will our information services. The statistics in this area for 1984–85 were 25,000 clippings added, 911 folders borrowed, and 122 new folders opened.

The second highlight is the funding for the filming of clipping files, which are beginning to cause problems of space and deterioration. This will extend the time-frame of film holdings through 1966 and give us more space for current material.

We continue to be a depository library for United Nations and European Economic Community documents, and a weekly service supplies us with lists of U.S. government documents and hearings that are available. The ever-growing book and periodical collection is in constant use. Last year 918 volumes were added and 519 withdrawn; almost 2,400 books and documents were circulated; and 3,700 cards were added to the catalog. These figures do not include everyday use of reference materials, atlases, biographical dictionaries, language dictionaries, yearbooks, annual reports and daily newspapers, or the Council's archival material held in the Library and now opened to 1960.

Total inquiries again reached over 3,500 and with 38% of the outside calls coming from Corporate Program members. We urge all members of the Council to remember that the Library is here for your benefit.

A word about the Library professional staff both nostalgic and up-to-date. In this 40th anniversary year of the United Nations we like to remember that our founding librarian Ruth Savord served at the request of the State Department on the information team that worked with the United Nations Conference in San Francisco in 1945.

We also work outside the Council in various ways. The Librarian continues to serve as a member of the Board of Trustees of METRO, and attended the SLA conference in June in Winnipeg, Canada. Janis A. Kreslins lectured on the history and book publishing of the Baltic countries at the New York Public Library and Western Michigan University. He also initiated the acquisition of microfilmed pre-World War I Baltic newspapers at Helsinki University Library by Harvard College Library.

I am indebted to the Library staff who are always so loyal and supportive. On their behalf and for myself may I add a word of tribute to our departing President, Winston Lord, whose mind and door were always open, who made us an integral part of the Council structure and, most of all, appreciated and made use of the Library.

Janet Rigney Librarian

Development Activities

uring the past year, the Council returned "to the well" twice in asking members to participate in Annual Giving and to support generously The Campaign for the Council, the \$14.5 million endowment drive that began in September, 1984, and ends on December 31, 1985.

In a year when members would receive a "double ask," the pessimists expressed concern that Annual Giving income would drop off significantly. Happily, this was not the case. Although Annual Giving donations did not increase to meet budgeted goals as the optimists had hoped, the total raised through Annual Giving during our Campaign for the Council year was approximately what had been donated in the two previous fiscal years.

In hindsight, analysis of our fund raising efforts for the past year indicate that the pragmatists were correct. They forecasted that members who previously contributed to Annual Giving would generously support The Campaign for the Council, but most of them would not increase their Annual Giving at the same time. Also, they were accurate in predicting that most members who had not previously donated to the Council would be slow to commit themselves to contribute either to Annual Giving or to endowment this year.

The good news is that Annual Giving participation now includes approximately half the membership; and, as of this writing in early August, The Campaign for the Council has reached \$14.1 million of its \$14.5 million campaign goal. A successful outcome by the end of the calendar year looks very favorable indeed.

To those many members who continue to honor our annual and special appeals for financial support, a thousand thanks on behalf of the Council, its directors, and staff.

For those members who have not participated, it will be necessary to remind them that the Council is a non-profit, non-partisan, membership orga-

nization. It is a fact of life for such organizations, as for the Council, that a strong and secure base of membership and endowment support is of critical importance in being able to plan, develop and carry out first-rate programs that benefit all members. We must effectively communicate that a member's "fair share" responsibility to the Council in maintaining its pre-eminent position in the study and debate of foreign policy is more than merely paying dues.

In addition to contributions from individual members and other friends, the Council received generous gift and grant support from corporations and foundations during this past year. The Board of Directors and Campaign for the Council Executive Committee are very grateful for the ready response from these institutions in support of our campaign. As well as helping achieve campaign objectives, grant support will be applied to specific study areas, thereby strengthening institutional relationships through program accomplishments.

Development Office

The Development Office is responsible for conducting a comprehensive fund-raising program consisting of Annual Giving, Planned and Deferred Giving, foundation grant solicitations, and special capital and selective endowment campaigns.

Gifts and grants by members, corporations, foundations and other friends of the Council increased substantially over the past year. Total contributed income from all sources, including gifts of capital and endowment, amounted to \$4,502,600 for 1984–85, an impressive increase of \$2,198,900 or 95% over the \$2,303,700 contributed the previous fiscal year. (These results do not reflect income received from the Council's Corporate Program, which is wholly separate, and is covered on page 111, above.)

Annual Giving

The importance of Annual Giving or contributed income from "annual guaran-

Development Activities

tors" to use for annual operating expenses cannot be emphasized strongly enough. It is the lifeblood of most non-profit membership organizations, the Council included. Annual Giving in addition to dues is also a vote of confidence expressed by individual members about the Council's work.

It is very gratifying to note that since a formal Annual Giving program seeking funds from all members began in 1978–79, participation and donations have increased steadily from 21.6% and \$169,200 to 50% membership participation and \$379,300 contributed to the Council in 1984–85. A good deal of credit for the dramatic increase in donors and dollars over this period is due to the volunteer chairmen and their committee members who actively and effectively solicited fellow members for new and increased contributions.

The slight decrease of membership participation and donations from the previous year is an aberration from the trend and can mostly be attributed to the success of the Council's \$14.5 million endowment campaign, which began in September 1984.

The following statistics demonstrate the dramatic growth of membership participation and donations since 1978–79:

Fiscal	Contributing Members		Contributed Support
1978-79	422 o	r 21.6%	\$169,200
1979-80	512	25.2	\$251,900
1980-81	601	27.7	\$279,000
1981-82	862	40.3	\$290,922
1982-83	930	46.6	\$406,425
1983-84	1,060	50.1	\$387,971
1984-85	1,014	49.6	\$379,300

Annual Giving by members will continue to be the foundation of contributed support to the Council. I remain optimistic about my earlier projections and believe that members who pledge gifts to The Campaign for the Council but are not currently Annual Giving donors will resume their support, once campaign objectives are achieved and members

become involved in increasingly more dynamic Council activities.

The effective and successful work of the Annual Giving Committee was replaced this year by The Campaign for the Council Executive Committee. Campaign volunteers participating in all three phases of the endowment campaign assumed the responsibility of personally soliciting assigned Council members for endowment gifts and pledges to the Campaign.

Since Annual Giving income for operating purposes is essential to maintain current programs, Winston Lord as President of the Council agreed, without benefit of an Annual Giving Committee, to assume the added role of Chairman of Annual Giving for the past year and to write to Council members for new and renewed support.

The June 30, 1985, fiscal year and results indicate that 1,004 contributors donated \$379,300 to Annual Giving. This figure is a decrease of \$8,700, or 2\%, from the previous fiscal year. In reality, members continued to make donations intended for the 1984–85 program year (after June 30, 1985), amounting to \$23,600. These gifts, falling into our 1985–86 fiscal year, cannot be officially recorded for accounting purposes. However, total income from members remains consistent with what has been donated for the past two fiscal years. Even so, Annual Giving did not meet our budgeted goal of \$450,000 this year and is considerably less than the \$555,000 trend projection indicated two years ago before embarking upon The Campaign for the Council.

Special Grants and Gifts

During 1984–1985, the Council on Foreign Relations received special grants and matching gift contributions from corporations and foundations for a variety of Council projects, programs and purposes. Many of these granting institutions have participated in The Campaign for the Council and are listed as donors on the following section and are mentioned else-

where in the Annual Report. Without this support, the Council would be severely limited in the depth and breadth of its programs

The following organizations provided operating grant and gift support to the Council in 1984–85:

Matching Gifts
Chemical Bank
Citibank/Citicorp
Pfizer, Inc.
The Prospect Hill Foundation
Reader's Digest Foundation

Council Program Grants Florence V. Burden Foundation Chase Manhattan Bank Conoco, Inc. Ford Foundation Foster Charitable Trust General Electric Foundation German Marshall Fund of the United States Grace Foundation IBM World Trade Americas/Far East Corporation Krön Chocolatier, Inc. The Henry Luce Foundation John D. & Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation N.L. Industries Foundation National Endowment for the Humanities Rockefeller Brothers Fund Rockefeller Foundation Star Expansion Tinker Foundation Unilever United States, Inc. United States-Japan Foundation Xerox Foundation

Capital Funds

Over the past two decades, the Council has conducted selected capital fund drives to achieve certain objectives. We are pleased that as a result of one of the recent efforts and the generosity of donors who participated, the Council was able to expand its physical plant with the purchase of the two brownstones next door to the Harold Pratt House. In Jan-

uary 1984, the Council's newly renovated townhouses were ready for occupancy, although funds are still needed for the renovation costs. From a planning viewpoint, this could be visualized as the "bricks and mortar" phase of our more recent Council efforts. In this sense, the 1984–85 Campaign for the Council represents the "program development" phase, which complements, and could not have been implemented without, the generosity of contributors to these past capital drives.

Pledges to the John J. McCloy Endowment, established in 1977 to honor Mr. McCloy's outstanding services to the nation as well as his exceptional service to the Council over the years, now stand at \$1,862,388, with receipts of \$1,861,965 which now virtually concludes this campaign, but not our many thanks to the many friends who made possible this wonderful tribute to honor John J. McCloy.

During the past year, the Council's Capital Funds (exclusive of The Campaign for the Council) were augmented by gifts, including pledges and/or payments of earlier pledges, amounting to \$20,300. Additions to endowment were made through generous bequests from the estates of William Burden, William C. Foster Charitable Trust and Leo Model. Further payments and gifts to the Council's Building and Renovation Fund, initiated in 1979–80, were also recorded. In 1984–85, \$10,000 in outstanding pledges was paid to this fund, raising the total received to \$1,861,965.

Capital funds and endowment provide the means to expand facilities and develop new programs as well as financial security for the Council's future. For this financial support we are especially grateful to the members and friends who make these gifts possible.

The Campaign for the Council

The Council's reputation as a leading foreign policy research, study and membership organization has not been earned by taking the short view. Its perspective,

Development Activities



Campaign Executive Committee meeting: Peter G. Peterson and Douglas Dillon, above; Peter C. McColough, David Rockefeller, Winston Lord, John Swing and Lewis T. Preston, below.



Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/09/02: CIA-RDP90-00806R000100210066-5

for over sixty years, has been on longrange planning and objectives, as well as keeping on top of breaking developments in foreign policy.

This same perspective must also be applied to how the Council is funded. From a practical point of view, the Council must be assured of long term financial security if it is to do sustained, coherent work.

Three years ago it became apparent that a number of circumstances warranted a major endowment campaign to provide financial and program security for this decade and beyond.

Annual income from dues, contributions, publications and limited investment income are all crucial, but by themselves they will not provide the means to significantly strengthen and develop new programs. The Council must have the means to attract senior fellows in certain areas of considered importance which were not receiving sufficient attention here. If the Council planned to expand its Studies Program and senior fellow staff, meetings program and membership services, and nascent but important national outreach objectives, increased endowment and long-term funding had to be secured.

The Campaign for the Council endowment drive was the result of a yearlong process, begun with a feasibility study conducted by George A. Brakeley, Jr. of Brakeley, John Price Jones, Inc. and a "case statement" prepared by Council staff for the Board of Directors to review, discuss and act upon. In February 1983, the Board approved a \$14.5 million campaign goal. David Rockefeller and Douglas Dillon assumed responsibility as Co-Chairmen with C. Peter McColough, Chairman of Xerox Corporation, agreeing to manage the conduct of the Campaign as Campaign Chairman. At the same time, the following Council members agreed to serve on the Campaign Executive Committee:

George S. Franklin Richard L. Gelb Peter G. Peterson Lewis T. Preston Frederick P. Rose S. Bruce Smart, Jr. Stephen Stamas Cyrus R. Vance Martha R. Wallace Walter B. Wriston Winston Lord John Temple Swing

The Campaign officially began in September, 1983, with leadership gifts donated by the Board of Directors, former directors, and other close friends of the Council family.

In April 1984, 100 Council members agreed to be Phase II solicitors for the Campaign. A series of orientation meetings were conducted in early fall 1984. In January, 1985, approximately 100 other members agreed to be Phase III volunteers to follow-up campaign appeals with personal telephone calls to other members.

In all, approximately 250 Council members participated in The Campaign for the Council, which will officially end on December 31, 1985. As of this writing in early August, \$14.1 million in gifts and pledges have been received. A final report of The Campaign for the Council listing the names of volunteers and donors will be prepared and mailed to members following the conclusion of the Campaign. As a small token of its deep gratitude, the Council will provide full donor recognition and a special memento will be given to all contributors in appreciation for their generosity and participation in the Campaign.

Meanwhile, a partial list of donors, including only the names of individuals, corporations and foundations who have made gifts or pledges totaling \$10,000 or more to the Campaign, follows:

Individuals

Agnelli, Giovanni Altman, Roger C. Anonymous Armand G. Erpf Fund

Development Activities

Auletta Armenise, Giovanni

Ball, George W. Barber, Perry O., Jr. Batkin, Alan R. Beinecke, William S. Breck, Henry R. Cowles, Gardner David-Weill, Michel Davis, Marvin

Debs, Mr. and Mrs. Richard

Dillon, Douglas Ellsworth, Robert F. Eweson, Dorothy Fenster, Stephen Fisher, Pieter A. Franklin, George S. Fribourg, Michel Friedman, Stephen Gelb, Richard L. Gordon, Albert Graham, Katharine Gutfreund, John

Gyllenhammar, Pehr G. Harriman, Averell Harris, Irving B. Haskins, Caryl P. Heinz, H.J., II Hewitt, William A. Hoch, Frank W. Irwin, John N, II

Irwin, John N., III Jacobs, Eli S.

Kellen, Stephen M. Labouisse, Henry Leslie, John E. Lindsay, George N.

Lipper, Kenneth Littlefield, Edmund Lord, Winston Lovelace, Jon B.

McColough, C. Peter Moore, Maurice T. Noves, Charles Phelps

O'Neill, Mr. and Mrs. George D.

Offit, Morris W. Olayan, Suliman S. Oppenheimer, Harry Palmieri, Victor Peterson, Peter G. Petty, John R. Picker, Harvey Pincus, Lionel I.

Power, Philip H. Preston, Lewis T. Puckett, Dr. Allen E. Quigley, Leonard V. Reed, Annette Reed, Philip D. Reed, Joseph V.

Rockefeller Bros. Fund Rockefeller, David Rockefeller, David, Jr. Rockefeller, Laurance Rockefeller, Mrs. John III

Rockefeller, Mrs. Margaret Rogers, William D. Rose, Daniel Rubin, Robert M. Rupart, Anton Ryan, John T. Jr. Salomon, Richard E. Salomon, William R.

Smart, S. Bruce, Jr. Spencer, David Stanton, Frank

Stevenson, Ruth Carter Tempelsman, Maurice Thomas, Lee Jr. Vance, Cyrus R. Watson, Thomas J., Jr.

Weil, Frank A. Whitehead, John C. Wolfensohn, James D. Wriston, Walter B. Zilkha, Ezra K.

Foundations

Amax Foundation

Arthur Vining Davis Foundations

Booth Ferris Foundation Cummins Engine Foundation John Deere Foundation Dewitt Wallace Fund #3

Engelhard Foundation

Firestone Charitable Annuity Trust

Ford Foundation

German Marshall Fund of the United

States

Hearst Foundation McKnight Foundation Mellon Foundation Rockefeller Foundation Schlumberger Foundation Starr Foundation Wattis Foundation

Corporations

Agip Petroleum Corp. American Can Co. American Express Co. Arabian American Oil Co. Arizona Republic/Phoenix Gazette AT&T Atlantic Richfield Co. Bankers Trust Co. Barclays Bank PLC Bechtel Group, Inc. Bristol-Myers Co. CBS, Inc. Chase Manhattan Bank Chemical Bank Citibank Continental Group, Inc. Corning Glass Works Dillon Read & Co., Inc. Dow Chemical Co. Dow Jones & Co. E.I. Dupont De Nemours **Exxon Corporation** Ford Motor Co. General Electric Co. General Foods Corp. General Motors Goldman, Sachs & Co. H. J. Heinz Co. IBM Corp. Johnson & Johnson Co. Lazard Freres & Co. Manufacturers Hanover Trust Marine Midland Bank Mercedes-Benz of N.A., Inc.

Mine Safety Appliances Co. Mobil Corp. Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. Morgan Stanley, Inc. Northrop Corp. Owens/Corning Fiberglass Paine Webber Peat, Marwick Mitchell Pepsico, Inc. Price Waterhouse Procter & Gamble RCA Corp. Rockefeller Group Salomon Bros. SCM Corp. United Technologies Xerox Corp.

In summary

- —The "bottom line" of \$4,502,600 in contributed support to the Council makes 1984–85 a record breaking year.
- —Annual Giving, while not increasing, held its own.
- —Corporate and foundation gift and grant support increased.
- —The \$14.5 million Campaign for the Council is nearly completed and will possibly have achieved its goal by the time members read this report.

To the many members and other friends who have helped make all this possible, thank you for your generous support.

Fred Tamalonis
Director of Development

Development Activities

1984-85 Annual Giving Donors

Patrons

(\$5,000 and above)

Arthur G. Altschul C. Douglas Dillon George S. Franklin H. J. Heinz, II C. Peter McColough Estate of Leo Model Peter G. Peterson David Rockefeller

Sponsors

(\$1,000 and above)

Joseph F. Abely, Jr. James E. Akins George W. Ball Ned Bandler Richard E. Beeman William S. Beinecke W. Michael Blumenthal Donald F. Bush Joseph E. Connor Lloyd N. Cutler George and Lois de Menil John Diebold Hedley Donovan Michael Raoul-Duval Keith P. Ellison William Ewing, Jr. Steven R. Fenster Murray Finley Richard W. Fisher David Fromkin Richard L. Gelb Philip L. Geyelin William T. Golden Victor Gotbaum Pierre Gousseland Maurice R. Greenberg Alan Greenspan Ray J. Groves Paul C. Harper, Jr. William A. Hewitt Frank W. Hoch Henry B. Hyde W. Thomas Johnson, Jr. Harry Kahn Gilbert E. Kaplan Nicholas deB. Katzenbach Henry Kaufman Stephen M. Kellen

John H. Lichtblau

George N. Lindsay

Kenneth Lipper John L. and Frances Lehman Loeb Winston Lord Yvonne Luter John J. McCloy J. Irwin Miller Alfred C. Neal Charles Phelps Noyes Daniel Parker Lionel I. Pincus Lewis T. Preston Allen E. Puckett Philip D. Reed Daniel Rose Elihu Rose Frederick P. Rose Robert M. Rubin Oscar M. Ruebhausen John T. Ryan, Jr. William R. Salomon Herbert Salzman Henry B. Schacht John M. Schiff Jack Sheinkman Walter V. Shipley Edson W. Spencer Ralph I. Straus Maurice Tempelsman Lee B. Thomas, Jr. Lewis Thomas, M.D. R. W. Unwin Cyrus R. Vance Paul C. Warnke Thomas J. Watson, Jr. Ralph A. Weller John C. Whitehead Joseph H. Williams Milton A. Wolf James D. Wolfensohn

Donors

(\$500 and above)

M. Bernard Aidinoff Roone Arledge Carter F. Bales Perry O. Barber, Jr. Thomas D. Barr R. P. Bauman David O. Beim John P. Birkelund Alfred Brittain, III Richard P. Brown, Jr. William J. Butler Robert J. Callander C. W. Carson, Jr. Donald K. Clifford, Jr. William T. Coleman, Jr. Joseph F. Condon Charles A. Cooper Gardner Cowles Ralph P. Davidson Richard A. Debs Adrian W. DeWind Mr. and Mrs. J. Richardson Dilworth William H. Donaldson Robert F. Ellsworth Michael V. Forrestal Leonard and Suzanne Garment Gabriele Geier James H. Giffen Kenneth O. Gilmore Frank A. Godchaux, III J. Peter Grace Katharine Graham Najeeb E. Halaby Edward K. Hamilton Irving B. Harris Carl E. Hartnack Rita E. Hauser Arthur Hauspurg Richard Helms Robert E. Herzstein Philip M. Huyck John N. Irwin, II John N. Irwin, III Morton L. Janklow Virginia Ann Kamsky Antonie T. Knoppers Richard M. Krasno Carol C. Laise Orin Lehman Walter J. Levy Franklin A. Lindsay Stephen Low Edward S. Lynch Richard Mallery Alonzo L. McDonald James W. McKee, Jr. Robert McKinney Maurice T. Moore David A. Morse Zygmunt Nagorski Anthony Nardiello Edward N. Ney Rodney W. Nichols

Morris W. Offit

William S. Paley Victor H. Palmieri Stephen R. Petschek John R. Petty Charles M. Pigott Charles J. Pilliod, Jr. Philip H. Power Edmund T. Pratt Rudolph S. Rauch Donald H. Rivkin William D. Rogers Robert V. Roosa James W. Rouse Kenneth Rush Nathaniel Samuels Henry B. Schacht Arthur Schneier David C. Scott Daniel A. Sharp Datus C. Smith, Jr. W. Mason Smith Helmut Sonnenfeldt Stephen Stamas Charles R. Stevens Jack B. Sunderland Harold Tanner Barbara Tuchman Edward Hallam Tuck Alexander M. Vagliano Bruce Wasserstein Bethuel M. Webster Frank A. Weil Brayton Wilbur, Jr. W. Bradford Wiley William S. Woodside William S. Youngman Ezra K. Zilkha Charles A. Zraket

Contributors

A. Robert Abboud
Morton I. Abramowitz
Theodore C. Achilles
Fouad Ajami
Archie E. Albright
Madeleine Albright
Michael H. Alderman, M.D.
Lew Allen, Jr.
Philip E. Allen
Richard C. Allison
Harold W. Andersen
Robert Anderson
Manuel R. Angulo
Robert Anthoine
Anne Armstrong

C. Michael Armstrong

DeWitt C. Armstrong, III Willis C. Armstrong Millard W. Arnold Diego C. Asencio Robert E. Asher Reubin O'D. Askew Alfred L. Atherton, Jr. William Attwood H. Brandt Avers Charles W. Bailey Charles F. Baird James E. Baker Pauline H. Baker Malcolm Baldrige David George Ball Frederick C. Barghoorn William J. Barnds Joseph W. Bartlett Thomas A. Bartlett Robert L. Bartley Whitman Bassow Philip Bastedo Lucius D. Battle Jacob D. Beam Atherton Bean Holley Mack Bell Peter D. Bell Steve Bell Donald V. Bennett W. Tapley Bennett, Jr. Lucy Wilson Benson Tristan E. Beplat C. Fred Bergsten Robert L. Bernstein Simon Michael Bessie Richard K. Betts Kenneth J. Bialkin Henry S. Bienen John Charles Bierley John C. Bierwirth James H. Binger Jonathan B. Bingham Mark C. Bisnow Richard M. Bissell, Jr. Shirley Temple Black Stephen Blank Robert J. Blendon Richard M. Bliss Henry Simon Bloch John A. Blum William W. Boeschenstein Norbert A. Bogdan Landrum R. Bolling Robert D. Bond

John F. Bookout Hugh Borton John Brademas Zeb Bradford William L. Bradley Thornton F. Bradshaw Nicholas F. Brady David Brinkley George A. Brinkley Raymond L. Brittenham Mitchell Brock Frederick C. Broda D. Allan Bromley Harvey Brooks Melvin Brorby John A. Bross Frederic J. Brown Harold Brown Walter H. Brown Robert S. Browne Mark E. Buchman William F. Buckley, Jr. Hugh Bullock Mary Brown Bullock McGeorge Bundy William P. Bundy C. Sterling Bunnell Albert Bush-Brown Rolland Bushner Donald S. Bussey Goler Teal Butcher Willard C. Butcher George Lee Butler Benjamin J. Buttenwieser Fletcher Byrom Louis W. Cabot Alexander Calder, Jr. Michael J. Calhoun John C. Campbell William D. Carey Robert J. Carlson Frank C. Carlucci William D. Carmichael J. Speed Carroll Mitchell B. Carroll Barry E. Carter Edward William Carter Hodding Carter, III William D. Carter Douglass Cater John T. Cater John M. Cates, Jr. Henry E. Catto, Jr. Elaine L. Chao John F. Chapman Daniel S. Cheever Kimball C. Chen

J. Dennis Bonney

Dudley B. Bonsal

Philip W. Bonsal

Development Activities

Hollis B. Chenery Leo Cherne Warren M. Christopher Henry G. Cisneros Bronson P. Clark Howard L. Clark Ralph L. Clark Wesley K. Clark J. G. Clarke Harlan Cleveland Ray S. Cline Joseph I. Coffey Jerome Alan Cohen Phil Comstock John T. Connor John T. Connor, Jr. Jill Conway Frances D. Cook Richard P. Cooley T. J. Coolidge, Jr. Philip H. Coombs Jane Abell Coon Kevin Corrigan Suzanne Cott John Cowles, Jr. Robert G. Cox Winthrop Murray Crane Robert D. Crassweller John F. Crawford June V. Cross Trammell Crow William J. Crowe Lester M. Crystal Robert L. Cummings Frank J. Cummiskey Walter L. Cutler Lori F. Damrosch William H. Danforth, M.D. Charles F. Darlington James Waring Davant Ralph K. Davidson Daniel P. Davison Horace G. Dawson, Jr. Jose de Cubas Peter E. de Janosi Alphonse de Rosso E. Mandell de Windt Edwin A. Deagle, Jr. Arthur H. Dean Jonathan Dean Frederick L. Deming Brewster C. Denny Samuel DePalma I. M. Destler C. Robert Devine Thomas J. Devine

Carlos F. Diaz-Alejandro

William Diebold, Jr. Thomas A. Dine George H. Dixon William C. Doherty, Jr. Donald J. Donahue H. C. Donnelly Paul W. Douglas John C. Dreier J. R. Drumwright Arthur M. Dubow Angier Biddle Duke Lawrence S. Eagleburger Ralph Earle, II Leonard J. Eaton, Jr. Albert I. Edelman Robert H. Edwards Hermann Frederick Eilts Jessica P. Einhorn Theodore L. Eliot, Jr. A. Randle Elliott James R. Ellis Richard H. Ellis Alice F. Emerson Gordon Eng Jason Epstein Joshua M. Epstein Guy F. Erb Claude E. Erbsen John C. Evans Douglas Fairbanks Maurice A. Ferre Hart Fessenden Russell H. Fifield Barbara D. Finberg Seymour M. Finger James Finn Harold E. Fitzgibbons S. R. Foley, Jr. Edward T. Foote, II Joseph C. Fox Thomas M. Franck Richard A. Frank Francine R. Frankel Wayne Fredericks Richard A. Freytag Edward R. Fried Irving S. Friedman Berent Friele Ellen L. Frost F. Daniel Frost Alton Frye William R. Frye E. N. Funkhouser, Jr. Evan G. Galbraith

Mark J. Garrison George Garvy Charles Gati Toby Trister Gati Elliot F. Gerson Jackson B. Gilbert Robert N. Ginsburgh William H. Gleysteen, Jr. Norma Globerman Ruth Glushien-Wedgwood Robert F. Goheen Marshall and Merle Goldman George J. W. Goodman Roy M. Goodman Andrew J. Goodpaster James Nelson Goodsell Alan L. Gornick Peter G. Gould Henry F. Graff Robert D. Graff Maurice F. Granville James R. Greene Joseph N. Greene, Jr. William C. Greenough Joseph A. Greenwald Thomas Griffith Peter Grose Ernest A. Gross Patrick W. Gross Hartford N. Gunn, Jr. Bernard M. Gwertzman Peter E. Haas Robert D. Haas Richard N. Haass John C. Haley Charles V. Hamilton Michael P. Hamilton Carol Rae Hansen Thor Hanson Harry Harding James W. Harpel Conrad K. Harper Selig S. Harrison Joseph C. Harsch Parker T. Hart Fred L. Hartley Arthur A. Hartman John H. F. Haskell, Jr. John Hauge William L. Hauser Fred Haynes Alexander Heard Charles B. Heck J. Bryan Hehir Elaine F. Heifetz Harry L. Heintzen Robert C. Helander

James P. Gallatin

Lloyd K. Garrison

Richard N. Gardner

Frederick Heldring F. Warren Hellman John M. Hennessy Christian A. Herter, Jr. Charles M. Herzfeld Roger W. Heyns Robert F. Higgins Roger Hilsman Ruth J. Hinerfeld Gerald D. Hines Randall Hinshaw Nancy L. Hoepli Michael L. Hoffman Stanley Hoffmann George R. Hoguet Robert L. Hoguet M. Staser Holcomb Robert C. Holland Allen C. Holmes H. Allen Holmes Willem Holst Pat M. Holt Benjamin L. Hooks Herbert W. Hoover, Jr. Robert D. Hormats Alan W. Horton Bradley C. Hosmer Germaine A. Hoston Richard C. Hottelet Arthur A. Houghton, Jr. James R. Houghton J. Allan Hovey, Jr. John B. Howard John Hughes Henry C. Huglin Charlayne Hunter-Gault Samuel P. Huntington J. C. Hurewitz William G. Hyland Robert S. Ingersoll B. R. Inman Michael D. Intriligator John Jay Iselin Steven L. Isenberg William H. Izlar, Jr. Norman Jacobs Jerome Jacobson Tamar Jacoby Robert Jastrow Alpheus W. Jessup Joseph E. Johnson Robert H. Johnson Thomas S. Johnson David C. Jones James A. Joseph Kenneth I. Juster Philip M. Kaiser

Peter H. Kaminer Arnold Kanter Harold J. Kaplan Abraham Katz Carl Kaysen Spurgeon M. Keeny, Jr. Catherine M. Kelleher P. X. Kellev George Armstrong Kelly Peter B. Kenen Christopher J. Kennan Elizabeth T. Kennan David M. Kennedy F. Donald Kenney James L. Ketelson John F. Keydel Nicola N. Khuri W. F. Kieschnick Martin Kilson James E. King John A. King, Jr. William R. Kintner William A. Knowlton Louis Kraar Joseph Kraft Jane Kramer Alan J. Kreczko Robert N. Kreidler David Kruidenier Miriam H. Labbok, M.D. Henry R. Labouisse Dan M. Lacy W. Anthony Lake William T. Lake Raymond A. Lamontagne Kermit Lansner Joseph LaPalombara F. Stephen Larrabee Hal B. Lary Perry Laukhuff David Laventhol Ivo John Lederer Ernest S. Lee William L. Lee Robert H. Legvold John R. Lehman John Foster Leich Monroe Leigh Marc E. Leland Wilbert J. LeMelle Bernard Lewis

Francis D. Logan Charles E. Lord David Lowenfeld Charles F. Luce Clare Boothe Luce Timothy T. Lupfer E. Wilson Lyon Gene M. Lyons Charles F. MacCormack David W. MacEachron Ian K. MacGregor Bruce K. MacLaury John D. Macomber William B. Macomber Robert M. Macy, Jr. Mark J. Maged Thomas H. Mahoney, IV Charles S. Maier Clement B. Malin Warren Demian Manshel Murrey Marder David E. Mark Robert E. Marshak Elvis L. Mason Michael S. Mathews William B. Matteson Ernest R. May Gerald M. Mayer, Jr. Lawrence A. Maver John J. McCloy, II Elizabeth J. McCormack Paul W. McCracken William J. McDonough David E. McGiffert Donald F. McHenry Porter McKeever Sheila Avrin McLean Lawrence C. McQuade Irene W. Meister Saul H. Mendlovitz John R. Menke William C. Messner, Jr. George R. Metcalf Ruben F. Mettler Charles A. Meyer John R. Meyer Elizabeth Midgley Franklin C. Miller Paul L. Miller **Bradford Mills** Jan V. Mladek Sherwood G. Moe Walter F. Mondale Philip O'B. Montgomery, III Paul Moore, Jr. Theodore H. Moran Thomas E. Morgan

Samuel W. Lewis

William A. Liffers

James S. Lipscomb

Jan M. Lodal

Edwin A. Locke, Jr.

Henry R. Lieberman

Development Activities

Grinnell Morris Max K. Morris Lloyd N. Morrisett Edward L. Morse Kenneth P. Morse Alfred H. Moses Ambler H. Moss, Jr. Eusebio M. Mujal-Leon David C. Mulford William D. Mulholland Henry Muller George B. Munroe Winthrop R. Munyan Gravson M-P Murphy Allen E. Murray Douglas P. Murray Martha T. Muse Edmund S. Muskie John W. Nason Robert R. Nathan Ted M. Natt Henry R. Nau John D. Negroponte Clifford C. Nelson Jack Nelson Merlin E. Nelson Richard E. Neustadt Andre W. G. Newburg Quigg Newton, Jr. John M. Niehuss Matthew Nimetz Paul H. Nitze Richard H. Nolte William S. Norman Joseph S. Nye, Jr. John O'Donnell J. Daniel O'Flaherty John B. Oakes Philip A. Odeen Michel Oksenberg Cecil J. Olmstead William C. Olson Lee D. Olvey Norman J. Ornstein F. Taylor Ostrander Henry Owen Stephen A. Oxman Robert B. Oxnam Howard W. Page Abraham Pais Gerald L. Parsky Hugh T. Patrick Hugh B. Patterson, Jr. Roland A. Paul Samuel B. Pavne Kathryn C. Pelgrift

James K. Penfield

Robert M. Pennoyer Don Peretz James A. Perkins Roswell B. Perkins Hart Perry Arthur King Peters Howard C. Petersen Richard W. Petree Jane Cahill Pfeiffer Ralph A. Pfeiffer, Jr. Steven B. Pfeiffer Christopher H. Phillips Kerry K. Pierce William C. Pierce Andrew J. Pierre J. J. Pinola **Daniel Pipes** John B. M. Place Jonas M. Platt Nicholas Platt Donald C. Platten Gerald A. Pollack J. Sheppard Poor Thomas F. Power, Jr. Joshua B. Powers Thomas Moore Powers Kenneth Prewitt John R. Price, Jr. Susan Kaufman Purcell Robert E. Pursley Nathan M. Pusey Patrick A. Putignano George E. Putnam, Jr. Lucian W. Pve Cassandra A. Pvle William B. Quandt Maxwell M. Rabb Simon Ramo R. Sean Randolph Gustav Ranis Dan Rather Jack Raymond Joseph Verner Reed John E. Reinhardt Charles B. Renfrew Stanley R. Resor Nicholas A. Rey Condoleezza Rice David B. Richardson Richard W. Richardson William R. Richardson Rozanne L. Ridgway Alice M. Rivlin Chalmers M. Roberts Walter Orr Roberts

John D. Rockefeller, IV Peter W. Rodman Riordan Roett William P. Rogers John H. Roney Ruth AmEnde Roosa Arthur H. Rosen Jane K. Rosen Walter A. Rosenblith Mort Rosenblum Axel G. Rosin Thomas B. Ross Richard H. Roth William M. Roth Edward L. Rowny Seymour J. Rubin Barney Rush Thomas W. Russell, Jr. Miles N. Ruthberg John T. Ryan, III Mildred D. Sage Jonas Salk, M.D. Charles E. Saltzman Terry Sanford Ralph S. Saul Harold H. Saunders Oscar Schachter J. Robert Schaetzel Edwin G. Schallert William E. Schaufele, Jr. Lawrence Scheinman Frank W. Schiff Herbert S. Schlosser John B. Schmoker C. V. R. Schuvler Susan C. Schwab Stephen M. Schwebel Brent Scowcroft Nevin S. Scrimshaw, M.D. Glenn T. Seaborg Norman P. Seagrave James K. Sebenius Frederick C. Seibold, Jr. Herta Lande Seidman John W. Seigle William C. Sexton Donna E. Shalala Eli Shapiro George M. Shapiro Robert Shaplen Hisham Sharabi Herbert M. Shavne Warren W. Shearer Paul C. Sheeline Eleanor Bernert Sheldon Ronald K. Shelp George L. Sherry

James D. Robinson, III

Marshall A. Robinson

Alvin V. Shoemaker Colette Shulman Gary G. Sick William W. Sihler C. J. Silas Adele Smith Simmons Albert G. Sims Joseph J. Sisco Joseph E. Slater Paul S. Slawson John J. Slocum David S. Smith John T. Smith, II Perry M. Smith Peter B. Smith W. Y. Smith William S. Sneath Richard L. Sneider Peter O. A. Solbert Anthony M. Solomon Richard H. Solomon Robert Solomon Christian R. Sonne Richard W. Sonnenfeldt Gillian Martin Sorensen James W. Spain John H. Spencer Joan E. Spero Howard M. Squadron Stephen H. Stackpole Helena Stalson Timothy W. Stanley R. John Stanton, Jr. James H. Stebbins Edmund A. Stephan Ernest Stern James W. Stevens Adlai E. Stevenson, III John R. Stevenson Donald M. Stewart Patricia Carry Stewart J. Paul Sticht Richard G. Stilwell Walter J. Stoessel, Jr. Alan Stoga Jeremy J. Stone Shepard Stone John Hoyt Stookey Julius A. Stratton Jack I. Straus Robert K. Straus Simon D. Strauss Rose Styron Eugene J. Sullivan William H. Sullivan Walter Sterling Surrey

Leo A. Suslow

James S. Sutterlin Francis X. Sutton David H. Swanson Howard R. Swearer Brandon W. Sweitzer John Temple Swing Phillips Talbot Strobe Talbott George K. Tanham Theodore Tannenwald, Jr. William Taubman William P. Tavoulareas Arthur R. Taylor T. James Taylor, Jr. Michael S. Teitelbaum Leonard B. Tennyson Barbara S. Thomas Willard L. Thorp David R. Tillinghast Maynard J. Toll, Jr. Alexander C. Tomlinson Seymour Topping Edward Townsend Russell E. Train Eugene P. Trani Martin B. Travis, Jr. John Elting Treat Peter D. Trooboff Alexander B. Trowbridge Edwin M. Truman **Darrow Tully** William C. Turner John Wills Tuthill Richard H. Ullman Cornelius M. Ulman Sanford J. Ungar Garrick Utley Michael H. Van Dusen DeForest Van Slyck Lawrence A. Veit Peter H. Vermilve Raymond Vernon Alfred H. Von Klemperer Robert B. von Mehren A. Nicholas Wahl Adam Walinsky Charls E. Walker Martha Redfield Wallace Christine Wallich Henry C. Wallich Barbara Walters Glenn E. Watts George L.-P. Weaver Leroy S. Wehrle

Richard W. Wheeler Taggart Whipple Jennifer Seymour Whitaker Robert J. White Theodore H. White Charles S. Whitehouse Marina v.N. Whitman Frederick B. Whittemore Jerome B. Wiesner Francis O. Wilcox Walter W. Wilds Richard A. Wiley Franklin H. Williams Harold M. Williams Ernest James Wilson, III John D. Wilson Jacques D. Wimpfheimer R. Baylv Winder Thomas S. Windmuller Robin W. Winks Richard S. Winslow Philip S. Winterer Michael Witunski Albert and Roberta Wohlstetter Charles Wolf, Jr. Harry Woolf R. James Woolsev W. Howard Wriggins Thomas H. Wyman Chen Ning Yang Adam Yarmolinsky Edwin H. Yeo, III David B. Yoffie Edgar B. Young Richard Young Stephen B. Young Frederick T. C. Yu Donald S. Zagoria Dov S. Zakheim Frank G. Zarb Edwin M. Zimmerman Barry Zorthian Elmo R. Zumwalt, Jr.

Edith Brown Weiss

Herman B. Wells

Francis M. Wheat

Administration

n the early fall of 1984, the renovation of the Council's newly acquired buildings, 52 and 54 East 68th Street, was completed, and the staff is now housed and fully operational throughout both the old and new buildings. As noted in the 1983-84 report, two floors in the new buildings have been rented to the Center for African Art, and at present we see no immediate need to reclaim this space for our own use. However, the imminent completion of The Campaign for the Council will give us the financial resources to expand the Studies Program, and possibly the Meetings Program as well, and in future years we may need to reassess our space needs once again.

Computerization

The Council's new mini-computer is now being utilized at almost full capacity. Since we contemplate putting our records for the Business Office, Personnel, Corporate Program and Committees on Foreign Relations on the computer in the near future, we may have to expand the computer's capacity. The computerization of our Membership, Development, Meetings and Studies records has given us an enormous edge on managing the vast amount of paperwork generated by Council activities. The decision to move forward in using this new technology has significantly increased our ability to meet our future needs with confidence and efficiency.

Personnel

As is our custom, this section of the report is not intended to be comprehensive, but serves rather to highlight briefly the comings and goings of staff members who are known to our members.

Helena Stalson, Senior Fellow and Economist, retired from the staff in June 1985 after a long and productive career at the Council. I will not attempt to recount her myriad intellectual contributions here, but I cannot let the opportunity pass to say that her substantive knowledge, her tireless energy, her insistence

on high ethical standards, and her genuine devotion to the Council and its staff will be cherished by all who know her.

This year also marked the retirement of Emilio Mesa, the Council's steward for the past 10 years. Emilio is well known to members for his seemingly effortless ability to anticipate and respond to the many demands made upon him year in and year out. His role is key to the smooth functioning of Council meetings, and he performed cheerfully and efficiently no matter what stresses and strains we placed upon him. We wish him a long, happy and fulfilling retirement.

Although technically not a member of the staff, many members came to know John Healy in his capacity as consultant to The Campaign for the Council. With the Campaign nearing completion, John left at the end of June to turn to other challenges. We owe him our gratitude and deep thanks for his unswerving efforts to strengthen our financial base.

In the Studies department, we welcomed Alan Romberg to the staff as Senior Fellow for Asian Affairs in March of 1985. Having spent the past twenty years in the Department of State, Alan was most recently Senior Deputy Spokesman for the State Department, 1981–85. Through the generous grant of the Starr Foundation to The Campaign for the Council, Alan is the first Starr Fellow for Asian Studies.

In August 1985, Dorothy Sobol joins the staff as Senior Fellow in Economics. Prior to joining the Council, Dorothy spent the last seven years as an Economist working with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, most recently as chief of the research departments for the Fed's International Financial Markets and the Developing Economies Divisions. Her expertise will complement the trade project studies being undertaken by C. Michael Aho, Senior Economics Fellow, who joined the staff in November of 1984.

Later in the fall, the Council will welcome Paul Jabber to its ranks as Senior Fellow for Middle East Studies. He

has served as Vice President of the Political Assessment group in the International Department of Bankers Trust Company and as consultant on Middle East politics and security affairs to government agencies and U.S. and multinational corporations.

On the Foreign Affairs staff, Mark Uhlig, Associate Editor under both William Bundy and William Hyland, has left to become Foreign Editor of The New York Times Magazine. On the magazine's business side, Eldridge Greening came on board in April as Advertising Director. Gus has an extensive advertising and financial background, and was most recently Advertising Manager of The Economist.

As all of you know, Winston Lord has resigned the Presidency of the Council as of June 1985. John Temple Swing, the Council's Vice President and Secretary, was named by the Board to be Acting President until a successor to Winston can be found. Winston's magnificent and highly personal leadership of the Council has strengthened us immeasureably to meet the challenges of the future. With the approaching completion of The Campaign for the Council, his stewardship leaves us financially and substantively poised for the continuance and expansion of the Council's programs. His contribution cannot be measured solely in his vision for the Council's future role and in setting and shaping its agenda. His contribution must also be measured in the personal legacy he has left to the staff. Our affection and respect for his warm and sensitive approach to the internal as well as the external problems of the Council is deep and abiding. We wish him Godspeed.

> Doris Elizabeth Forest Director of Administration



Members' reception for Winston Lord

Finances—An Overview

his was the year of The Campaign for the Council, the most significant capital fund drive ever conducted by or for the organization in its 64-year history. As reported elsewhere, pledges to The Campaign for the Council during the year rose from \$2,849,200 at the beginning of the fiscal year to \$9,128,600 as of June 30. Since many pledges are payable over a period up to five years, payments on pledges actually received during the year were \$3,124,400, bringing the total pledges received to date to \$4,042,500.

This inflow of new capital, together with reinvested income not needed to satisfy the 5% draw (explained in detail below), and market appreciation of almost four million dollars, less capital fund expenditures of \$347,000, boosted the market value of the Council's investment portfolio from \$20,890,000 to \$27,866,300, a healthy gain of \$6,976,300 for the year. The effect of all this on the Council's long-term fiscal health can only be viewed as highly salutary, making a signficant contribution to the Council's long-term goal of covering increased expenditures by increased income and thereby coming close to, if not always achieving, balanced budgets.

What about performance in the the shorter term, more specifically during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 1985? Despite the fact that general fund expenditures rose by 7.2%, from \$6,322,600 to \$6,778,300, total funding rose 9.3%, from \$6,144,800 to \$6,718,900, resulting in an operating deficit of \$59,400—less than 1% of total expenditures—which is about a third of the deficit of \$177,800 realized in the previous fiscal year, and less than a fourth of the \$253,000 deficit for the year prior to that.

While this marks the second year in a row in which deficits, already small in percentage terms, were further reduced, the important comparison is between the composition of the Council's current funding and the situation that existed during the late 1960s and early 1970s. Although the Council regularly achieved

nominally balanced budgets during the earlier period, this achievement would not have been possible without the help of outside, one-time, term funding, largely from foundations. In the fiscal year that ended June 30, 1972, for example, 49.8% of total funding was made up of such non-recurring one-time grants. In the fiscal year just ended, on the other hand, only 13.8% of total funding came from such grants. Last year that figure stood at 11.2%. The more important figure to watch, however, is what proportion of the core program expenditures of \$6,059,000 was supported by such onetime non-recurring grants. During the year just ended, that figure was a relatively safe 3.7%.

By word of explanation, it will be remembered that since 1971, at the Board's direction, the program budget has been divided for conceptual purposes into two principal but differing areas: the "core program" and "specially funded programs". It has been the Board's objective for the past fourteen years to increase core program recurring funds sufficiently to defray core expenditures in order to assure both financial independence and long-term stability.

Core Program Funding

Core program activities are those deemed essential to the Council's continuing operation. They include its meetings programs for members, corporations, and its thirty-eight affiliated committees; its program of study and discussion groups; and its publications, especially Foreign Affairs. Core program "recurring funds" are those funding sources that can be anticipated to remain reasonably constant from year to year. These include income from members' dues, Annual Giving from individual members, corporate subscriptions, the sale of publications (principally Foreign Affairs), and an annual appropriation from the Council's investment fund (which equals 5% of the average market value of its portfolio as measured on March 31 of each of the three previous years.)

Only one category of core funding failed to show an increase over the previous year's total: Annual Giving from individual members. Although the shortfall of \$8,700 from last year's figure of \$388,000 seems hardly significant, when compared with budget projections at the beginning of the year, perhaps optimistically set at \$555,000, it clearly is significant. In retrospect, it is now clear that while The Campaign for the Council had the happy result already noted in adding to the capital account, it affected Annual Giving adversely. At least part of the trouble is that many regular Annual Giving donors who might have renewed or even increased their gifts did not do so, either because they had already given to The Campaign for the Council or were about to be asked to do so and thus were not asked to renew or increase their annual gifts in time for the end of the fiscal year. Had Annual Giving grown by even half of the difference between last year's actual and this year's original Annual Giving objective, the Council would have ended the year with a balanced budget.

In turning to the brighter side of the picture, perhaps the most gratifying increase in core funding over the previous year was in the annual appropriation from the Council's investment fund under the 5% formula described above. Thanks in part to the sharp increase in portfolio market values in the previous year, and the additions already noted during the current year, that appropriation increased by \$118,400, a rise of 14.9%. Income from Foreign Affairs also rose \$44,100 over the previous year to a new record total of \$2,095,300. Net subscriptions to the Corporate Program did increase by \$29,000 over the previous year, bringing in a total of \$1,060,800. This was, however, some \$74,200 less than anticipated, in part due to subscriptions lost because of mergers, or reduced, or even canceled because of continued poor performance in certain segments of the economy.

Considered as a whole, core program funding increased from \$5,517,600 to a new record total of \$6,016,800, a 9%

rise over the previous year's total.

Core Program Expenditures

Core expenditures during the last year rose by \$425,400 (from \$5,633,600 or 7.6%) across the board. The rate of increase declined for the second year in a row. In fiscal 1984 the rate had been 7.8% and, in the previous year, 13.1%. In most areas where expenditures increased, they did so at just slightly above the inflation rate as measured by the consumer price index. In some areas overall expenses in fact declined, for instance, *Foreign Affairs* by \$6,500.

Worthy of particular note is the studies area. While overall expenses increased only slightly (\$19,100) over the previous year's total of \$715,800, the proportion of these expenditures being funded by term grants, primarily received as part of The Campaign for the Council, rose sharply over the previous year. In fiscal 1984 that proportion stood at \$58,600 or 8.2%; in the year just ended, at \$183,900 or 25%. While term grants obviously help in the short run, it is stating the obvious to observe that in future years when such grants run out, programs, or projects supported by them will either have to be terminated or funded by other new sources of income if the Council is to continue its quest to maintain balanced budgets.

Specially Funded Programs

In addition to its ongoing core program activities, the Council from time to time undertakes special programs or projects that require outside funding to defray their direct operating expenditures. During the year ended June 30, 1985, the principal activity requiring special outside funding continued to be the International Affairs Fellowship Program. The entire program expenditure of \$346,200 was covered by outside grants, primarily from the Ford, MacArthur and Mellon Foundations, and the National Endowment for the Humanities, for which we are most grateful.

Expenditures for the Council's Latin

Finances—An Overview

American Project, directed by Susan Purcell, came to \$119,500, of which \$108,700 was funded by grants primarily from foundations, principally the Ford and Mellon Foundations. Expenditures for the European-American Project, under the direction of Andrew Pierre, came to \$72,600, of which \$66,000 was funded by grants from the Rockefeller and Mellon Foundations and the German Marshall Fund. During the year, the Council's new Senior Fellow for Economics, Michael Aho, launched a special project on the future of the world trading system, with the aid of generous grants from the General Motors and Rockefeller Foundations, the latter received just after the end of the fiscal year. Project expenses during the year came to \$62,100, all of which was funded by the foundation grant noted above.

Most of the other special programs, such as the project on African Development Strategies being conducted jointly with the Overseas Development Council, and the smaller projects such as those dealing with Canada and Japan, were fully funded by foundation grants.

Taken as a whole, specially funded program expenditures during the year came to \$719,400, while available outside funding came to \$702,200, leaving an overall deficit of \$17,200, to be absorbed by Council operating funds. The effect of this deficit, which was almost \$44,500 less than last year's, was to raise what would have been a small core program deficit of \$42,200 to the overall deficit figure of \$59,400, as noted above.

In conclusion, it is worth observing, the distinction between specially funded programs and projects described above and the substantive work being carried on by the Studies Program as part of the Council's on-going core program is not always readily apparent. The guiding principle dividing the two is that specific projects which the Council could or would undertake only when specially funded by outside sources are assigned to the specially funded programs area. Work that would normally be carried on,

on a continuing basis, as part of the core program is kept under that heading, even though in the short term it may be partially or fully funded by short-term non-recurring grants. The main thing to be kept in mind is that, over the long term, the Council will be better off if all work that is properly part of the ongoing core Studies Program is fully funded by ongoing "recurring" core funds.

Investment Portfolio Management and the Council's Capital Account

For the past 14 years, management of the Council's investment portfolio has been equally divided between two outside counseling firms, whose performance is monitored regularly by the Finance and Budget Committee. Since May 1984, one of the two firms has been Rieger, Robinson, Harrington, Inc., although its principal, L. George Rieger, had in fact managed the account for the previous decade while working for other firms. The other firm is T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. of Baltimore, Maryland, with L. Gordon Croft having been the principal manager since August 1979.

It has already been pointed out above that the market value of the combined portfolio reached a new record high on June 30 of \$27,866,300, an increase of 33.4% over the previous yearend total of \$20,890,000. For their contribution to this increase, the Council can be pleased with the performance of both its portfolio managers.

At the same time, earned income on the combined portfolio rose to a new record high of \$1,599,000. This figure is significant in that earned income ran ahead of the combined total withdrawal from the portfolio during the past year both under the Council's 5% formula (\$985,800) and the amount needed to cover the operating deficit of \$59,400 which together came to \$1,045,200, thus leaving a balance of \$553,800 (exclusive of investment fees) that was added to the portfolio as new principal. This in turn is significant in that, over and above the inflow of new capital or portfolio market

value gains, which cannot always be counted on, reinvested income resulting from the application of the Council's 5% formula represents the one sure long-term hedge against future inflation. It should be remembered that, even were inflation to remain at the relatively low rate of 4% during the fiscal 1986 year, to maintain the constant dollar value of the portfolio it will be necessary to add some \$1,116,000, whether in the form of reinvested income or gains in market value. During the past year, additions to capital

in the form of reinvested income and market appreciation (but excluding additions of new capital) more than outstripped the inflation rate. This was not true, however, during the decade of the '70s, and it may not be true in the future. It is for this reason that the Council's 5% formula is so important to its long term financial security.

John Temple Swing Acting President

Comptroller's Report

he pages that follow set forth the statements of income, expenses, and changes in fund balances for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1985, and also the Council balance sheets as of that date, as audited by the Council's independent accountants, Ernst & Whinney. On the income statement and balance sheets, totals for all funds for the year are compared with corresponding totals for the year ending June 30, 1984.

The presentation of data in the financial reports conforms with generally accepted accounting principles established for not-for-profit organizations.

As will be seen from Note 1 to the financial statements, investments are carried at cost or, if donated, at market value at date of contribution. When the market value declines below the carrying value and when such securities may not be held for a sufficient period of time to be offset by market value increases, a reserve for the decline in the market is provided. For the current year ended June 30, 1985, as was also true for the prior year, the market value of the portfolio remained in excess of cost, making such reserves unnecessary.

Core program expenditures for the year came to \$6,059,000. With the specially-funded program deficit of \$17,200 included, expenditures for the year charged to the general fund were \$6,076,200. To help defray these general fund expenditures, core program funds contributed a total of \$5,794,500 in so called "recurring funds" (i.e., funds that can be expected to continue at somewhat varied amounts on a year-in, year-out basis). "Non-recurring funds," composed of one-time grants which are not likely to be renewed, contributed \$222,300 to the general fund.

One of the more important so-called "recurring funds" is the transfer from the investment fund (apprearing below the line). Under the Council's so-called 5% formula, described in Note 3, the amount of the transfer budgeted for the year was \$911,200. Taken together with the total

of recurring and non-recurring funds noted above, total general funding for the year came to \$6,016,800, falling some \$59,400 short of the total \$6,076,200 expenditures for the year, with the consequent deficit of the same amount. This deficit represented a further charge to the investment fund over and above the investment fund transfer noted above.

There is one other item to which I would like to draw the reader's attention. The Council has long followed the practice of charging depreciation, prorated for the number of years of useful life of each item in the depreciation schedule, as an item of annual expense. For the year that ended June 30, 1985, total depreciation stood at \$818,800 an increase over last year's total of \$622,800. The principal items of depreciation are \$117,700 for buildings and improvements, \$57,500 for the Council's new Wang VS 90 computer and Wang word processors (spread over 7 years), and \$16,100 for the Council's new Rolm telephone system (spread over 10 years).

More detailed information about the Council's finances is available to any member on request.

R. Carolyn Witherspoon *Comptroller*

Council on Foreign Relations, Inc. Balance Sheets

				June	30,		1985	1984
		(Core Program					
			tricted		Dantaintad	C : - II	Total	Total
	General Fund	Investment Fund	Building Fund	Total	Restricted Investment Fund	Specially Funded Programs	All Funds	All Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash	¢ 570 000	e 204 pag		\$ 964,600	¢ 70,000	\$1.410.200	\$ 2,645,700	\$ 1.824.900
equivalents Investments (Notes	\$ 569,800	\$ 394,800		\$ 904,000	\$ 70,900	\$1,010,200	\$ 2,040,700	\$ 1,024,900
1 and 2)	4,100	19,423,600		19,427,700	4,868,800		24,296,500	20,576,700
Accounts receivable								
and prepaid	299,800	208,400		508,200			508,200	482,100
expenses Due to (from) funds	299,000	75,300	\$(75,300)	300,200			500,200	402,100
Grants receivable	700,000		,	700,000		166,100	866,100	358,700
Inventories, at lower								
of cost or market	162,600			162,600			162,600	96,500
Land, buildings and	102,000			102,000			102,000	704.700
equipment								
(Note 4)	4,705,700			4,705,700			4,705,700	4,752,200
Total Assets	\$6,442,000	\$20,102,100	\$(75,300)	\$26,468,800	\$4,939,700	\$1,776,300	\$33,184,800	\$28,091,100
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Accounts payable								
and accrued							* 400 400	* 040.500
expenses	\$ 389,100 \$	11,300		\$ 400,400			\$ 400,400	\$ 840,500
Deferred subscrip- tions and mem-								
bership dues	1,119,600			1,119,600			1,119,600	1,005,100
Contributions desig-								
nated for future periods	750,300			750,300		1,730,300	2,480,600	1,469,600
Total Liabilities	2,259,000	11,300		2,270,300		1,730,300	4,000,600	3.315.200
rotat manifics	2,2,7,0,0	11		2.27.		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	***************************************	
Fund Balances:								
Unrestricted	4,183,000	20,090,800	(75,300)	24,198,500	4 030 300	44 000	24,198,500	20,075,100
Restricted		*** **** ****	(75.300)	34 100 500	4,939,700	46,000	4,985,700	4,700,800
Total Fund Balances	4,183,000	20,090,800	(75,300)	24,198,500	4,939,700	46,000	29,184,200	24,775,900
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$6,442,000	\$20,102,100	\$(75,300)	\$26,468,800	\$4,939,700	\$1,776,300	\$33,184,800	\$28,091,100

See notes to financial statements.

Council on Foreign Relations, Inc. Statements of Income, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances

For the years ended June 30,

	Core Program					
	Unrestricted					
	General Fund	Investment Fund	Building Fund	Total	Restricted Investment Fund	Specially Funded Programs
Income Membership dues	\$ 858,900			\$ 858,900		
Contributions from members	379,300			379,300		
Corporate subscriptions and contributions	1,060,800			1,060,800		# (40 3 00
Foundation and other contributions and grants Capital fund drive contributions	183,900	\$ 3,124,400	\$ 159,500	183,900 3,283,900		\$ 648,700
Publication of "Foreign Affairs"	2,095,300	Ψ 5,124,400	ψ 157,500	2,095,300		
Committees on Foreign Relations	122,600			122,600		
Miscellaneous income	37,800			37,800		
Investment income Net gain (loss) on sale of securities	63,200 (300)	1,360,300 760,300		760,000	\$ 295,700 179,500	111,800
Rental income	166,900	700,300		166,900	1/9,300	
Total Income	4,968,400	5,245,000	159,500	10,372,900	475,200	760,500
Expenses						
Direct program expenses:				_		
Meetings program for members and corporations	808,500			808,500		28,200
Committees on Foreign Relations Research and studies program	178,600 564,600			178,600 564,600	55,300	3,400
Ford research	111,600			111,600	20,000	5,400
Other operating programs	50,900			50,900	43,100	
Publication of "Foreign Affairs"	2,043,100			2,043,100		
Other publications Library	153,200 241,500			153,200 241,500		6,800
International Affairs Fellowship	241,000			2-11,000		346,200
U.SJapan and Canadian programs and						
Soviet Project						3,600
Latin American program Economic Project						119,500 62,200
Africa Project and Indian Conference						51,000
European-American Project						72,600
Non-Proliferation Project						64,300
Total program services	4,152,000			4,152,000	98,400	757,800
Supporting services: General support services	147,400			147,400		
Physical plant and supplies—Pratt House	416,700			416,700		
Physical plant and supplies—Annex	282,700		16,100	298,800		
Central administration	722,200	76,400		798,600		
Fund development	83,100 118,000	347,000		430,100 118,000		
Corporate development Refund of real estate taxes	110,000		(33,500)	(33,500)		
Total supporting services	1,770,100	423,400	(17,400)	2,176,100		
Provision for vacation pay	16,000			16,000		
Provision for real estate taxes	5 020 100	422.400	(17.400)	¢ 344 100	00.400	353.000
Total Expenses	5,938,100	423,400	(17,400)	6,344,100	98,400	757,800
Excess (deficiency) of income over expenses Transfers (Note 3)	(969,700) 953,300	4,821,600 (858,700)	176,900	4,028,800 94,600	376,800 (111,800)	2,700 17,200
Transfer of Building Fund	36,300	(1,638,800)	1,602,500	77,000	(111,000)	17,200
Increase (decrease) in fund balances	19,900	2,324,100	1,779,400	4,123,400	265,000	19,900
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,163,100	17,766,700		20,075,100	4,674,700	26,100
E III	¢4 102 000	¢30,000,000	r (75.200)	\$24.100.500	£4.020.700	Ø 47 (VVV)

See notes to financial statements.

Fund balances, end of year

\$4,183,000 \$20,090,800 \$ (75,300) \$24,198,500 \$4,939,700 \$ 46,000

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 1985 and 1984

1985	1984
Total All Funds	Total All Funds
\$ 858,900 379,300 1,060,800 832,600 3,283,900 2,095,300 122,600 37,800 1,831,000 939,500 166,900	\$ 834,200 388,000 1,031,800 599,300 1,316,400 2,051,200 101,000 30,400 1,637,300 2,155,700 33,700 10,179,000
836,700 178,600 623,300 111,600 94,000 2,043,100 160,000 241,500 346,200	779,200 167,100 715,800 86,900 2,049,600 135,700 224,300 368,800
3,600 119,500 62,200 51,000 72,600 64,300 5,008,200	41,500 117,400 20,900 89,800 50,600 4,847,600
147,400 416,700 298,800 798,600 430,100 118,000 (33,500) 2,176,100	205,100 321,400 218,300 646,300 412,500 109,200
16,000 7,200,300 4,408,300	12,000 (232,900)
4,408,300 24,775,900	3,639,500 21,136,400

\$29,184,200 \$24,775,900

Note 1—Significant Accounting Policies:

The Council on Foreign Relations, Inc. (Council) considers all contributions and grants to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor or grantor. These contributions and grants are recorded as received, and amounts designated by the donor as applicable to future periods are deferred.

The Council follows the practice of capitalizing expenditures for land, buildings and equipment, and generally depreciates these assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. (See Note 4.) The fair market value of donated property and equipment is similarly capitalized and depreciated. Depreciation expense was \$139,300 for fiscal 1984 and \$235,200 for fiscal 1985.

Investments are recorded at cost or, if donated, at market value at date of contribution. A reserve for decline in market value is provided when market value declines below carrying value and when such securities may not be held for a sufficient period of time to be offset by market value increases.

Note 2—Investments:

Investments are summarized as follows:

	Cost	Market Value
Equity securities Bonds	\$18,577,700 4,777,000	\$21,942,900 4,981,600
Money Market Funds	941,800	941,800
Total at June 30, 1985	\$24,296,500	\$27,866,300
Total at June 30, 1984	\$20,576,700	\$20,890,000

At June 30, 1985, gross unrealized gains were approximately \$4,138,400 and gross unrealized losses were approximately \$773,200 pertaining to equity securities.

Note 3—Funds: Unrestricted Funds:

The Council's core programs are operated primarily through the General Fund. The Investment Fund represents unrestricted amounts designated by the Council for investment purposes. Since 1968, the Council has followed a policy of transferring annually to the General Fund 5% of the average market value of the portfolio in the Investment Fund as measured on March 31 of the three previous years. For fiscal 1985, an additional \$59,400 above the 5% figure was transferred to the General Fund to offset the General Fund operating deficit. Funds paid in support of The Campaign for the Council are added to pooled investments as received. The target of this drive is \$14.5 million, primarily to strengthen the Studies Program.

Restricted Investment Fund:

These consist of ten funds to be used for core programs. The income from four of these funds is restricted by the donor to a particular use. Income

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 1985 and 1984

from the other six funds is not so restricted; charges made to these six funds, shown as "Transfers of fund balances," result from application of the 5% formula, described above.

Specially Funded Programs:

These are undertaken only when donations are made available to support them.

Note 4—Land, Buildings and Equipment:

Land, buildings and equipment are summarized as follows:

	Jun	Estimated useful	
	1985	1984	life
Land	\$1,292,300	\$1,292,300	
Buildings and			
improvements	3,176,300	3,118,200	10-55 years
Equipment	1,055,900	964,500	5-15 years
	5,524,500	\$5,375,000	
Less-accumu- lated depre-			
ciation	818,800	622,800	
	\$4,705,700	\$4,752,200	

Note 5-Retirement Plan:

The Council has a defined contribution retirement plan covering substantially all employees. Payments, which are based upon a fixed percentage of each participating employee's salary, are made to an insurance company for premiums under annuity contracts purchased for each member of the plan. Expense of the plan was \$242,300 for fiscal 1984 and \$258,400 for fiscal 1985. Employees must contribute 2.5% of salary and have the option to contribute additional premiums on their own behalf.

Note 6—Income Taxes:

The Council is a not-for-profit organization exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that it is subject to tax on unrelated business income, which has not been significant.

Report of Independent Accountants

Ernst & Whinney 153 East 53rd Street New York, New York 10022 212/888–9100

The Board of Directors Council on Foreign Relations, Inc.

We have examined the balance sheets of Council on Foreign Relations, Inc. as of June 30, 1985 and 1984, and the related statements of income, expenses and changes in fund balances for the years then ended. Our examinations were made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly the financial position of Council on Foreign Relations, Inc., at June 30, 1985 and 1984, and the results of its operations and changes in its fund balances for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis.

Ernst + Whinney

New York, New York August 15, 1985

By-Laws of the Council June 1985

I

All members of the Council shall be elected by the Board of Directors. All members elected to the Council, other than those whose term of membership is limited by the conditions of their election, remain members until death, resignation or action under the last paragraph of this By-Law.

The Board of Directors may elect honorary members with such membership rights, excluding the right to vote in Council affairs, as the Board may designate.

In any fiscal year, the Board may elect up to fifty persons to five-year term membership. The terms and conditions of such membership shall be as prescribed by the Board, provided that no person shall be elected to such membership who is more than 34 years of age on January 1 of the year in which his or her election would take place, and that of the total number of persons elected each year no more than thirty shall be age 31 or over, and provided that so long as their term continues such members will have the full rights and privileges of Council membership.

The Board of Directors may establish such other special categories of membership having such rights and privileges, and subject to such conditions, as the Board may designate.

Of the total membership of the Council, the stated membership shall not exceed 1,900. Stated membership is defined as the total of those members who at the time of computation are under the age of 70, who are residing within the United States, and who are neither honorary members nor fiveyear term members. Of the stated membership, not less than one-third and not more than one-half shall be composed of resident members. A resident member is one whose residence or principal place of business is within fifty miles of City Hall in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. A Washington member is one whose residence or principal place of business is within 50 miles of the Capitol in the District of Columbia; all other members are non-resident. All members other than honorary members shall be citizens of the United States or permanent residents of the United States who have made application to become a citizen.

A member may be dropped or suspended from membership by a unanimous vote of those Directors attending a meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present and voting, for any violation of the By-Laws or rules or regulations of the Board of Directors, or for any conduct even though not in actual violation of a By-Law or rule which, in the opinion of the Board, is nevertheless prejudicial to the best interests, reputation and proper functioning of the Council.

II

It is an express condition of membership in the Council, to which condition every member accedes by virtue of his membership, that members will observe such rules and regulations as may be prescribed from time to time by the Board of Directors concerning the conduct of Council meetings or the attribution of statements made therein, and that any disclosure, publication, or other action by a member in contravention thereof may be regarded by the Board of Directors in its sole discretion as ground for termination or suspension of membership pursuant to Article I of the By-Laws.

Ш

Members other than honorary members of the Council shall pay the following dues per annum:

	Res	ident	Washington D.C.		
	Busi- ness	Non- Busi- ness	Busi- ness	Non- Busi- ness	
Under 30	\$ 250	\$ 75	\$150	\$ 60	
30–39	\$ 500	\$125	\$300	\$ 90	
40 and Over	\$1,000	\$250	\$600	\$150	

	Non-Resident			
	Busi-	Non- Busi-		
	ness	ness		
Under 30	\$125	\$ 50		
30-39	\$250	\$ 75		
40 and Over	\$500	\$125		

For purposes of this By-Law, non-business members are those who are regular members of the faculty of any accredited educational institution, who are in the public service, who are on the staff of a voluntary organization, or who are accredited writers, commentators, journalists or other media correspondents. All other members, except honorary members, are business members.

All dues shall be paid semi-annually in equal installments in advance. Default in the payment of any dues for a period of sixty days may be deemed to be equivalent to resignation.

IV

There shall be a Board of not more than twenty-five Directors. The President of the corporation shall be a Director, ex officio. The remaining members shall be divided into three equal classes, each class to serve for a term of three years and until their successors are elected and take office. At each Annual Election of the Council, Directors shall be elected to replace the outgoing class. Terms of Directors shall commence on the first day of September next following their election. No Director shall serve consecutively for more than three terms, provided however that the first term which shall be counted for the purpose of this rule shall be the threeyear term beginning in the fall of 1971. A Director shall retire on the first day of September of the calendar year in which he or she reaches the age of seventy. Any Director who retires under this provision shall become a Director Emeritus. The Board shall have the power to fill any vacancy on its own body.

V

A. The Annual Meeting of Members shall be held in New York City as soon as practicable after the end of the fiscal year, as determined by the Chairman of the Board. At this meeting the Board of Directors shall present a report of the activities of the Council during the past year and such other business shall be considered as shall be brought forward by or with the sanction of the Board of Directors, and which shall have been stated in the notice convening the meeting.

A majority of the voting members of the Council shall constitute a quorum for the

transaction of business. Members may be represented by proxy.

B. The Annual Election of Directors of the Council shall be held at a meeting in New York City on a date set by the President or the Chairman of the Board within thirteen months of the preceding meeting at which Directors were elected. The Board of Directors shall be elected by ballot. Ballots will be mailed to all members in advance of the Annual Election and may be returned by mail or may be delivered in person or by proxy. The ballot shall contain (i) the name of each member who is nominated as a candidate by the Nominating Committee, (ii) the name of any member who is nominated by a petition signed by not less than ten members, and (iii) the name of any member who received not less than ten write-in votes in the preceding election. Members may cast one vote for each of as many candidates as there are vacancies to be filled on the Board, and the candidates with the highest number of votes will be declared elected as Directors. A majority of the voting members of the Council shall constitute a quorum at the Annual Election Meeting. Administrative details necessary to implement the Council's nomination and election procedures may be prescribed by the President in consultation with the Chairman.

VI

The Board shall constitute such committees as may from time to time be appropriate, including an Executive Committee, a Finance and Budget Committee, a Membership Committee, a Nominating Committee, and a Committee on Studies. Elections of Board members to committees shall be held at Annual Meetings of the Board, except that, on the nomination of the Chairman of the Board, a Director may be elected at any meeting of the Board to fill a committee vacancy.

The Executive Committee shall be composed of up to eight members of the Board. During intervals between meetings of the Board the Committee may exercise the powers of the Board to the extent permitted by law.

The Finance and Budget Committee shall be composed of five members of the Board. The Committee shall have the power to co-opt not to exceed five additional members. The Committee shall have general su-

By-Laws of the Council

pervision of the investment of the funds of the Council and of its financial affairs, and shall present the budget at the Spring Meeting of the Board.

The Membership Committee shall be composed of five members of the Board. The Committee shall co-opt two members who shall not be members of the Board and who shall be under the age of 40 when co-opted and shall have power to co-opt four additional members of any age who are not members of the Board. All names proposed for membership in the Council shall be referred to the Committee for its consideration and the Committee shall submit to the Board its nominations for election to membership.

The Nominating Committee shall be composed of five members of the Board. No member of the Board shall serve on the Nominating Committee during any year in which he or she is eligible for reelection to the Board and, in such instance, the Chairman of the Board shall nominate another member of the Board to substitute for such person. The Committee shall present names for Directors, Officers and committee members. For the purpose of nominating candidates to stand for election to the Board, the Committee shall co-opt ten additional members who shall not be members of the Board. Members of the Nominating Committee shall serve single three-year terms so staggered that in each year at least one Board member and two non-Board members shall be elected or co-opted to the Committee, as the case may be. The Chairman of the Nominating Committee shall be selected by the Chairman of the Board from among the Board members on the Committee. Neither the Chairman of the Board nor the President shall be ex officio members of the Nominating Committee. Both in coopting members to its own body and in nominating candidates for each year's Board election, the Nominating Committee is charged to keep in mind the need for diversity with regard to age, sex, race, geographical representation and professional background. In nominating candidates for each year's Board election, the Committee is also charged (i) to solicit the entire membership for the names of possible candidates and (ii) to nominate as many candidates as there are Board vacancies to be filled at the election.

The Committee on Studies shall be composed of five members of the Board. The Committee shall have power to co-opt not to exceed seven additional members at least five

of whom are not members of the Board. All suggestions relating to matters of research shall be referred to it, and it shall be responsible for the initiation of research projects. The Committee on Studies shall submit a report of its activities at the Annual Meeting of the Board.

Except as otherwise provided above, a co-opted committee member shall serve for such term as the committee co-opting him or her shall determine, and during such term shall have the same rights and obligations as other committee members.

VII

The Officers of the corporation shall be a Chairman of the Board, a Vice Chairman, a President, one or more Vice Presidents, a Secretary, a Treasurer and such other Officers as in the Board's judgment may be required. The Board shall annually fix their compensation. The Chairman of the Board shall be elected for a term of three years, and shall be eligible for re-election as a Director for a fourth three-year term (notwithstanding the three-term limit, but not the age limit of Article IV) to enable the Chairman of the Board to complete the balance of an unexpired term as Chairman. The other Officers of the corporation shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The Chairman of the Board, or in his or her absence the Vice Chairman, may call meetings of the Board and shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors.

The President, subject to the overall direction of the Board of Directors, shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the corporation

The Vice Presidents in order of seniority shall discharge the duties of the President in his or her absence, and shall perform such other duties as from time to time shall be assigned them by the Board of Directors.

The Treasurer shall have custody of the funds of the corporation.

The Secretary shall conduct the correspondence of the corporation, and shall keep its records.

VIII

The Board shall appoint the Editor of Foreign Affairs, and the Director of Studies, if any, and shall annually fix their compensation.

IX

The funds of the corporation shall be invested by the Finance and Buget Committee or shall be deposited with trust companies or banking institutions designated by either the Board of Directors or the Finance and Budget Committee. Disbursements shall be made only upon checks or vouchers approved by any two of the following: the President, any Vice President, the Treasurer, the Comptroller, the Editor of *Foreign Affairs*, and such other employees of the corporation as may from time to time be designated by the Finance and Budget Committee.

X

The Annual Meeting of the Board shall be held as soon as practicable after the first day of September, as determined by the Chairman of the Board. One-third of the Directors in Office shall constitute a quorum at any meeting of the Board.

XI

These By-Laws may be amended at any meeting of the Board of Directors, provided notice of the proposed amendment shall have been given at a previous meeting or circulated in writing to the members of the Board not less than five days in advance.

XII

Any person made, or threatened to be made, a party to any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, by reason of the fact that he or she, his or her testator or intestate, is or was a Director or Officer of the Council, shall be indemnified by the Council, and the Council may advance his or her related expenses, to the full extent authorized or permitted by law.

Rules, Guidelines and Practices

The following items describe important Rules, Guidelines and Practices of the Council on Foreign Relations, with which members should familiarize themselves.

Rule on Foreign Policy Positions

It has been the policy of the Council since its origin, reconfirmed by resolution of the Board of Directors on September 11, 1973, that:

"The Council shall not take any position on questions of foreign policy and no person is authorized to speak, or purport to speak, for the Council on such matters."

Rule on Non-Attribution

"The Council is a research and educational institution. Everyone who participates in a Council meeting is encouraged to use and disseminate ideas and information developed in the meeting. It is recognized, at the same time, that many Council guests and members are, by reason of their governmental or other institutional affiliations, subject to inevitable constraints upon their latitude to express opinions, take positions or offer tentative judgments on public affairs issues if they are speaking in a public forum or if their statements will be later attributed to them in public media or a public forum.

"Full freedom of expression is encouraged at Council meetings. Participants are assured that they may speak openly, as it is the tradition of the Council that others will not later attribute their statements to them in public media or forums or knowingly transmit them to persons who will. All participants are expected to honor that commitment.

"An appropriate officer of the Council may, however, by advanced announcement declare this Rule inapplicable in whole or in part to any particular Council meeting, except that no Council meeting shall be made generally open to the public or media except upon action by the Council's Board of Directors.

"Notwithstanding the above Rule, the

Board of Directors may, from time to time, prescribe rules governing the subsequent release of any Council records."

While the substance of the above Rule has been in effect since the formation of the Council, its present formulation was adopted by the Board of Directors on June 6, 1977, on the recommendation of a special Advisory

Panel on the Non-Attribution Rule. The

minutes of the June 6 meeting contain the following explanatory comments about the Rule:

"The report recognizes that 'media' and 'public forum' are vague terms. But they can nevertheless be rationally interpreted in the light of the purpose of the Rule. For example, the reformulation would make it legitimate for a U.S. government official to report by memo to his colleagues and superiors what he learned at a Council meeting. Similarly, the reformulation recognizes that a lawyer may give such a memo to his partners, or a corporate officer to other corporate officers. It would not be compliance with the reformulated Rule, however, for any meeting participant (i) to publish a speaker's statement in attributed form in a newspaper; (ii) to repeat it on television or radio, or on a speaker's platform, or in a classroom; or (iii) going beyond a memo of limited circulation, to distribute the attributed statement in a company or government agency newsletter. The language of the Rule also goes out of its way to make it clear that a meeting participant is forbidden knowingly to transmit the attributed statement to a newspaper reporter or other such person who is likely to publish it in a public medium. The essence of the Rule as reformulated is simple enough: participants in Council meetings should not pass along an attributed statement in circumstances where there is a substantial risk that it will promptly be widely circulated or published.'

Guidelines on Meetings

By resolution adopted on February 28, 1972, as subsequently amended, the Board of Directors has prescribed the following Guidelines governing Council meetings:

"The purpose of meetings sponsored by the Council on Foreign Relations is to promote understanding of international affairs through the free interchange of ideas among participants.

"In order to encourage to the fullest a free, frank and open exchange of ideas in Council meetings, the Board of Directors has prescribed, in addition to the Non-Attribution Rule, the following guidelines. All participants in Council meetings are expected to be familiar with and adhere to these Guidelines.

"1. Since the Council invites guests representing many different viewpoints, since it selects topics regardless of, or because of,

their controversiality, and since there is a wide divergence of viewpoints among members, it is to be expected that Council meetings will sometimes be marked by sharp dispute.

- "2. Meeting chairmen are expected to stimulate open expression of opinion by all participants and should not attempt to mute controversy or stifle differences of viewpoint where they exist. To this end it is the responsibility of chairmen to see to it that all viewpoints expressed are treated with respect and that parliamentary decorum is maintained.
- "3. Principal speakers should expect to be questioned vigorously on any point relevant to their intellectual interest, experience or expertise in international affairs. It is recognized, however, that some speakers, particularly those holding official positions, may not feel free to answer some questions and, in such case, their declination will be respected."

Apart from the traditional meetings for spouses and for sons and daughters of the members, occasional meetings are also open

to guests of members. Guest privileges are for those who have special expertise or experience that relates directly to the meeting, as well as the general qualifications of potential candidates for Council membership. Members bringing guests should complete a "guest notice card" and acquaint them with the Council's non-attribution rule governing what is said at meetings.

Archival Practice

By resolution of the Council's Board of Directors, adopted December 17, 1974, all substantive records of the Council more than 25 years old are open for reference use during library hours at the Harold Pratt House, subject to the proviso that:

"As a condition of use, the officers of the Council shall require each user of Council records to execute a prior written commitment that he will not directly or indirectly attribute to any living person any assertion of fact or opinion based upon any Council record without first obtaining from such person his written consent thereto."

Officers and Directors, 1984-1985

Officers

David Rockefeller

Chairman of the Board

John Temple Swing

Peter G. Peterson

Winston Lord

Vice President and Secretary

Vice Chairman and Treasurer

President

Directors

Graham T. Allison Jr. Harold Brown Warren Christopher Richard L. Gelb Philip L. Geyelin Alan Greenspan Theodore M. Hesburgh

Stanley Hoffmann Nicholas deB. Katzenbach Lane Kirkland Juanita Kreps

Winston Lord, ex officio C. Peter McColough Donald F. McHenry Peter G. Peterson Lewis T. Preston David Rockefeller

William D. Rogers Robert A. Scalapino Brent Scowcroft Stephen Stamas Cyrus R. Vance Clifton R. Wharton, Jr.

Marina v.N. Whitman Walter B. Wriston

Honorary Officers and Directors Emeriti

William A. M. Burden Arthur H. Dean Douglas Dillon William C. Foster George S. Franklin

Caryl P. Haskins Joseph E. Johnson Grayson Kirk Henry R. Labouisse John J. McCloy Honorary Chairman James A. Perkins Philip D. Reed Charles M. Spofford

Committees, 1984–1985

Executive	David Rockefeller, Chairman		
Warren Christopher Theodore M. Hesburgh Lane Kirkland C. Peter McColough	Peter G. Peterson Lewis T. Preston Cyrus R. Vance		
Finance & Budget	C. Peter McColough, Chairman		
Richard L. Gelb Peter G. Peterson Lewis T. Preston	Clifton R. Wharton, Jr. Walter B. Wriston		
Membership	Theodore M. Hesburgh, Chairman		
Richard E. Beeman Robert F. Erburu Donald F. McHenry Juanita Kreps Brent Scowcroft	Joan E. Spero Stephen Stamas Fritz Stern Franklin A. Thomas R. James Woolsey		
Nominating	Nicholas deB. Katzenbach, Chairman		
Henry G. Cisneros Ralph P. Davidson Richard W. Fisher George S. Franklin Suzanne Garment Philip L. Geyelin Marvin L. Goldberger	Robert S. Ingersoll James A. Joseph Joseph S. Nye, Jr. William D. Rogers Brent Scowcroft William W. Scranton Marina v.N. Whitman		
Studies	Marina v.N. Whitman, Chairman		
Graham T. Allison Suzanne Berger Harold Brown John C. Campbell Stanley Hoffmann Bernard Lewis	William D. Rogers Robert A. Scalapino Richard H. Solomon Robert Solomon Cyrus R. Vance		

Historical Roster of Directors and Officers

Isaiah Bowman	1921–50	Douglas Dillon *	1965-78
Archibald Cary Coolidge	1921–28	Henry R. Labouisse *	1965–74
Paul D. Cravath	1921–40	Robert V. Roosa	1966-81
John W. Davis	1921–55	Lucian W. Pye	1966-82
Norman H. Davis	1921–44	Alfred C. Neal	1967–76
Stephen P. Duggan	1921–50	Bill Moyers	1967–74
John H. Finley	1921–29	Cyrus R. Vance	1968–76, 1981–
Edwin F. Gay	1921–45	Hedley Donovan	1969–79
David F. Houston	1921–27	Najeeb E. Halaby	1970–72
Otto H. Kahn	1921–34	Bayless Manning	1971–77
Frank L. Polk	1921–43	W. Michael Blumenthal	1972–77, 1979–
Whitney H. Shepardson	1921–66	Zbigniew Brzezinski	1972-77
William R. Shepherd	1921–27	Elizabeth Drew	1972-77
Paul M. Warburg	1921–32	George S. Franklin*	1972-83
George M. Wickersham	1921–36	Marshall D. Shulman	1972–77
Allen W. Dulles	1927–69	Martha Redfield Wallace	1972-82
R.C. Leffingwell	1927–60	Paul C. Warnke	1972–77
George O. May	1927–53	Peter G. Peterson	1973-83, 1984-
Wesley C. Mitchell	1927–34	Robert O. Anderson	1974-80
Owen D. Young	1927-40	Edward K. Hamilton	1974-83
Hamilton Fish Armstrong	1928–72	Harry C. McPherson, Jr.	1974–77
Charles P. Howland	1929-31	Elliot L. Richardson	1974-75
Walter Lippmann	1932–37	Franklin Hall Williams	1975-83
Clarence M. Woolley	1932-35	Nicholas deB. Katzenbach	1975-
Frank Altschul	1934–72	Paul A. Volcker	1975-79
Philip C. Jessup	1934–42	Theodore M. Hesburgh	1976-85
Harold W. Dodds	1935-43	Lane Kirkland	1976-
Leon Fraser	1936–45	George H. W. Bush	1977–79
John H. Williams	1937–64	Lloyd N. Cutler	1977–79
Lewis W. Douglas	1940-64	Philip L. Geyelin	1977-
Edward Warner	1940–49	Henry A. Kissinger	1977-81
Clarence E. Hunter	1942–53	Winston Lord	1977-
Myron C. Taylor	1943–59	Stephen Stamas	1977–
Henry M. Wriston	1943–67	Marina v.N. Whitman	1977–
Thomas K. Finletter	1944-67	C. Peter McColough	1978-
William A.M. Burden *	1945–74	Richard L. Gelb	1979-
Walter H. Mallory	1945-68	Graham T. Allison, Jr.	1979-
Philip D. Reed *	1945-69	William D. Ruckelshaus	1979-83
Winfield W. Riefler	1945-50	James Hoge	1980-84
David Rockefeller*	1949-85	George P. Shultz	1980-82
W. Averell Harriman	1950-55	William D. Rogers	1980-
Joseph E. Johnson *	1950-74	Walter B. Wriston	1981-
Grayson Kirk *	1950-73	Lewis T. Preston	1981–
Devereux C. Josephs	1951–58	Warren Christopher	1982-
Elliott V. Bell	1953-66	Alan Greenspan	1982=
John J. McCloy *	1953-72	Robert A. Scalapino	1982-
Arthur H. Dean*	1955-72	Harold Brown	1983-
Charles M. Spofford*	1955-72	Stanley Hoffmann	1983-
Adlai E. Stevenson	1958-62	Juanita Kreps	1983-
William C. Foster*	1959-72	Brent Scowcroft	1983-
Caryl P. Haskins *	1961–75	Clifton R. Wharton, Jr.	1983-
James A. Perkins *	1963-79	Donald F. McHenry	1984=
William P. Bundy	1964-74	B.R. Inman	1985=
Gabriel Hauge	1964-81 1964-79	Jeane J. Kirkpatrick	1985-

^{*} Directors Emeriti

Chairmen of the Board			
R.C. Leffingwell	1946-53	David Rockefeller	1970-
John J. McČloy	1953-70		
Vice Chairmen of the Board			
Grayson Kirk	1971–73	Douglas Dillon	1976–78
Cyrus R. Vance	1973–76	Carroll L. Wilson	1978–79
Presidents			
John W. Davis	1921-33	Henry M. Wriston	1951-64
George W. Wickersham	1933-36	Grayson Kirk	1964-71
Norman H. Davis	1936-44	Bayless Manning	1971-77
R.C. Leffingwell	1944-46	Winston Lord	1977-85
Allen W. Dulles	1946-50		
Executive Directors			
Hamilton Fish Armstrong	1922-28	Walter H. Mallory	1927-59
Malcolm W. Davis	1925–27	George S. Franklin	1953-71
Directors of Studies			
Percy W. Bidwell	1937-53	Abraham F. Lowenthal	1976-77
Philip E. Mosely	1955-63	John C. Campbell	1977-78
Richard H. Ullman	1973–76	Paul H. Kreisberg	1981-
		Ţ.	
Editors of "Foreign Affairs"			
Archibald Cary Coolidge	1922-28	William P. Bundy	1972-84
Hamilton Fish Armstrong	1928-72	William G. Hyland	1984-
C.		Ź	
Vice Presidents			
Paul D. Cravath	1921–33	Henry M. Wriston	1950-51
Norman H. Davis	1933–36	David Rockefeller	1950-70
Edwin F. Gay	1933–40	Frank Altschul	1951-71
Frank L. Polk	1940-43	Devereux C. Josephs	1951–52
R.C. Leffingwell	1943-44	David W. MacEachron	1972-74
Allen W. Dulles	1944–46	John Temple Swing	1972-74
Isaiah Bowman	1945-49	John Temple Swing	19/2-
	1713 17		
Secretaries			
Edwin F. Gay	1921–33	Frank Altschul	1944–72
Allen W. Dulles	1933-44	John Temple Swing	1972-
Тиодопиче			
Treasurers Edwin F. Gay	1921–33	Elliott V. Bell	1952-64
Whitney H. Shepardson	1933-42	Gabriel Hauge	1964-81
Clarence E. Hunter	1942-51	Peter G. Peterson	1981-
Devereux C. Josephs	1951–52	Teter G. Teterson	1701
Develeux C. Josepha	1/31 32		

Council Publications

Current Serial Publications

Foreign Affairs. Volumes 1–50, 1922–72, edited by Hamilton Fish Armstrong; Volumes 51–62, 1973–84, edited by William P. Bundy; Volumes 63–, 1984–, edited by William G. Hyland. Political Handbook of the World (annual). Volumes for 1927–67, 1970, 1975–81, 1982/83 (McGraw-Hill), 1984/85– (CSA Publications/ SUNY Binghamton).

New Books

The Nuclear Controversy: A Foreign Affairs Reader, edited by William P. Bundy (New American Library/Meridian, 1985). Paperback.

American Hostages in Iran: The Conduct of a Crisis, by Warren Christopher et al. (Yale University Press, 1985). Cloth.

Canada and the United States: Enduring Friendship, Persistent Stress, edited by Charles F. Doran and John H. Sigler (Prentice-Hall, 1985). Cloth and paperback.

Arms and the African: Military Influences on Africa's International Relations, edited by William J. Foltz and Henry S. Bienen (Yale University Press, 1985). Cloth.

A Changing Israel, by Peter Grose (Vintage/Random House, 1985). Paperback.

Technological Frontiers and Foreign Relations, edited by Anne G. Keatley (National Academy Press, 1985). Paperback.

Strategic Stalemate: Nuclear Weapons and Arms Control in American Politics, by Michael Krepon (St. Martin's Press, 1985). Cloth.

Third World Instability: Central America as a European-American Issue, edited by Andrew J. Pierre (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Paperback.

Latin Migration North: The Problem for U.S. Foreign Policy, by Michael S. Teitelbaum (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Paperback.

Ripe for Resolution: Conflict and Intervention in Africa, by I. William Zartman (Oxford University Press, 1985). Cloth

Prospects for Peace in the Middle East: The View from Israel. Foreword by Cyrus R. Vance (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Conference Transcript.

India and the United States: A Report on a Dialogue between the Council on Foreign Relations and a group of distinguished Indians under the auspices of the Indian Council of Cultural Relations (Council on Foreign Relations, 1985). Paperback.

North Africa: Regional Tensions and Strategic Concerns, by Richard B. Parker (Praeger, 1984). Cloth.

Soviet Policy in Eastern Europe, edited by Sarah Meiklejohn Terry (Yale University Press, 1984). Cloth and paperback.

The Dilemma of Reform in the Soviet Union, by Timothy J. Colton (Council on Foreign Relations, 1984). Paperback.

The Making of America's Soviet Policy, edited by Joseph S. Nye, Jr. (Yale University Press, 1984). Cloth and paperback.

Nuclear Weapons in Europe, edited by Andrew J. Pierre (Council on Foreign Relations, 1984).

Paperback.

Unemployment and Growth in the Western Economies, edited by Andrew J. Pierre (Council on Foreign Relations, 1984). Paperback.

The Russians and Reagan, by Strobe Talbott (Vintage/Random House, 1984). Paperback.

Other Books in Print

The New Multilateralism: Can the World Trading System Be Saved?, by Miriam Camps and William Diebold, Jr. (Council on Foreign Relations, 1983). Paperback.

The Intemperate Zone, by Richard E. Feinberg (W.W. Norton, 1983). Cloth and paperback. The Non-Aligned, the UN and the Superpowers, by Richard L. Jackson (Praeger, 1983). Cloth. Economic Summitry, by George de Menil and Anthony M. Solomon (Council on Foreign Relations, 1983). Paperback.

The Global Politics of Arms Sales, by Andrew J. Pierre (Princeton University Press, 1982). Cloth and paperback.

Ideology and Development in Africa, by Crawford Young (Yale University Press, 1982). Cloth and paperback.

- Soviet Policy in East Asia, edited by Donald S. Zagoria (Yale University Press, 1982). Cloth and paperback.
- Nuclear Weapons and Foreign Policy, by Henry A. Kissinger (Westview Encore Edition, 1984; first published 1957). Paperback.
- Soviet-American Relations in the 1980s: Superpower Politics and East-West Trade, by Lawrence T. Caldwell and William Diebold, Jr. (McGraw-Hill 1981). Paperback.
- Collective Management: The Reform of Global Economic Organizations, by Miriam Camps and Catherine Gwin (McGraw-Hill, 1981). Cloth.
- The Oil Factor in U.S. Foreign Policy, 1980-1990, by Melvin A. Conant (Lexington Books, 1981). Cloth and paperback.
- Industrial Policy as an International Issue, by William Diebold, Jr. (McGraw-Hill, 1981). Cloth and paperback.
- Western Security: What Has Changed? What Should Be Done?, by Karl Kaiser, Winston Lord, Thierry de Montbrial and David Watt (Council on Foreign Relations and The Royal Institute of International Affairs, 1981). Paperback.
- Europe in Search of Its Identity, by Robert Marjolin (Council on Foreign Relations, 1981). Paperback.
- The China Factor: Sino-American Relations and the Global Scene, edited by Richard H. Solomon (Prentice-Hall, 1981). Cloth.
- Managing the Economy, by Denis Healey (Council on Foreign Relations, 1980). Paperback.
- Europe Between the Superpowers: The Enduring Balance, by Anton W. DePorte (Yale University Press, 1979). Cloth and paperback.
- Growth Policies and the International Order, by Lincoln Gordon, (McGraw-Hill, 1979). Cloth and paperback.
- Beyond the North-South Stalemate, by Roger D. Hansen (McGraw-Hill, 1979). Cloth.
- How Nations Behave: Law and Foreign Policy, by Louis Henkin (Columbia University Press, second edition 1979). Cloth and paperback.
- Africa and the United States: Vital Interests, edited by Jennifer S. Whitaker (New York University Press, 1978). Cloth and paperback.
- Eurocommunism and Détente, edited by Rudolph L. Tökés (New York University Press, 1978). Coth and paperback.
- The Middle East in the Coming Decade: From Wellhead to Well-Being?, by John Waterbury and Ragaei El Mallakh (McGraw-Hill, 1978). Cloth.
- Six Billion People: Demographic Dilemmas and World Politics, by George Tapinos and Phyllis T. Piotrow (McGraw-Hill, 1978). Paperback.
- Oil Politics in the 1980s: Patterns of International Cooperation, by Oystein Noreng (McGraw-Hill, 1978). Paperback.
- Japan and the United States: Challenges and Opportunities, edited by William J. Barnds (New York University Press, 1977). Cloth and paperback.
- Contemporary Venezuela and its Role in International Affairs, edited by Robert D. Bond (New York University Press, 1977). Paperback.
- The Two Koreas in East Asian Affairs, edited by William J. Barnds (New York University Press, 1976). Cloth.
- The Dilemmas of the Dollar: The Economics and Politics of United States International Monetary Policy, by C. Fred Bergsten (New York University Press, 1975). Paperback.

June 30, 1985*

A

Aaron, David L. Abboud, A. Robert Abegglen, James C. Abel, Elie Abely, Joseph F., Jr. Abizaid, John P. Abram, Morris B. Abramowitz, Morton I. Abrams, Elliott Abshire, David M. Aburdene, Odeh Achilles, Theodore C. Adam, Ray C. Adams, Ruth Salzman Adelman, Kenneth L. Agee, William M. Agnew, Harold M. Agronsky, Martin Aho, C. Michael Aidinoff, M. Bernard Ajami, Fouad Akers, John F. Akins, James E. Albright, Archie E. Albright, Madeleine Alderman, Michael H. Aldrich, George H. Alexander, Robert J. Allan, F. Alev Allbritton, Joe L. Allen, John R. Allen, Lew, Jr. Allen, Philip E. Allison, Graham T. Allison, Richard C. Alpern, Alan N. Altman, Roger C. Altschul, Arthur G. Andersen, Harold W. Anderson, John B. Anderson, Lisa Anderson, Paul F. Anderson, Robert Anderson, Robert B.

Anderson, Robert O.

Anderson, Roy A. Angell, James W. Angermueller, Hans H. Angulo, Manuel R. Anschuetz, Norbert L. Ansour, M. Michael Anthoine, Robert Apter, David E. Araskog, Rand V. Arledge, Roone Armacost, Michael H. Armacost, Samuel H. Armstrong, Anne Armstrong, C. M. Armstrong, DeWitt C., III Armstrong, John A. Armstrong, Willis C. Arnhold, Henry H. Arnold, Daniel C. Arnold, Millard W. Aron, Adam M. Art. Robert J. Arthurs, Alberta Artzt, Edwin L. Asencio, Diego C. Asher, Robert E. Askew, Reubin O'D. Aspin, Les Assousa, George E. Atherton, Alfred L., Jr. Attwood, William Auspitz, Josiah Lee Ayers, H. Brandt

В

Babbitt, Bruce Bacot, J. Carter Bader, William B. Baeza, Mario L. Bailey, Charles W. Baird, Charles F. Baird, Zoë E. Baker, Howard H., Jr. Baker, James E. Baker, Pauline H. Balaran, Paul Baldrige, Malcolm Baldwin, Robert E. Baldwin, Robert H. B. Bales, Carter F. Ball, David George Ball, George W.

Ballou, George T. Bandow, Doug Barber, Charles F. Barber, Perry O., Jr. Barghoorn, Frederick C. Barker, Robert R. Barkin, Solomon Barlow, William E. Barnathan, Joyce Barnds, William J. Barnes, Harry G., Jr. Barnes, Michael D. Barnet, Richard J. Barnett, A. Doak Barnett, Frank R. Barnett, Robert W. Barr, Thomas D. Barrett, Edward W. Barrows, Leland Bartholomew, Reginald Bartlett, Joseph W. Bartlett, Thomas A. Bartley, Robert L. Baskin, Bo Bassow, Whitman Bastedo, Philip Batkin, Alan R. Bator, Francis M. Battle, Lucius D. Bauman, Robert P. Baumann, Carol Edler Bayne, Edward Ashley Beam, Jacob D. Bean, Atherton Beasley, William Howard, Ш Beattie, Richard I. Becker, E. Lovell Beckler, David Z. Beeman, Richard E. Begley, Louis Behrman, Jack N. Beim, David O. Beinecke, William S. Bell, Daniel Bell, David E. Bell, Holley Mack Bell, J. Bowyer Bell, Peter D. Bell, Steve Bell, Travers J., Jr.

Bellamy, Carol

¹ Includes individuals to whom invitations were extended by the Board at its June 1985 meeting and who had accepted by the time this Report went to press.

Benbow, Terence H. Bennet, Douglas J., Jr. Bennett, Donald V. Bennett, J. F. Bennett, W. Tapley, Jr. Benson, Lucy Wilson Beplat, Tristan E. Berger, Marilyn Berger, Samuel R. Berger, Suzanne Bergold, Harry E., Jr. Bergsten, C. Fred Bernardin, Joseph Cardinal Bernstein, Robert L. Berry, Sidney B. Bessie, Simon Michael Betts, Richard K. Beyer, John C. Bialer, Sewervn Bialkin, Kenneth J. Bienen, Henry S. Bierley, John C. Bierwirth, John C. Billington, James H. Binger, James H. Bingham, Jonathan B. Birk, Roger E. Birkelund, John P. Birnbaum, Eugene A. Bisnow, Mark C. Bissell, Richard E. Bissell, Richard M., Jr. Black, Cyril E. Black, Joseph E. Black, Leon D. Black, Shirley Temple Blacker, Coit D. Blackmer, Donald L. M. Blackwill, Robert D. Blake, Robert O. Blank, Stephen Blechman, Barry M. Blendon, Robert J. Bliss, Richard M. Bloch, Henry Simon Bloomfield, Lincoln P. Bloomfield, Richard J. Blum, John A. Blumenthal, W. Michael Boardman, Harry Bobbitt, Philip C.

Boccardi, Louis D. Boeschenstein, William W Bogdan, Norbert A. Boggs, Michael D. Bohen, Frederick M. Bolling, Landrum R. Bond, Robert D. Bonney, J. Dennis Bonsal, Dudley B. Bonsal, Philip W. Bookout, John F. Borton, Hugh Boschwitz, Rudy Bower, Joseph L. Bowie, Robert R. Bowman, Richard C. Boyd, William M., II Boyer, Ernest L. Brademas, John Bradford, Zeb B., Jr. Bradley, Tom Bradley, William L. Bradshaw, Thornton F. Brady, Nicholas F. Braisted, Paul J. Brandon, Carter J. Branscomb, Lewis M. Branson, William H. Bray, Charles W., III Breck, Henry R. Breindel, Eric M. Bresnan, John J. Brewster, Kingman Breyer, Stephen G. Brimmer, Andrew F. Brinkley, David Brinkley, George A. Brittain, Alfred, III Brittenham, Raymond L. Brock, Mitchell Brock, William E., III Broda, Frederick C. Bromery, Randolph Wilson Bromley, D. Allan Bronfman, Edgar M. Brooke, Edward W.

Bross, John A. Brower, Charles N. Brown, Frederic J. Brown, Harold Brown, Harrison Scott Brown, Irving Brown, L. Dean Brown, Lester R. Brown, Richard P., Jr. Brown, Seyom Brown, Walter H. Browne, Robert S. Bryant, Ralph C. Bryson, John E. Brzezinski, Zbigniew Buchman, Mark E. Buckley, William F., Jr. Bucy, J. Fred, Jr. Bugliarello, George Bullitt, John C. Bullock, Hugh Bullock, Mary Brown Bundy, McGeorge Bundy, William P. Bunnell, C. Sterling Burgess, Carter L. Burke, James E. Burns, Arthur F. Burns, Patrick Owen Burt, Richard R. Bush-Brown, Albert Bush, Donald F. Bushner, Rolland Bussey, Donald S. Butcher, Goler Teal Butcher, Willard C. Butler, George Lee Butler, Samuel C. Butler, William J. Buttenwieser, Benjamin J. Byrnes, Robert F. Byrom, Fletcher

C

Cabot, Louis W.
Cabot, Thomas D.
Cabranes, José A.
Cahill, Kevin M.
Cahn, Anne H.
Calder, Alexander, Jr.
Caldwell, Philip

Brookhiser, Richard

Brooks, Harvey Brooks, Karen

Brorby, Melvin

Calhoun, Michael J. Califano, Joseph A., Jr. Calkins, Hugh Callander, Robert J. Calleo, David P. Campbell, Glenn Campbell, John C. Campbell, Thomas J. Camps, Miriam Canal, Carlos M., Jr. Canfield, Cass Canfield, Franklin O. Cannon, James M. Carey, Hugh L. Carey, John Carey, William D. Carlson, Robert J. Carlson, Steven E. Carlucci, Frank C. Carmichael, William D. Carnesale, Albert Carrington, Walter C. Carroll, J. Speed Carroll, Mitchell B. Carson, C. W., Jr. Carswell, Robert Carter, Ashton B. Carter, Barry E. Carter, Edward William Carter, Hodding, III Carter, Jimmy Carter, Robert L. Carter, William D. Cary, Frank T. Casey, William J. Casper, Gerhard Castillo, Leonel J. Cater, Douglass Cater, John T. Cates, John M., Jr. Catto, Henry E., Jr. Chace, James Chafee, John H. Chaikin, Sol Chick Chain, John T., Jr. Challenor, Herschelle S. Chambers, Anne Cox Chancellor, John Chao, Elaine L. Chapman, John F. Charpie, Robert A. Chayes, Abram J.

Chayes, Antonia Handler Cheever, Daniel S. Chen, Kimball C. Chenery, Hollis B. Cheney, Richard B. Cherne, Leo Chickering, A. Lawrence Childs, Marquis W. Chira, Susan D. Choucri, Nazli Christopher, Robert C. Christopher, Warren M. Chubb, Hendon Churchill, Buntzie Ellis Cisler, Walker L. Cisneros, Henry G. Clapp, Priscilla A. Clark, Bronson P. Clark, Dick Clark, Howard L. Clark, Kenneth B. Clark, Ralph L. Clark, Wesley K. Clarke, J. G. Clendenin, John L. Cleveland, Harlan Cleveland, Harold van B. Clifford, Donald K., Jr. Cline, Ray S. Cline, William R. Cloherty, Patricia M. Clurman, Richard M. Coffey, Joseph Irving Cohen, Barbara Cohen, Benjamin J. Cohen, Eliot A. Cohen, Jerome Alan Cohen, Jerome B. Cohen, Joel E. Cohen, Roberta Cohen, Stephen B. Cohen, Stephen F. Cohen, William S. Colby, William E. Coleman, William T., Jr. Coles, James Stacy Collado, Emilio G. Collingwood, Charles C. Combs, Richard E., Jr. Comstock, Phil

Cone, Sydney M., III Conlon, Richard P. Connor, John T. Connor, John T., Jr. Connor, Joseph E. Conway, Jill Cook, Frances D. Cook, Gary M. Cook, Howard A. Cooke, Goodwin Cooley, Richard P. Coolidge, Nicholas J. Coolidge, T. J., Jr. Coombs, Philip H. Coon, Jane Abell Cooney, Joan Ganz Cooper, Charles A. Cooper, Chester L. Cooper, Richard N. Corrigan, Kevin Cott, Suzanne Cotter, William R. Cousins, Norman Cowan, L. Gray Cowles, Gardner Cowles, John, Jr. Cox, Pamela M. J. Cox, Robert G. Craig, Earl D., Jr. Crane, Winthrop Murray Crassweller, Robert D. Crawford, Anne W. Crawford, John F. Creel, Dana S. Cremin, Lawrence A. Crittenden, Ann Crocker, Chester A. Crook, William H. Cross, June V. Cross, Sam Y. Crow, Trammell Crowe, William J., Jr. Crumley, James R., Jr. Crystal, Lester M. Culver, John C. Cummings, Robert L. Cummiskey, Frank J. Cuomo, Mario M. Curran, Timothy J. Curtis, Gerald L. Cutler, Lloyd N. Cutler, Walter L.

Conant, Melvin A.

Condon, Joseph F.

Cutter, W. Bowman Cyr, Arthur

D

Dale, William B. Dalley, George A. Dallin, Alexander Dalton, James E. Dam, Kenneth W. Damrosch, Lori F. Danforth, William H. Daniel, D. Ronald Darlington, Charles F. Darman, Richard G. Davant, James W. Davidson, Daniel I. Davidson, Ralph K. Davidson, Ralph P. Davis, Jacquelyn K. Davis, Jerome Davis, John A. Davis, Lynn E. Davis, Nathaniel Davis, Vincent Davison, Daniel P. Davison, W. Phillips Dawkins, Peter M. Dawson, Horace G., Jr. Day, Arthur R. Deagle, Edwin A., Jr. Dean, Arthur H. Dean, Jonathan Debevoise, Eli Whitney De Borchgrave, Arnaud Debs, Barbara Knowles Debs, Richard A. Decter, Midge De Cubas, José Dees, Bowen C. De Hoyos, Debora De Janosi, Peter E. De Kiewiet, C. W. De Lima, Oscar A. De Menil, George De Menil, Lois Pattison Deming, Frederick L. Denison, Robert J. Dennard, Cleveland L. Dennison, Charles S. Denny, Brewster C. Denton, E. Hazel

DePalma, Samuel De Rosso, Alphonse Destler, I. M. Deutch, John M. Deutch, Michael J. Devine, C. Robert Devine, Thomas J. DeVries, Henry P. DeVries, Rimmer DeWind, Adrian W. De Windt, E. Mandell Diaz-Alejandro, Carlos F. Dickey, Christopher S. Dickson, R. Russell, Jr. Diebold, John Diebold, William, Jr. Dietel, William M. Dil, Shaheen F. Dillon, Douglas Dilworth, J. Richardson Dine, Thomas A. Dixon, George H. Dobriansky, Paula Dodd, Christopher J. Doherty, William C., Jr. Dolin, Arnold Dominguez, Jorge I. Dominguez, Virginia R. Donahue, Donald J. Donahue, Thomas R. Donaldson, William H. Donnell, Ellsworth Donnelly, Harold Donovan, Hedley Doty, Paul M., Jr. Douce, Wm. C. Douglas, Paul W. Douglass, Robert R. Downie, Leonard, Jr. Draper, Theodore Dreier, John C. Drell, Sidney D. Drew, Elizabeth Dreyfuss, Joel Drumwright, J. R. Dubow, Arthur M. DuBrul, Stephen M. Duffey, Joseph Duffy, James H. Duke, Angier Biddle Dulany, Margaret

Duncan, John C. Duncan, Richard L. Dutton, Frederick G. Duval, Michael Raoul-

\mathbf{E}

Eagleburger, Lawrence S. Earle, Ralph, II Easum, Donald B. Eaton, Leonard J., Jr. Eberle, William D. Eberstadt, Nicholas N. Eckholm, Erik P. Edelman, Albert I. Edelman, Eric S. Edelman, Gerald M. Edelman, Marian Wright Edelstein, Julius C. C. Edgerton, Wallace B. Edwards, Howard L. Edwards, Robert H. Ehrlich, Thomas Eilts, Hermann F. Einaudi, Luigi R. Einaudi, Mario Einhorn, Jessica P. Eisendrath, Charles R. Eliot, Theodore L., Jr. El Koury, Jaime A. Elliott, Byron K. Elliott, Osborn Elliott, Randle Ellis, James R. Ellis, Richard H. Ellison, Keith P. Ellsberg, Daniel Ellsworth, Robert F. Embree, Ainslie T. Emerson, Alice F. Enders, Thomas Ostrom Eng, Gordon Enthoven, Alain Epstein, Jason Epstein, Joshua M. Erb, Guy F. Erb, Richard D. Erbsen, Claude E. Erburu, Robert F. Estabrook, Robert H. Etzioni, Amitai Evans, John C.

Duncan, Charles W., Jr.

Evans, John K. Ewing, William, Jr. Exter, John

F

Fabian, Larry L. Fairbank, John King Fairbanks, Douglas Falco, Mathea Falk, Pamela S. Falk, Richard A. Fallows, James Farer, Tom J. Farmer, Thomas L. Fascell, Dante B. Feer, Mark C. Feith, Douglas J. Feldman, Mark B. Feldstein, Martin S. Fenster, Steven R. Ferguson, Glenn W. Ferguson, James L. Ferguson, Tim W. Ferré, Maurice A. Fessenden, Hart Fierce, Milfred C. Fifield, Russell H. Finberg, Barbara D. Finger, Seymour M. Finkelstein, Lawrence S. Finley, Murray H. Finn, James Finney, Paul B. Firmage, Edwin B. Fisher, Pieter A. Fisher, Richard W. Fisher, Roger Fishlow, Albert Fitz, Lauri J. FitzGerald, Frances Fitzgibbons, Harold E. Flanagan, Stephen J. Flanigan, Peter M. Foley, S. R., Jr. Foley, Thomas S. Foote, Edward T., II Ford, Gerald R. Forrestal, Michael V. Forrestal, Robert P. Fousek, Peter Fowler, Henry H.

Fox, Donald T. Fox, John D. Fox, Joseph C. Fox, William T. R. Franck, Thomas M. Francke, Albert, III Frank, Charles R., Jr. Frank, Isaiah Frank, Richard A. Frankel, Francine R. Frankel, Max Franklin, George S. Fraser, Donald M. Frederick, Pauline Fredericks, J. Wayne Freeman, Harry L. Freeman, Orville L. Frelinghuysen, Peter H. B. Freund, Gerald Frey, Donald N. Freytag, Richard A. Fribourg, Michel Fribourg, Paul Fried, Edward R. Friedman, Benjamin M. Friedman, Irving S. Friedman, Stephen Friedman, Thomas L. Friele, Berent Friendly, Henry J. Fromkin, David Frost, Ellen L. Frost, F. Daniel Frye, Alton Frye, William R. Fuerbringer, Otto Fukuyama, Francis Funari, John Funkhouser, E. N., Jr. Furlaud, Richard M. Fye, Paul M.

G

Gabriel, Charles A. Galbraith, Evan G. Gallatin, James P. Galvis, Carlos Ganoe, Charles S. Gard, Robert G., Jr. Gardner, Richard N.

Garment, Suzanne Garrels, Anne Garretson, Albert H. Garrison, Lloyd K. Garrison, Mark J. Gart, Murray J. Garten, Jeffrey E. Garthoff, Raymond L. Garvin, Clifton C., Jr. Garvy, George Garwin, Richard L. Gates, Philomene A. Gates, Robert M. Gati, Charles Gati, Toby Trister Geertz, Clifford Geiger. Theodore Gelb, Leslie H. Gelb, Richard L. Gell-Mann, Murray George, Alexander L. George, W. H. Krome Gerson, Elliot F. Gerstner, Louis V., Jr. Gevelin, Henry R. Geyelin, Philip L. Giamatti, A. Bartlett Gibney, Frank B. Giffen, James H. Gil. Peter P. Gilbert, H. N. Gilbert, Jackson B. Gilbert, Jarobin, Jr. Gilbert, S. Parker Gillespie, S. Hazard Gilmore, Kenneth O. Gilpatric, Roswell L. Gilpin, Kenneth N., III Gilpin, Robert Ginsburg, David Ginsburg, Ruth Bader Ginsburgh, Robert N. Glazer, Nathan Gleysteen, William H., Jr. Globerman, Norma Godchaux, Frank A., III Goekjian, Samuel V. Goheen, Robert F. Goizueta, Roberto C. Goldberg, Arthur J.

Goldberger, Marvin L.

Garment, Leonard

Golden, James R. Golden, William T. Goldin, Harrison J. Goldman, Guido Goldman, Marshall I. Goldman, Merle Goldmark, Peter C., Jr. Goldschmidt, Neil Gompert, David C. Gong, Gerrit W. Goodby, James E. Goode, W. Wilson Goodman, George J. W. Goodman, Herbert I. Goodman, Roy M. Goodpaster, Andrew J. Goodsell, James Nelson Gordon, Albert H. Gordon, Lincoln Gordon, Michael R. Gorman, Joseph T. Gorman, Paul F. Gornick, Alan L. Gotbaum, Victor Gottlieb, Gidon A. G. Gould, Peter G. Gousseland, Pierre Grace, J. Peter Graff, Henry F. Graff, Robert D. Graham, Bob Graham, Katharine Graham, Thomas, Jr. Graham, William R. Grant, James P. Grant, Stephen A. Granville, Maurice F. Graubard, Stephen R. Gray, Hanna Holborn Gray, Harry J. Green, Carl J. Greenberg, Maurice R. Greenberg, Sanford D. Greene, James C. Greene, James R. Greene, Joseph N., Jr. Greene, Margaret L. Greenfield, James L. Greenfield, Meg Greenhill, Robert F. Greenough, William C. Greenspan, Alan

Greenwald, Joseph A. Greenwood, Ted Gregorian, Vartan Grenier, Richard Griffin, Brian C. Griffith, Thomas Griffith, William E. Grohman, Robert T. Grose, Peter B. Gross, Ernest A. Gross, Patrick W. Groves, Ray J. Grunwald, Henry A. Gullion, Edmund A. Gulliver, Adelaide Cromwell Gunn, Hartford N., Jr. Gutfreund, John H. Guthman, Edwin O. Gwertzman, Bernard M. Gwin, Catherine

H

Haas, Peter E. Haas, Robert D. Haass, Richard N. Habib, Philip C. Haig, Alexander M., Jr. Halaby, Najeeb E. Haley, John C. Hallingby, Paul, Jr. Halperin, Morton H. Halsted, Thomas A. Hamburg, David A. Hamilton, Ann O. Hamilton, Charles V. Hamilton, Edward K. Hamilton, Michael P. Hancock, Judith L. Hansen, Carol Rae Hansen, Roger D. Hanson, Robert A. Hanson, Thor Harari, Maurice Harding, Harry Hardt, John P. Hare, Raymond A. Hargrove, John Lawrence Harpel, James W. Harper, Conrad K. Harper, Paul C., Jr.

Harris, Irving B. Harris, Joseph E. Harrison, Selig S. Harsch, Joseph C. Hart, Augustin S. Hart, Parker T. Hartley, Fred L. Hartman, Arthur A. Hartnack, Carl E. Harvin, William C. Haskell, John H. F., Jr. Haskins, Caryl P. Hatfield, Robert S. Hauser, Rita E. Hauser, William L. Hauspurg, Arthur Haviland, H. Field, Jr. Hawkins, Ashton Hayes, Alfred Hayes, Margaret Daly Hayes, Samuel P. Haynes, Fred Haynes, Ulric St. C., Jr. Hayward, Thomas B. Haywood, Oliver G. Hazard, John N. Healy, Harold H., Jr. Heard, Alexander Heck, Charles B. Heckscher, August Hedstrom, Mitchell W. Hehir, J. Bryan Heifetz, Elaine F. Heimann, John G. Heintzen, Harry L. Heinz, H. J., II Helander, Robert C. Heldring, Frederick Hellman, F. Warren Helms, Christine Moss Helms, Richard Henderson, Lawrence J., Jr. Henkin, Alice H. Henkin, Louis Hennessy, John M. Herling, John Hermann, Charles Frazer Herskovits, Jean Herter, Christian A., Jr. Hertzberg, Arthur

Harriman, W. Averell

Herzfeld, Charles M. Herzog, Paul M. Herzstein, Robert E. Hesburgh, Theodore M. Hess, John B. Hester, James M. Hewitt, William A. Hewlett, Sylvia Ann Heyns, Roger W. Higgins, Robert F. Highet, Keith Hill, Velma Murphy Hillenbrand, Martin J. Hilsman, Roger Hinerfeld, Ruth J. Hines, Gerald D. Hinshaw, Randall Hinton, Deane R. Hirschman, Albert O. Hoagland, Jim Hoch, Frank W. Hodgson, James D. Hodin, Michael W. Hoeber, Amoretta M. Hoehn, William E., Jr. Hoepli, Nancy L. Hoffman, Michael L. Hoffmann, Stanley Hoge, James Hoguet, George R. Hoguet, Robert L. Hohenberg, John Holbrooke, Richard C. Holcomb, M. Staser Holderman, James B. Holland, Robert C. Hollick, Ann L. Holloway, Anne F. Holmes, Allen C. Holmes, H. Allen Holst, Willem Holt, Pat M. Hooks, Benjamin L. Hoopes, Townsend W. Hoover, Herbert W., Jr. Horan, John J. Horelick, Arnold L. Hormats, Robert D. Horn, Garfield H. Horn, Karen N. Horn, Sally K. Horner, Matina S.

Horowitz, Irving Louis Horton, Alan W. Horton, Frank B., III Hosmer, Bradley C. Hoston, Germaine A. Hottelet, Richard C. Houghton, Amory, Jr. Houghton, Arthur A., Jr. Houghton, James R. House, Karen Elliott Hovey, Graham Hovey, J. Allan, Jr. Howard, John B. Howard, John R. Hoyt, Mont P. Hudson, Manley O., Jr. Huebner, Lee W. Hufbauer, Gary C. Huffington, Roy M. Hufstedler, Shirley M. Huggins, Nathan I. Hughes, John Hughes, Thomas L. Huglin, Henry C. Huizenga, John W. Hummel, Arthur W., Jr. Hunsberger, Warren S. Hunter, Robert E. Hunter-Gault, Charlavne Huntington, Samuel P. Hurewitz, J. C. Hurlock, James B. Huyck, Philip M. Hyde, Henry B. Hyland, William G.

T

Iklé, Fred C.
Ilchman, Alice S.
Inderfurth, Karl F.
Ingersoll, Robert S.
Inman, B. R.
Intriligator, Michael D.
Ireland, R. L., III
Irish, Leon E.
Irwin, John N., II
Irwin, John N., III
Irwin, Wallace, Jr.
Iselin, John Jay
Isenberg, Steven L.
Isham, Christopher

Issawi, Charles Istel, Yves-André Izlar, William H., Jr.

J

Jablonski, Wanda Jackson, Elmore Jackson, Eugene D. Jackson, Henry F. Jackson, John H. Jackson, William E. Jacobs, Eli S. Jacobs, Nehama Jacobs, Norman Jacobson, Harold K. Jacobson, Jerome Jacoby, Tamar Jaffe, Sam A. Jahrling, Robert V. W. Jamieson, J. K. Janklow, Morton L. Janow, Merit E. Jansen, Marius B. Jastrow, Robert Javits, Jacob K. Jenson, John W. Jervis, Robert L. Jessup, Alpheus W. Jessup, Philip C., Jr. Johnson, Chalmers Johnson, Howard W. Johnson, Joseph E. Johnson, Paul G. Johnson, Richard Alan Johnson, Robbin S. Johnson, Robert H. Johnson, Thomas S. Johnson, W. Thomas, Jr. Johnson, Willard R. Jones, David C. Jones, Peter T. Jones, Sidney R. Jones, Thomas V. Jordan, Amos A. Jordan, Vernon E., Jr. Jorden, William J. Joseph, Geri M. Joseph, James A. Josephson, William Joyce, John T. Junz, Helen B.

Juster, Kenneth I.

K

Kagan, Robert W. Kahan, Jerome H. Kahin, George McT. Kahn, Harry Kaiser, Philip M. Kaiser, Robert G. Kaiser, Walter J. Kalb, Marvin Kalicki, Jan Kamarck, Andrew M. Kaminer, Peter H. Kampelman, Max M. Kamsky, Virginia Ann Kann, Peter R. Kanter, Arnold Kaplan, Gilbert E. Kaplan, Harold J. Kaplan, Helene L. Kaplan, Mark N. Karalekas, Anne Karis, Thomas G. Karnow, Stanley Kass, Stephen L. Kassof, Allen H. Katz, Abraham Katz, Milton Katzenbach, Nicholas deB Katzenstein, Peter J. Kaufman, Henry Kaufmann, William W. Kaysen, Carl Kearns, David T. Keatley, Anne Keenan, Edward L. Keene, Lonnie S. Keeny, Spurgeon M., Jr. Kelleher, Catherine M. Kellen, Stephen M. Keller, George M. Kelley, P. X. Kelly, George Armstrong Kelly, John H. Kelman, Herbert C. Kemp, Geoffrey Kempner, Maximilian W. Kenen, Peter B. Keniston, Kenneth

Kennan, Christopher J. Kennan, Elizabeth T. Kennan, George F. Kennedy, David M. Kennedy, Donald Kennedy, Randall L. Kenney, F. Donald Keohane, Nannerl O. Keohane, Robert O. Keppel, Francis Kern, Harry F. Kester, John G. Ketelson, James L. Keydel, John F. Khuri, Nicola N. Kieschnick, W. F. Kilson, Martin Kimmitt, Robert M. King, Henry L. King, James E. King, John A., Jr. Kintner, William R. Kipper, Judith Kirby, Michael Kirk, Grayson Kirkland, Lane Kirkpatrick, Jeane J. Kiser, William S. Kissinger, Henry A. Kitchen, Helen Kitchen, Jeffrey C. Klaerner, Curtis M. Kleiman, Robert Klein, David Klein, Edward Knight, Robert Huntington Knoppers, Antonie T. Knowlton, William A. Knowlton, Winthrop Kohler, Foy D. Kojm, Christopher A. Kolodziej, Edward A. Koltai, Steven R. Komer, Robert W. Koonce, Wayne A. Korb, Lawrence J. Korbonski, Andrzej Korry, Edward M. Kraar, Louis Kraemer, Lillian E.

Kramer, Helen M. Kramer, Jane Krasner, Stephen D. Krasno, Richard M. Krause, Lawrence B. Kreczko, Alan J. Kreidler, Robert N. Kreisberg, Paul H. Krepon, Michael Kreps, Juanita M. Krisher, Bernard Kristol, Irving Krugman, Paul R. Kruidenier, David Kruzel, Joseph Kubarych, Roger M. Kubisch, Jack B. Kulewicz, John C. Kupperman, Robert H. Kurth, James R.

L

Labbok, Miriam H. Labouisse, Henry R. Lacy, Alex S. Lacy, Dan M. Laise, Carol C. Lake, W. Anthony Lake, William T. Lall, Betty Goetz Lamm, Donald S. Lamont, Lansing Lamontagne, Raymond A. Landau, George W. Landry, Lionel Langer, Paul F. Lansner, Kermit LaPalombara, Joseph Lapham, Lewis H. Lapidus, Gail Laqueur, Walter Larrabee, F. Stephen Lary, Hal B. Lauinger, Philip C., Jr. Laukhuff, Perry Laventhol, David A. Lawrence, Richard D. Lazarus, Steven Le Blond, Richard K., II Leddy, John M. Lederberg, Joshua

Kraft, Joseph

Lederer, Ivo John Lee, Ernest S. Lee, John M. Lee, William L. Lefever, Ernest W. Leghorn, Richard S. Legvold, Robert H. Lehman, John R. Lehman, Orin Lehrer, Jim Lehrman, Hal Leich, John Foster Leigh, Monroe Leland, Marc E. LeMelle, Tilden J. LeMelle, Wilbert J. Lemnitzer, Lyman L. LeMoyne, James G. Leonard, James F. Leonard, James G. Leonhard, William E. Leslie, John E. Le Sueur, Lawrence E. Levine, Irving R. Levitas, Mitchel Levy, Marion J., Jr. Levy, Reynold Levy, Walter J. Lewis, Bernard Lewis, Flora Lewis, John P. Lewis, John Wilson Lewis, Samuel W. Lewis, Stephen R., Jr. Li, Victor H. Libby, I. Lewis Lichtblau, John H. Lieberman, Henry R. Lieberthal, Kenneth Liffers, William A. Lindquist, Warren T. Lindsay, Franklin A. Lindsay, George N. Lindsay, John V. Linen, James A. Linowes, David F. Linowitz, Sol M. Lipper, Kenneth Lipscomb, James S. Lipscomb, Thomas H. Lipset, Seymour Martin Lipsky, Seth

Lipson, Leon Lissakers, Karin M. Little, David Livingston, Robert Gerald Locke, Edwin A., Jr. Lockwood, John E. Lodal, Jan M. Lodge, George C. Loeb, Frances Lehman Loeb, John L. Loeb, Marshall Loft, George Logan, Francis D. Long, Franklin A. Long, T. Dixon Loomis, Henry Loos, A. William Lord. Charles Edwin Lord, Winston Lovelace, Jon B. Lovestone, Jay Low, Stephen Lowenfeld, Andreas F. Lowenfeld, David Lowenstein, James G. Lowenthal, Abraham F. Loy, Frank E. Lozano, Ignacio E., Jr. Lubar, Robert A. Lubman, Stanley B. Lucas, C. Pavne Luce, Charles F. Luce, Clare Boothe Luckey, E. Hugh Ludt, Rudolph E. Luers, William H. Luke, David L., III Lupfer, Timothy T. Lustick, Ian S. Luter, Yvonne Luttwak, Edward N. Lyford, Joseph P. Lyman, Richard W. Lynch, Edward S. Lynch, Leon Lvnn, James T. Lynn, Laurence E., Jr. Lvnn, William J. Lyon, E. Wilson Lyons, Gene M. Lythcott, George I.

M

McCarthy, John G.

McCloy, John J. McCloy, John J., II McColough, C. Peter McConnell, Michael W. McCormack, Elizabeth J. McCormick, Brooks McCouch, Donald J. McCracken, Paul W. McDonald, Alonzo L. McDonald, Randal B. McDonough, William J. McDougal, Myres S. McFarland, Kathleen Troia McFarlane, Robert C. McGee, Gale W. McGhee, George C. McGiffert, David E. McGillicuddy, John F. McGovern, George S. McHenry, Donald F. McKee, James W., Jr. McKee, Katharine W. McKeever, Porter McKinley, John K. McKinney, Robert M. McLaughlin, David T. McLean, Sheila Avrin McLin, Jon B. McNamara, Robert S. McNeill, Robert L. McPherson, Harry C., Jr. McQuade, Lawrence C. MacArthur, Douglas, II MacCormack, Charles F. MacDonald, Gordon J. MacEachron, David W. MacFarquhar, Emily MacGregor, Ian K. MacLaury, Bruce K. Macomber, John D. Macomber, William B. Macy, Robert M., Jr. Maged, Mark J. Magowan, Peter A. Maguire, John D. Mahaffey, Fred K. Mahoney, Margaret E. Mahoney, Thomas H., IV Maier, Charles S. Malin, Clement B. Mallery, Richard Malmgren, Harald B. Malone, Peter Manca. Marie Antoinette Mandelbaum, Michael E. Mangels, John D. Manilow, Lewis Mann, Michael D. Manning, Bayless Manning, Robert J. Mansager, Felix N. Manshel, Warren Demian Marcy, Carl Marder, Murrey Mark, David E. Mark, Hans M. Markoff, Michele G. Marks, Andrew H. Marks, Leonard H. Marks, Russell E., Jr. Marmor, Theodore R. Marous, John C. Marron, Donald B. Marshak, Robert E. Marshall, Anthony D. Marshall, C. Burton Martin, Edwin M. Martin, Malcolm W. Martin, William F. Martin, William McC., Jr. Martinez, Vilma S. Martinuzzi, Leo S., Jr. Mason, Elvis L. Massie, Suzanne Masten, John E. Mathews, Jessica Tuchman Mathews, Michael S. Mathias, Charles McC., Jr. Matteson, William B. Maw, Carlyle E. May, Clifford D. May, Ernest R. Mayer, Gerald M., Jr. Mayer, Lawrence A. Maynard, Robert C. Maynes, Charles William Mead, Dana G. Meadows, Dennis L. Meagher, Robert F.

Mehta. Ved Meissner, Charles F. Meister, Irene W. Melloan, George R. Melville, Richard A. Mendlovitz, Saul H. Menke, John R. Merow. John E. Merrill, Philip Merritt, Jack N. Meselson, Matthew Messner, William C., Jr. Metcalf, George R. Mettler, Ruben F. Meyer, Charles A. Meyer, Cord Meyer, Edward C. Meyer, John R. Meyer, Karl E. Meyerson, Adam Meyerson, Martin Mickelson, Sig Middleton, Drew Midgley, Elizabeth Miller, Charles D. Miller, Franklin C. Miller, Frederic A. Miller, J. Irwin Miller, Judith Miller, Judith A. Miller, Paul L. Miller, William G. Miller, William J. Millett, Alan R. Millington, John A. Mills, Bradford Mladek, Jan V. Mochizuki, Mike M. Moe, Sherwood G. Mondale, Walter F. Montgomery, Parker G. Montgomery, Philip O'Bryan, III Moody, William S. Moore, John Norton Moore, Jonathan Moore, Maurice T. Moore, Paul, Jr. Moose, Richard M. Moran, Theodore H.

Morgenthau, Lucinda L. Franks Morley, James William Morrell, Gene P. Morris, Grinnell Morris, Max K. Morrisett, Lloyd N. Morse, David A. Morse, Edward L. Morse, F. Bradford Morse, Kenneth P. Moses, Alfred H. Moss, Ambler H., Jr. Moyers, Bill D. Movnihan, Daniel P. Mroz, John E. Mujal-Leon, Eusebio M. Mulford, David C. Mulholland, William D. Muller, Henry Muller, Steven Munger, Edwin S. Munroe, George B. Munroe, Vernon, Jr. Munyan, Winthrop R. Murray, Allen E. Murray, Douglas P. Muse, Martha Twitchell Muskie, Edmund S.

N

Nachmanoff, Arnold Nacht, Michael L. Nagorski, Zygmunt, Jr. Nason, John W. Nathan, James A. Nathan, Robert R. Natt, Ted M. Nau, Henry R. Neal, Alfred C. Negroponte, John D. Nelson, Clifford C. Nelson, Jack Nelson, Merlin E. Neustadt, Richard E. Newberg, Paula R. Newburg, André W. G. Newell, Barbara W. Newhouse, John Newman, Richard T. Newsom, David D.

Morgan, Cecil

Morgan, Thomas E.

Newton, Quigg, Jr. Newton, Russell B., Jr. Ney, Edward N. Nichols, Rodney W. Niehuss, John M. Niehuss, Rosemary Neaher Nielsen, Waldemar A. Nierenberg, William A. Nimetz, Matthew Nitze, Paul H. Nolan, Janne E. Nolte, Richard H. Nooter, Robert H. Norman, William S. Norstad, Lauris Norton, Eleanor Holmes Nossiter, Bernard D. Novak, Michael Noyes, Charles Phelps Nugent, Walter Nye, Joseph S., Jr.

0

Oakes, John B. Oberdorfer, Don Ochmanek, David A. Odeen, Philip A. Odom, William E. O'Donnell, John O'Donnell, Kevin Oettinger, Anthony G. Offit, Morris W. O'Flaherty, J. Daniel Ogden, Alfred Ogden, William S. O'Keefe, Bernard J. Okimoto, Daniel I. Oksenberg, Michel Okun, Herbert S. Oliver, Covey T. Olmstead, Cecil J. Olsen, Leif H. Olson, Lawrence Olson, William C. Olvey, Lee D. O'Malley, Cormac K. H. O'Neill, Michael J. Opel, John R. Oppenheimer, Franz M. Ornstein, Norman J.

Osborn, George K., III
Osborne, Richard de J.
Osgood, Robert E.
Osmer-McQuade,
Margaret
Osnos, Peter
Ostrander, F. Taylor
Owen, Henry
Owen, Roberts B.
Oxman, Stephen A.
Oxnam, Robert B.
Oye, Kenneth A.

P

Packard, George R. Page, John H. Pais, Abraham Pais, Sara V. Palenberg, John C. Paley, William S. Palmer, Norman D. Palmer, Ronald D. Palmieri, Victor H. Panofsky, Wolfgang K. H. Parker, Daniel Parker, Maynard Parkinson, Roger P. Parris, Mark Robert Parsky, Gerald L. Passin, Herbert Patrick, Hugh T. Patterson, Gardner Patterson, Hugh B., Jr. Patterson, Robert P., Jr. Patterson, Torkel L. Pauker, Guy J. Paul, Roland A. Payne, Samuel B. Peacock, Philip Dexter Pearce, William R. Pearlstine, Norman Pearson, John E. Pedersen, Richard F. Pelgrift, Kathryn C. Pell, Claiborne Penfield, James K. Pennoyer, Robert M. Peretz, Don Perkins, James A. Perkins, Roswell B.

Perry, Hart Peters, Arthur King Peters, Aulana L. Petersen, Donald E. Petersen, Gustav H. Petersen, Howard C. Peterson, Peter G. Peterson, Rudolph A. Petree, Richard W. Petree, Richard W., Jr. Petschek, Stephen R. Petty, John R. Pfaltzgraff, Robert L. Pfeiffer, Jane Cahill Pfeiffer, Ralph A., Jr. Pfeiffer, Steven B. Phillips, Christopher H. Phillips, Edward E. Phillips, John G. Phillips, Russell A., Jr. Picker, Harvey Picker, Jean Pickering, Thomas R. Piel, Gerard Pierce, Kerry K. Pierce, William C. Piercy, George T. Pierre, Andrew J. Pifer, Alan Pigott, Charles M. Pilliod, Charles J., Jr. Pincus, Lionel I. Pincus, Walter H. Pino, John A. Pinola, Joseph J. Pipes, Daniel Pipes, Richard E. Place, John B. M. Plank, John N. Platig, E. Raymond Platt, Alan A. Platt, Jonas M. Platt, Nicholas Platten, Donald C. Plimpton, Calvin H. Podhoretz, Norman Polk, William R. Pollack, Gerald A. Polsby, Nelson W. Pond, Elizabeth

Poor, J. Sheppard

Perlmutter, Amos

Perle, Richard N.

Portes, Richard D. Posen, Barry R. Posner, Michael H. Posvar, Wesley W. Potter, Robert S. Power, Philip H. Power, Sarah Goddard Power, Thomas F., Jr. Powers, Joshua B. Powers, Thomas Moore Pranger, Robert J. Pratt, Edmund T., Jr. Press, Frank Preston, Lewis T. Prewitt, Kenneth Price, John R., Jr. Price, Robert Puckett, Allen E. Pugh, Richard C. Purcell, Susan Kaufman Pursley, Robert E. Pusey, Nathan M. Pustay, John S. Putignano, Patrick A. Putnam, George E., Jr. Putnam, Robert D. Pve, Lucian W. Pyle, Cassandra A.

Q

Quandt, William B. Quester, George H. Quigg, Philip W. Quigley, Leonard V.

R

Rabb, Maxwell M.
Rabi, Isidor I.
Rabinowitch, Victor
Radway, Laurence I.
Ragone, David V.
Ramo, Simon
Ramsey, Douglas K.
Randolph, R. Sean
Ranis, Gustav
Rashish, Myer
Rather, Dan
Rathjens, George W.
Rauch, Rudolph S., III
Ravenal, Earl C.

Ravenholt, Albert Ravitch, Richard Rawson, Merle R. Raymond, Jack Read, Benjamin H. Reed, Joseph Verner Reed, John S. Reed, Philip D. Reeves, Jay B. L. Regan, John M., Jr. Rehm, John B. Reichert, William M. Reid, Ogden R. Reid, Whitelaw Reinhardt, John E. Reisman, W. M. Renfrew, Charles B. Resor, Stanley R. Reston, James B. Revelle, Roger Rey, Nicholas A. Reynolds, Lloyd G. Rhinelander, John B. Rhinesmith, Stephen H. Rhodes, Frank H. T. Rhodes, John B., Jr. Rhodes, William R. Ribicoff, Abraham A. Rice, Condoleezza Rice, Donald B. Rice, Emmett J. Rice, Joseph A. Rich, John H., Jr. Rich, Michael D. Richard, Eric L. Richardson, David B. Richardson, Elliot L. Richardson, John, Jr. Richardson, Richard W. Richardson, William B. Richardson, William R. Ridgway, Rozanne L. Rielly, John E. Ries. Hans A. Riesel, Victor Ripley, S. Dillon, II Ritch, John B., III Rivard, Robert Rivers, Richard R. Rivkin, Donald H.

Roberts, Walter Orr Roberts, Walter R. Robinson, Charles W. Robinson, James D., III Robinson, Marshall A. Robinson, Randall Robison, Olin C. Roche, John P. Rockefeller, David Rockefeller, David, Jr. Rockefeller, John D., IV Rockefeller, Rodman C. Rodman, Peter W. Rodriguez, Vincent A. Roett, Riordan Roff, J. Hugh, Jr. Rogers, Bernard W. Rogers, David E. Rogers, William D. Rogers, William P. Rogovin, Mitchell Rohatyn, Felix G. Rohlen, Thomas P. Rohter, William Lawrence, Jr. Rokke, Ervin J. Romberg, Alan D. Romero-Barceló, Carlos Roney, John H. Roosa, Robert V. Roosa, Ruth AmEnde Root, Oren Rosberg, Carl G. Rose, Daniel Rose, Elihu Rose, Frederick P. Rosecrance, Richard Rosen, Arthur H. Rosen, Jane K. Rosenblith, Walter A. Rosenblum, Mort Rosenfeld, Robert A. Rosenfeld, Stephen S. Rosenthal, A. M. Rosenthal, Jack Rosenwald, William Rosenzweig, Robert M. Rosin, Axel G. Rosovsky, Henry Ross, Arthur Ross, Roger

Ross, Thomas B.

Roberts, Chalmers M.

Rivlin, Alice M.

Rosso, David J. Rostow, Eugene V. Rostow, Walt W. Rotberg, Robert I. Roth, Richard H. Roth, William M. Roth, William V., Jr. Rouse, James W. Rowen, Henry S. Rowny, Edward L. Rubin, Robert M. Rubin, Seymour J. Ruckelshaus, William D. Rudman, Warren B. Rudolph, Lloyd I. Rudolph, Susanne Hoeber Ruebhausen, Oscar M. Ruenitz, Robert M. Ruina, J. P. Rush, Barney Rush, Kenneth Rusk. Dean Russell, T. W., Jr. Rustow, Dankwart A. Ruthberg, Miles N. Ruttan, Vernon W. Rvan, Hewson A. Ryan, John T., Jr. Ryan, John T., III

S

Sachs, Jeffrey D. Safran, Nadav Sagan, Scott Sage, Mildred D. Said, Edward Salisbury, Harrison E. Salk, Jonas Salomon, Richard E. Salomon, William R. Saltzman, Charles E. Salzman, Herbert Sample, Steven B. Samuel, Howard D. Samuels, Barbara C., II Samuels, Michael A. Samuels, Nathaniel Sanchez, Nestor D. Sanders, Edward G. Sanford, Charles S., Jr. Sanford, Terry

Saul, Ralph S. Saunders, Harold H. Savage, Frank Sawhill, John C. Sawyer, Diane Sawyer, John E. Scalapino, Robert A. Scali, John A. Schacht, Henry B. Schachter, Oscar Schaetzel, J. Robert Schafer, John H. Schallert, Edwin G. Schaufele, William E., Jr. Schecter, Jerrold Scheffer, David J. Scheinman, Lawrence Schell, Orville H., Jr. Schiff, Frank W. Schiff, John M. Schilling, Warner R. Schlesinger, Arthur, Jr. Schlosser, Herbert S. Schmertz, Herbert Schmoker, John B. Schneider, Jan Schneider, William Schneier, Arthur Schoen, Douglas Schoettle, Enid C. B. Schorr, Daniel L. Schubert, Richard F. Schuvler, C. V. R. Schwab, Susan C. Schwab, William B. Schwartz, David N. Schwartz, Harry Schwebel, Stephen M. Sciolino, Elaine F. Scott, Stuart N. Scoville, Herbert, Jr. Scowcroft, Brent Scranton, William W. Scrimshaw, Nevin S. Seaborg, Glenn T. Seabury, Paul Seagrave, Norman P. Seamans, Robert C., Jr. Sebenius, James K.

Seidman, Herta Lande Seigenthaler, John L. Seigle, John W. Seignious, George M., II Seitz, Frederick Selin, Ivan Semple, Robert B., Jr. Sewell, John W. Sexton, William C. Shafer, Raymond P. Shalala, Donna E. Shannon, James M. Shapiro, Eli Shapiro, George M. Shapiro, Isaac Shaplen, Robert Sharabi, Hisham Sharp, Daniel A. Shayne, Herbert M. Shearer, Warren W. Sheeline, Paul C. Sheffield, James R. Sheinkman, Jack Sheldon, Eleanor Bernert Shelley, Sally Swing Shelp, Ronald K. Shelton-Colby, Sally A. Shenk, George H. Shepherd, Mark, Jr. Sherry, George L. Sherwood, Richard E. Shipley, Walter V. Shirer, William L. Shoemaker, Alvin V. Shoemaker, Don Shriver, Sargent, Jr. Shull, Thomas C. Shulman, Colette Shulman, Marshall D. Shultz, George P. Sick, Gary G. Siegman, Henry Sifton, Elisabeth Sigal, Leon V. Sigmund, Paul E. Sihler, William W. Silberman, Laurence H. Silk, Leonard S. Silvers, Robert B. Simes, Dimitri K. Simmons, Adele S. Simmons, Richard S.

Seibold, Frederick C., Jr.

Segal, Sheldon J.

Segal, Susan L.

Simon, William E. Simons, Howard Sims, Albert G. Sisco, Joseph J. Skidmore, Thomas E. Skilling, Jeffrey K. Skinner, David E. Skinner, Elliott P. Skolnikoff, Eugene B. Slater, Jacqueline R. Slater, Joseph E. Slawson, John Slawson, Paul S. Sloane, Anne B. Slocombe, Walter B. Slocum, John J. Sloss, Leon Small, Lawrence M. Smart, S. Bruce, Jr. Smith, Carleton Sprague Smith, Datus C., Jr. Smith, David S. Smith, DeWitt C., Jr. Smith, Gaddis Smith, Gerard C. Smith, Hedrick Smith, John T., II Smith, Larry K Smith, Michael Joseph Smith, Perry M. Smith, Peter B. Smith, Richard M. Smith, Stephen G. Smith, Theodore M. Smith, Tony Smith, W. Mason Smith, W. Y. Smyth, Henry DeW. Smythe, Mabel M. Sneath, William S. Sneider, Richard L. Snipes, James C. Snyder, Jed C. Sohn, Louis B. Solarz, Stephen J. Solbert, Peter O. A. Solomon, Adam Solomon, Anthony M. Solomon, Richard H. Solomon, Robert Sommers, A. Wing Sonne, Christian R.

Sonnenfeldt, Helmut Sonnenfeldt, Richard W. Sorensen, Gillian Martin Sorensen, Theodore C. Southard, Frank A., Jr. Sovern, Michael I. Spain, James W. Spang, Kenneth M. Spector, Phillip L. Spencer, Edson W. Spencer, John H. Spencer, William C. Spencer, William I. Spero, Joan E. Speth, James Gustave Spiers, Ronald I. Spiro, Herbert J. Spofford, Charles M. Sprague, Robert C. Squadron, Howard M. Stackpole, Stephen H. Staley, Eugene Stalson, Helena Stamas, Stephen Stankard, Francis X. Stanley, Peter W. Stanley, Timothy W. Stanton, Frank Stanton, R. John, Jr. Staples, Eugene S. Starr, S. Frederick Stassen, Harold E. Stavridis, James G. Steadman, Richard C. Stebbins, James H. Steel, Ronald Stein, Eric Steinbruner, John D. Steiner, Daniel Stepan, Alfred C. Stephan, Edmund A. Stern, Ernest Stern, Fritz Stern, H. Peter Stern, Paula Sternlight, David Stevens, Charles R. Stevens, James W.

Stevenson, John R. Stevenson, Ruth Carter Stewart, Donald M. Stewart, Patricia Carry Stewart, Ruth Ann Sticht, J. Paul Stifel, Laurence D. Stilwell, Richard G. Stobaugh, Robert B. Stoessel, Walter J., Jr. Stoessinger, John G. Stoga, Alan Stone, Jeremy J. Stone, Roger D. Stone, Shepard Stookey, John Hoyt Stratton, Julius A. Straus, Donald B. Straus, Jack I. Straus, Oscar S. Straus, R. Peter Straus, Ralph I. Straus, Robert K. Strauss, Robert S. Strauss, Simon D. Strausz-Hupé, Robert Strayer, Joseph R. Stremlau, John J. Stroud, Joe H. Styron, Rose Sullivan, Eugene J. Sullivan, William H. Sunderland, Jack B. Surrey, Walter Sterling Suslow, Leo A. Sutterlin, James S. Sutton, Francis X. Swank, Emory C. Swanson, David H. Swearer, Howard R. Sweitzer, Brandon W. Swenson, Eric P. Swing, John Temple Symington, W. Stuart Szanton, Peter L.

T

Taber, George M. Taft, William H., IV Talbot, Phillips Talbott, Strobe

Stevenson, Adlai E., III Stevenson, Charles A.

Stevens, Norton

Stevenson, H. L.

Tanham, George K. Tannenwald, Theodore, Jr. Tanner, Harold Tanter, Raymond Tarnoff, Peter Taubman, William Tavoulareas, William P. Taylor, Arthur R. Taylor, George E. Taylor, Maxwell D. Taylor, T. James, Jr. Taylor, William J., Jr. Teeters, Nancy H. Teicher, Howard R. Teitelbaum, Michael S. Tempelsman, Maurice Tennyson, Leonard B. Terracciano, Anthony P. Theobald, Thomas C. Thoman, G. Richard Thomas, Barbara S. Thomas, Brooks Thomas, Evan Thomas, Franklin A. Thomas, Lee B., Jr. Thomas, Lewis Thompson, W. Scott Thompson, William Pratt Thomson, James C., Jr. Thornell, Richard P. Thornton, Thomas P. Thorp, Willard L. Thurman, M. R. Tillinghast, David R. Tillman, Seth P. Timothy, Kristen Tisch, Laurence A. Todaro, Michael P. Todman, Terence A. Toll, Maynard J., Jr. Tomlinson, Alexander C. Tonelson, Alan Topping, Seymour Townsend, Edward Train, Harry D., II Train, Russell E. Trainor, Bernard E. Trani, Eugene P. Travis, Martin B., Jr. Treat, John Elting Tree, Marietta

Treverton, Gregory F. Trewhitt, Henry L. Trezise, Philip H. Triffin, Robert Trooboff, Peter D. Trost, Carlisle A. H. Trowbridge, Alexander B. Truman, Edwin M. Tucher, H. Anton Tuchman, Barbara Tuck, Edward Hallam Tucker, Robert W. Tully, Darrow Turkevich, John Turner, Stansfield Turner, William C. Tuthill, John Wills Tyrrell, R. Emmett, Jr.

T

Udovich, Abraham L. Uhlig, Mark A. Ullman, Richard H. Ulman, Cornelius M. Ulmer, Alfred C. Ungar, Sanford J. Unger, Leonard Urfer, Richard P. Usher, William R. Utley, Garrick

V

Vagliano, Alexander M. Vaky, Viron P. Valdez, Abelardo Lopez Valenta, Jiri Vance, Cyrus R. van den Haag, Ernest Van Dusen, Michael H. Van Oudenaren, John Van Slyck, DeForest Van Vlierden, Constant M. van Voorst, L. Bruce Veit, Lawrence A. Veliotes, Nicholas A. Vermilye, Peter H. Vernon, Raymond Vershbow, Alexander R. Vessey, John W., Jr.

Vine, Richard D. Vogelgesang, Sandy Vojta, George J. Volcker, Paul A. Von Klemperer, Alfred H. von Mehren, Robert B.

Wadsworth-Darby, Mary

W

Wahl, Nicholas Walinsky, Adam Walker, Charls E. Walker, G. R. Walker, Joseph, Jr. Walker, William N. Wall, Christopher R. Wallace, Martha R. Wallich, Christine Wallich, Henry C. Wallison, Peter J. Walt, Stephen M. Walters, Barbara Waltz, Kenneth N. Warburg, Gerald F., II Ward, F. Champion Warner, Edward L., III Warner, Rawleigh, Jr. Warnke, Paul C. Washburn, Abbott M. Wasserstein, Bruce Waterbury, John Waters, James F., Jr. Watson, Craig M. Watson, Thomas J., Jr. Wattenberg, Ben J. Watts, Glenn E. Watts, John H. Watts, William Way, Alva O. Weaver, George L-P Webster, Bethuel M. Wedgewood, Ruth N. Glushien Wehrle, Leroy S. Weicker, Lowell P., Jr. Weidenbaum, Murray L. Weiksner, George B., Jr. Weil, Frank A. Weinberg, John L. Weinberg, Steven Weinberger, Caspar W.

Weiner, Myron Weiss, Edith Brown Weiss, S. Ariel Weiss, Seymour Welch, Jasper A., Jr. Welch, John F., Jr. Weller, Ralph A. Wells, Damon, Jr. Wells, Herman B. Wells, Louis T., Jr. Wells, Samuel F., Jr. Wender, Ira T. Wertheim, Mitzi M. Wesely, Edwin J. Wessell, Nils Y. West, Robert LeRoy Westphal, Albert C. F. Wexler, Anne Whalen, Charles W., Jr. Whalen, Richard J. Wharton, Clifton R., Jr. Wheat, Francis M. Wheeler, John K. Wheeler, John P., III Wheeler, Richard W. Whipple, Taggart Whitaker, C. S., Jr. Whitaker, Jennifer Sevmour Whitaker, Mark White, Frank X. White, John P. White, Peter C. White, Robert J. White, Robert M. White, Theodore H. Whitehead, John C. Whitehouse, Charles S. Whiting, Allen S. Whitman, Marina v. N. Whitney, Craig R. Whittemore, Frederick B. Wickham, John A., Jr. Wieseltier, Leon Wiesner, Jerome B. Wilbur, Brayton, Jr. Wilcox, Francis O. Wildavsky, Aaron Wilds, Walter W. Wiley, Richard A. Wiley, W. Bradford Wilhelm, Harry E.

Wilkins, Roger W. Wilkinson, Dag Will, George F. Willey, Fay Williams, Franklin Hall Williams, Harold M. Williams, Haydn Williams, James B. Williams, Joseph H. Williams, Maurice J. Willamson, Thomas S., Jr. Willrich, Mason Wilson, Donald M. Wilson, Ernest James, III Wilson, James O. Wilson, John D. Wimpfheimer, Jacques D. Winder, R. Bayly Windmuller, Thomas S. Wing, Adrien Katherine Winks, Robin W. Winslow, Richard S. Winterer, Philip S. Winters, Francis X. Wisner, Frank G., II Witten, Edward Witunski, Michael Wofford, Harris L. Wohlstetter, Albert Wohlstetter, Roberta Wolf, Charles, Jr. Wolf, Milton A. Wolfensohn, James D. Wolff, Alan Wm. Wolfowitz, Paul D. Wood, Richard D. Woodside, William S. Woolf, Harry Woolsey, R. James Wriggins, W. Howard Wright, Jerauld Wriston, Walter B. Wyle, Frederick S. Wyman, Thomas H.

Yntema, Theodore O. Yoffie, David B. Young, Alice Young, Andrew Young, Edgar B. Young, Lewis H. Young, Michael K. Young, Nancy Young, Richard Young, Stephen B. Youngman, William S. Yu, Frederick T. C. Yudkin, Richard A.

Z

Zagoria, Donald S.
Zakheim, Dov S.
Zarb, Frank G.
Zartman, I. William
Zeidenstein, George
Zelnick, C. Robert
Zilkha, Ezra K.
Zimmerman, Edwin M.
Zimmerman, William
Zimmermann, Warren
Zinberg, Dorothy S.
Zorthian, Barry
Zraket, Charles A.
Zumwalt, E. R., Jr.
Zysman, John

Y

Yang, Chen Ning Yankelovich, Daniel Yarmolinsky, Adam Yeo, Edwin H., III Yergin, Daniel H.



En route: the Lords, the Baos, the Rockefellers; staff farewell gathering, Pocantico Hills, June 28, 1985

Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/09/02: CIA-RDP90-00806R000100210066-5

Cover photographs: Doorway and door knocker of the Harold Pratt House. This residence in the English Renaissance style was designed by Wm. Adams Delano and built in 1919. Harriet Barnes Pratt gave the house to the Council on Foreign Relations in 1945, in memory of her husband, Harold Irving Pratt, a Council member from 1923 to 1939.

Photo credits:

Alan Berliner, pp. 27tl, 27tr; Van Bucher, pp. 8, 16, 29, 31l, 32t, 38b, 41b, 45tl, 45tr, 48l, 48r, 49br, 53bl, 53br, 60, 63, 65, 67b, 68, 78, 109, 114l, 114r; Greg Cranna, p. 42tr; Chab Dunn, p. 86; Jim Kalett, pp. 24, 30, 71, 73, 122, 131; Mike Leverage, p. 28b; Ken Levinson, pp. 15, 31r, 32b, 47b, 49t, 53tl, 53tr, 74, 97, 104, 108, 120t, 120b; Gordon Miller, pp. 85, 87, 89, 113; Robert F. Rodriguez, pp. 34tl, 37t, 37b, 38tr, 42tl, 42bl, 42br, 45b, 49bl, 51; Bill Seaman, p. 28t; Robert W. D. Snyder, pp. 9, 171; Pim Van Hemmen, pp. 34tr, 34b, 41t, 47t; John Vano, p. 27b; Perry Alan Werner, p. 38tl; M Magazine, p. 12.

The Annual Report was designed by the Joseph del Gaudio Design Group Inc.



The Harold Pratt House | 58 East 68 Street | New York, New York 10021